



# Erasmus+

## *Programme Guide*

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Erasmus+



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# ABBREVIATIONS

- **DG EAC:** Directorate General for Education and Culture
- **E+:** Erasmus+ Programme
- **EACEA:** Educational, Audiovisual & Culture Executive Agency
- **ECAS:** European Commission Authentication System
- **ECHE:** Erasmus Charter for Higher Education
- **ECTS:** European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System
- **ECVET:** European Credit System for Vocation Education and Training
- **EHEA:** European Higher Education Area
- **EIB:** European Investment Bank
- **ELL:** European Language Label
- **EQAR:** European Quality Assurance Register
- **EQAVET:** European Quality Assurance in Vocational Education and Training
- **EP:** European Parliament
- **EQF:** European Qualifications Framework
- **ESCO:** European Skills, Competences, Qualifications & Occupations
- **EU:** European Union
- **FR:** Financial Regulation
- **HEI:** Higher education institution
- **ICT:** Information and Communication Technology
- **ISP:** Intensive Study Programme
- **JMD:** Joint Master Degree
- **NA:** National Agency
- **NARIC:** National Academic Recognition Information Centre
- **NQF:** National Qualifications Framework
- **OECD:** Organisation of Economic Cooperation and Development
- **OER:** Open Educational Resources
- **OMC:** Open Method of Coordination
- **PIC:** Personal Identification Code
- **URF:** Unique Registration Facility
- **VET:** Vocational Education and Training



# INTRODUCTION

This Programme Guide is a tool for anybody who would like to have a thorough knowledge of what the Erasmus+ Programme is about. This document is mainly addressed to those who wish to be:

- participating organisations: meaning those organisations, institutions, bodies organising activities supported by the Programme;
- participants: meaning those individuals (students, trainees, apprentices, pupils, adult learners, young people, volunteers, or professors, teachers, trainers, youth workers, professionals in the field of education, training, youth and sport, etc.) involved in activities organised by the participating organisations.

Every year, thousands of projects are submitted by organisations across Europe in order to receive financial support from the Erasmus+ Programme; for this reason, the Commission has set up a transparent evaluation process that aims at providing grants for the best projects:

- for most Actions, all the rules and conditions for receiving a grant from the Programme are specified in this Programme Guide;
- for some other Actions, which are only mentioned in this Programme Guide, the rules and conditions for receiving a grant are described in specific calls for proposals published by or on behalf of the European Commission.

When planning an application, potential participating organisations can also be inspired and informed by other reference documents; some of these documents are listed in Annex IV of this Guide.

## HOW TO READ THE PROGRAMME GUIDE

The Programme Guide has three main parts:

- Part A offers a general overview of the Programme. It gives information about the objectives, priorities and main features of the Programme, the Programme Countries, the implementing structures and the overall budget available. This section is addressed to those who wish to have a general overview of the scope and the structure of the Programme.
- Part B provides specific information about the Actions of the Programme that are covered by this Guide. This section is mainly addressed to those who are interested in knowing more in detail which types of projects are supported by the Programme. The information provided in this section is further detailed in Annex I of this Guide.
- Part C gives detailed information on procedures for grant application and selection of projects, as well as the financial and administrative provisions linked to the award of an Erasmus+ grant. This section is addressed to all those who intend to submit a project proposal under the framework of the Erasmus+ Programme.

Furthermore, this Guide includes the following Annexes:

- Annex I: Additional rules and information relating to the Actions covered by the Programme Guide
- Annex II: Dissemination Guidelines for beneficiaries
- Annex III: Glossary of the key terms used in this Guide
- Annex IV: Useful references and contact details

The Erasmus+ Programme Guide will be translated in the official EU languages. In the case of conflicting meanings between language versions, the English version prevails upon the other versions.





# PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME

The fields of education, training, youth and sport can make a major contribution to help tackle the key challenges that Europe is facing both now and in the next decade. They have been recognised as key drivers within the Europe 2020 Strategy to overcome the socio-economic crisis affecting European countries, to boost growth and jobs and to foster social equity and inclusion.

Against this background, Erasmus+ is the EU Programme in the fields of education, training, youth and sport for the period 2014-2020. It will seek to address the following challenges.

Fighting rising levels of unemployment - particularly among young people - has become one of the most urgent-tasks for European governments. Too many young people leave school prematurely and run a high risk of being unemployed. The same risk threatens the high number of adult workers with low skills. Strong and well-performing education, training and youth systems can help deal with these challenges by providing citizens with the skills required by the labour market and a competitive economy.

Another challenge relates to the development of social capital among young people, the empowerment of young people and their ability to participate actively in society, in line with the provisions of the Lisbon Treaty to "encourage the participation of young people in democratic life in Europe". This issue can also be targeted through non-formal learning activities, which aim at enhancing the skills and competences of young people as well as their active citizenship.

The promotion of systemic reforms in the participating countries along the lines agreed at European Union level requires clear leadership and a shared vision between authorities and stakeholders, leading to cooperation at all levels through the various instruments available. Moreover, there is a need to provide youth organisations and youth workers with training and cooperation opportunities, to develop their professionalism and the European dimension of youth work.

The Erasmus+ Programme is designed to support Programme Countries' efforts to efficiently use the potential of **Europe's human and social capital, while confirming the principle of lifelong learning by linking support to formal, non-formal and informal learning** throughout the education, training and youth fields. The Programme also enhances the opportunities for cooperation and mobility with Partner Countries, notably in the fields of higher education and youth.

Under one of the new elements introduced in the Lisbon Treaty, Erasmus+ will also support grassroots sport activities in the Programme Countries and promote European policy cooperation in the field of sport. The Programme will promote the creation and development of European networks, providing opportunities for cooperation among stakeholders and the exchange and transfer of knowledge and know-how in different areas relating to sport and physical activity. This reinforced cooperation will notably have positive effects in developing **the potential of Europe's human capital** by helping reduce the social and economic costs of physical inactivity.

Overall the Programme will support actions, cooperation and tools consistent with the objectives of the Europe 2020 Strategy and its flagship initiatives, such as Youth on the Move and the Agenda for new skills and jobs. The Programme will also contribute to achieving the objectives of the ET2020 Strategy, the European Youth Strategy and of the EU external action. Moreover, the Programme will support policy priorities agreed at European level in the framework of the Open Methods of Coordination.

This investment in human capital will benefit individuals, institutions, organisations and society as a whole by contributing to growth and ensuring prosperity and social inclusion in Europe and beyond.

The Erasmus+ Programme Guide is drafted in accordance with the Erasmus+ annual Work Programme adopted by the European Commission, and therefore may be revised to reflect the priorities and lines of action defined in the Work Programmes adopted in the following years. The implementation of this Guide is also subject to the availability of the appropriations provided for in the draft budget after the adoption of the budget for the year by the Budgetary Authority or as provided for in the system of provisional twelfths.

In addition, the participation of:

- Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway is subject to an EEA Joint Committee Decision
- Swiss Confederation is subject to the conclusion of a bilateral agreement to be concluded with this country
- Turkey and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia is subject to the signature of an agreement between the Commission and the competent authorities of each of these countries respectively

If, at the time of the grant award decision, the above-mentioned conditions for the participation of these countries are not met, participating organisations and participants from these countries will not be funded and will not be taken into account with regard to the minimum size of consortia.

## **BUILDING ON PAST EXPERIENCE, LOOKING TOWARDS THE FUTURE**

The Erasmus+ Programme builds on the achievements of more than 25 years of European programmes in the fields of education, training and youth, covering both an intra-European as well as an international cooperation dimension. Erasmus+ is the result of the integration of the following European programmes implemented by the Commission during the period 2007-2013:

- The Lifelong Learning Programme
- The Youth in Action Programme
- The Erasmus Mundus Programme
- Tempus
- Alfa
- Edulink
- Programmes of cooperation with industrialised countries in the field of higher education

These programmes have been supporting Actions in the fields of higher education (including its international dimension), vocational education and training, school education, adult education and youth (including its international dimension).

Erasmus+ aims at going beyond these programmes, by promoting synergies and cross-fertilisation throughout the different fields of education, training and youth, removing artificial boundaries between the various Actions and project formats, fostering new ideas, attracting new actors from the world of work and civil society and stimulating new forms of cooperation. Erasmus+ aims at becoming a more effective instrument to address the real needs in terms of human and social capital development in Europe and beyond.

It is therefore crucial that the new Programme is associated with a strong brand name that is widely recognised. For this reason, all the Actions and activities supported under the Programme will have to be communicated first and foremost by using the "Erasmus+" brand name. However, to help participants and beneficiaries of former programmes to find their way into Erasmus+, for the purpose of communication and dissemination, the following names may be used for those Actions targeting a specific sector, in addition to the common "Erasmus+" brand name, as follows:

- "Erasmus+: Comenius", in relation to the activities of the Programme exclusively related to the field of school education;
- "Erasmus+: Erasmus", in relation to the activities of the Programme exclusively related to the field of higher education and targeting Programme Countries;
- "Erasmus+: Erasmus Mundus", in relation to the Joint Masters Degrees;
- "Erasmus+: Leonardo da Vinci", in relation to the activities of the Programme exclusively related to the field of vocational education and training;
- "Erasmus+: Grundtvig", in relation to the activities of the Programme exclusively related to the field of adult learning;
- "Erasmus+: Youth in Action", in relation to the activities of the Programme exclusively related to the field of youth non-formal and informal learning;
- "Erasmus+: Jean Monnet", in relation to the activities of the Programme exclusively associated with the field of European Union studies;
- "Erasmus+: Sports", in relation to the activities of the Programme exclusively related to the field of sport.

# WHAT ARE THE OBJECTIVES AND IMPORTANT FEATURES OF THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME?

## GENERAL OBJECTIVE

The Erasmus+ Programme shall contribute to the achievement of:

- the objectives of the Europe 2020 Strategy, including the headline education target<sup>1</sup>;
- the objectives of the strategic framework for European cooperation in education and training (ET 2020), including the corresponding benchmarks;
- the sustainable development of Partner Countries in the field of higher education;
- the overall objectives of the renewed framework for European cooperation in the youth field (2010-2018);
- the objective of developing the European dimension in sport, in particular grassroots sport, in line with the EU work plan for sport;
- the promotion of European values in accordance with Article 2 of the Treaty on European Union<sup>2</sup>.

## IMPORTANT FEATURES OF THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME

The following features of the Programme deserve special attention. Some of them are presented in more detail on the Commission website.

### RECOGNITION AND VALIDATION OF SKILLS AND QUALIFICATIONS

Erasmus+ supports EU transparency and recognition tools – in particular Europass, Youthpass, the European Qualifications Framework (EQF), the European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System (ECTS), the European Credit System for Vocational Education and Training (ECVET), the European Quality Assurance Reference Framework (EQAVET), European Quality Assurance Register (EQAR), the European Association for Quality Assurance in Higher Education (ENQA), as well as EU-wide networks in the field of education and training supporting these tools, in particular the National Academic Recognition Information Centre (NARIC) and Euroguidance networks and the National Europass Centres).

A common purpose of these tools is to ensure that skills and qualifications can be more easily recognised, within and across national borders, in all sub-systems of education and training as well as in the labour market. The tools should also ensure that education, training and youth policies further contribute to Europe 2020 objectives of competitiveness, employment and growth through more successful labour market integration and more mobility and to reach its education and employment headline targets.

In order to fulfil these objectives, the tools should be fit for purpose. They should be able to cater for new phenomena such as internationalisation of education and growing use of digital learning, and support the creation of flexible learning pathways in line with learners' needs and objectives. This means that the tools may need to evolve in the future. This evolution should lead to enhanced coherence and overall simplification of tools and procedures and support the creation of a true European area of skills and qualifications where citizens can move freely for job purposes or further learning.

More information available at: [http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/mobility\\_en.htm](http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/mobility_en.htm)

### DISSEMINATION AND EXPLOITATION OF PROJECT RESULTS

Dissemination and exploitation of results is one of the crucial areas of the Erasmus+ project lifecycle. It gives participating organisations the opportunity to communicate and share outcomes and deliverables achieved by their project, thus extending the impact of such projects, improving their sustainability and justifying the European added value of Erasmus+. In order to successfully disseminate and exploit project results, organisations involved in Erasmus+ projects are asked to give the necessary thought to dissemination and exploitation activities when designing and implementing their project. The level and intensity of such activities should be proportional to the objectives, the scope and the targets of the different Actions of Erasmus+. Results achieved in a particular project may be highly relevant and interesting also in fields not covered by the project and it is up to the

<sup>1</sup> The headline education target is to reduce early school leaving to less than 10% and increase attainment in tertiary education to at least 40% by 2020

<sup>2</sup> The Union is founded on the values of respect for human dignity, freedom, democracy, equality, the rule of law and respect for human rights, including the rights of persons belonging to minorities. These values are common to the Member States in a society in which pluralism, non-discrimination, tolerance, justice, solidarity and equality between women and men prevail.

individual projects to develop strategies and methods ensuring that others can easily access what has been developed and produced. Specific guidelines to this respect can be found in Annex II to this Programme Guide.

## **OPEN ACCESS FOR EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS, DOCUMENTS AND MEDIA PRODUCED BY ERASMUS+**

Erasmus+ promotes the open access to materials, documents and media that are useful for learning, teaching, training, youth work and are produced by projects funded by the Programme. Beneficiaries of Erasmus+ grants producing any such materials, documents and media in the scope of any funded project should make them available for the public, in digital form, freely accessible through the Internet under open licences. Beneficiaries are nonetheless allowed to define the most appropriate level of open access, including limitations (e.g. interdiction of commercial exploitation by third parties) if appropriate in relation to the nature of the project and to the type of material. The open access requirement is without prejudice to the intellectual property rights of the grant beneficiaries.

## **INTERNATIONAL DIMENSION**

Erasmus+ includes a strong international dimension (i.e. cooperation with Partner Countries) notably in the fields of higher education and youth.

In the field of higher education, Erasmus+ will support the following main Actions targeting cooperation with Partner Countries:

- **International credit mobility of individuals and Joint Master Degrees** (under Key Action 1) promoting the mobility of learners and staff from and to Partner Countries;
- **Capacity Building** projects in higher education (under Key Action 2) promoting cooperation and partnerships that have an impact on the modernisation and internationalisation of higher education institutions and systems in Partner Countries, with a special focus on Partner Countries neighbouring the EU;
- Support to **policy dialogue** (under Key Action 3) through the network of Higher Education Reform Experts in Partner Countries neighbouring the EU, the international alumni association, policy dialogue with partner countries and international attractiveness and promotion events;
- **Jean Monnet** activities with the aim of stimulating teaching, research and reflection in the field of European Union studies worldwide.

Some of the Actions listed above (i.e. international credit mobility of individuals and Capacity Building projects in higher education) will be supported through funds from the external cooperation instruments. Therefore these Actions will be launched at a later stage, as soon as the negotiation of these instruments will be finalised and the necessary steps for the allocation of the funds to the different Actions of the Erasmus+ Programme will be completed.

In the field of youth, Erasmus+ will support the following main Actions:

- **Mobility for young people and youth workers** (under Key Action 1) promoting Youth Exchanges, European Voluntary Service and mobility of youth workers in cooperation with Partner Countries neighbouring the EU;
- **Capacity Building** projects in the youth field (under Key Action 2) promoting cooperation and mobility activities that have a positive impact on the qualitative development of youth work, youth policies and youth systems as well as on the recognition of non-formal education in Partner Countries, notably in African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP), Asian and Latin American countries;
- Involvement of young people and youth organisations from Partner Countries neighbouring the EU in the youth **Structured Dialogue** (under Key Action 3) through their participation in international meetings, conferences and events that promote dialogue between young people and decision-makers.

In addition, other Actions of the Programme (Strategic Partnerships, Knowledge Alliances, Sectors Skills Alliances, Collaborative Partnerships) are also open to organisations from Partner Countries in so far as their participation brings an added value to the project.

## MULTILINGUALISM

Multilingualism is one of the cornerstones of the European project and a powerful symbol of the EU's aspiration to be united in diversity. Foreign languages have a prominent role among the skills that will help equip people better for the labour market and make the most of available opportunities. The EU has set the goal that every citizen should have the opportunity to acquire at least two foreign languages, from an early age.

The promotion of language learning and linguistic diversity is one of the specific objectives of the Programme. The lack of language competences is one of the main barriers to participation in European education, training and youth programmes. The opportunities put in place to offer linguistic support are aimed to make mobility more efficient and effective, to improve learning performance and therefore contribute to the specific objective of the Programme.

Linguistic support is available for the language used by participants for studying, carrying out a traineeship or volunteering abroad in the framework of long-term mobility activities supported under Key Action 1. Linguistic support will mainly be offered online, as e-learning offers advantages for language learning in terms of access and flexibility. Online support includes mandatory assessment of language competences and voluntary language courses. Language assessment is a crucial aspect of the initiative in order to provide the right preparation for each participant and collect evidence on language skills of EU mobility participants. Therefore, a language assessment will be undertaken by participants before mobility and another assessment will be carried out at the end of the mobility period to monitor progress in language competences. The results of the language assessment test carried out by participants before their departure will not preclude them from taking part in the mobility activity, whatever the result is.

Before the capacity of the online tools can be developed to cover all languages, funding will be provided to beneficiaries of mobility projects with a view to provide linguistic support in the languages not available through the online service offered by the Commission.

Under Key Action 2, Strategic Partnerships in the area of language teaching and learning will be encouraged. Innovation and good practices aiming to promote language skills can include for example teaching and assessment methods, development of pedagogical material, research, computer assisted language learning and entrepreneurial ventures using foreign languages. Furthermore, funding for linguistic support can be provided when necessary to beneficiaries of Strategic Partnerships who organise long-term training and teaching activities for staff, youth workers and learners.

As regards the European Language Label (ELL) awards, National Agencies are encouraged to organise - on a voluntary basis - regular (annual or biennial) national competitions in the Programme Countries. The ELL award should function as a stimulus to exploit and disseminate the results of excellence in multilingualism, and promote public interest in language learning.

## EQUITY AND INCLUSION

The Erasmus+ Programme aims at promoting equity and inclusion by facilitating the access to learners with disadvantaged backgrounds and fewer opportunities compared to their peers. These persons have a disadvantage because of personal difficulties or obstacles that limit or prevent them from taking part in transnational projects. The obstacles or difficulties these persons may face are categorised below:

- disability (i.e. participants with special needs): people with mental (intellectual, cognitive, learning), physical, sensory or other disabilities;
- educational difficulties: young people with learning difficulties; early school-leavers; lower qualified persons; young people with poor school performance;
- economic obstacles: people with a low standard of living, low income, dependence on social welfare system; young people in long-term unemployment or poverty; people who are homeless, people in debt or with financial problems;
- cultural differences: immigrants or refugees or descendants from immigrant or refugee families; people belonging to a national or ethnic minority; people with linguistic adaptation and cultural inclusion difficulties;
- health problems: people with chronic health problems, severe illnesses or psychiatric conditions;
- social obstacles: people facing discrimination because of gender, age, ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, disability, etc.; people with limited social skills or anti-social or risky behaviours; people in a precarious situation; (ex-)offenders, (ex-)drug or alcohol abusers; young and/or single parents; orphans;
- geographical obstacles: people from remote or rural areas; people living in small islands or peripheral regions; people from urban problem zones; people from less serviced areas (limited public transport, poor facilities).

## PROTECTION AND SAFETY OF PARTICIPANTS

Protection and safety of participants involved in the Erasmus+ projects are important principles of the Programme. All persons participating in the Erasmus+ Programme should have the opportunity to take full advantage of the possibilities for personal and professional development and learning. This could only be assured in a safe environment which respects and protects rights of all persons.

To this end each organisation participating in the Erasmus+ Programme must have in place effective procedures and arrangements to promote and guarantee the safety and protection of the participants in their project. With this regard, all students, trainees, apprentices, pupils, adult learners, young people, staff and volunteers, involved in a mobility activity under the Key Actions 1 or 2 of the Erasmus+ Programme, must be insured against the risks linked to their participation in these activities. Apart from the European Voluntary Service which foresees a specific insurance policy (see Annex I of this Guide), the Erasmus+ Programme does not define a unique format of insurance, nor does it recommend specific insurance companies. The Programme leaves it up to project organisers to seek the most suitable insurance policy according to the type of project carried out and to the insurance formats available at national level. Furthermore, it is not necessary to subscribe to a project-specific insurance, if the participants are already covered by existing insurance policies of the project organisers.

In either case, the following areas must be covered:

- wherever relevant, travel insurance (including damage or loss of luggage);
- third party liability (including, wherever appropriate, professional indemnity or insurance for responsibility);
- accident and serious illness (including permanent or temporary incapacity);
- death (including repatriation in case of projects carried out abroad).

If applicable, it is strongly recommended that participants in transnational projects are in possession of a European Health Insurance Card. This is a free card that gives access to medically necessary, state-provided healthcare during a temporary stay in any of the 28 EU countries, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland, under the same conditions and at the same cost (free in some countries) as people insured in that country. More information on the card and on how to obtain it is available at <http://ec.europa.eu/social/main.jsp?catId=559>.

Finally, if projects involve young people under 18, participating organisations are required to obtain the prior authorisation of participation from their parents or those acting on their behalf.

## WHAT IS THE STRUCTURE OF THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME?

In order to achieve its objectives, the Erasmus+ Programme implements the following Actions:

### KEY ACTION 1 – MOBILITY OF INDIVIDUALS

This Key Action supports:

- **Mobility of learners and staff:** opportunities for students, trainees, young people and volunteers, as well as for professors, teachers, trainers, youth workers, staff of education institutions and civil society organisations to undertake a learning and/or professional experience in another country;
- **Joint Master Degrees:** high-level integrated international study programmes delivered by consortia of higher education institutions that award full degree scholarships to the best master students worldwide;
- **Master Student Loan Guarantee:** higher education students can get a loan backed up by the Programme to go abroad for a full Master Degree. Students should address themselves to national banks or student loan agencies.

### KEY ACTION 2 – COOPERATION FOR INNOVATION AND THE EXCHANGE OF GOOD PRACTICES

This Key Action supports:

- Transnational **Strategic Partnerships** aimed to develop initiatives addressing one or more fields of education training and youth and promote innovation, exchange of experience and know-how between different types of organisations involved in education, training and youth or in other relevant fields. Certain mobility activities are supported in so far as they contribute to the objectives of the project;
- **Knowledge Alliances** between higher education institutions and enterprises which aim to foster innovation, entrepreneurship, creativity, employability, knowledge exchange and/or multidisciplinary teaching and learning;
- **Sector Skills Alliances** supporting the design and delivery of joint vocational training curricula, programmes and teaching and training methodologies, drawing on evidence of trends in a specific economic sector and skills needed in order to perform in one or more professional fields;
- **Capacity Building** projects supporting cooperation with Partner Countries in the fields of higher education and youth. Capacity Building projects aim to support organisations/institutions and systems in their modernisation and internationalisation process. Certain mobility activities are supported in so far as they contribute to the objectives of the project;
- IT support platforms, such as **eTwinning**, the **European Platform for Adult Learning (EPALE)** and the **European Youth Portal**, offering virtual collaboration spaces, databases of opportunities, communities of practices and other online services for teachers, trainers and practitioners in the field of school and adult education as well as for young people, volunteers and youth workers across Europe and beyond.

### KEY ACTION 3 – SUPPORT FOR POLICY REFORMS

This Key Action supports:

- **Knowledge in the fields of education, training and youth** for evidence-based policy making and monitoring in the framework of Europe 2020, in particular:
  - country-specific and thematic analysis, including through cooperation with academic networks;
  - peer learning and peer reviews through the Open Methods of Coordination in education, training and youth;
- **Prospective initiatives** to stimulate innovative policy development among stakeholders and to enable public authorities to test the effectiveness of innovative policies through field trials based on sound evaluation methodologies;

- **Support to European policy tools** to facilitate transparency and recognition of skills and qualifications, as well as the transfer of credits, to foster quality assurance, support validation of non-formal and informal learning, skills management and guidance. This Action also includes the support to networks that facilitate cross-European exchanges, the learning and working mobility of citizens as well as the development of flexible learning pathways between different fields of education, training and youth;
- **Cooperation with international organisations** with highly recognised expertise and analytical capacity (such as the OECD and the Council of Europe), to strengthen the impact and added value of policies in the fields of education, training and youth;
- **Stakeholder dialogue, policy and Programme promotion** with public authorities, providers and stakeholders in the fields of education, training and youth are necessary for raising awareness about Europe 2020, Education and Training 2020, the European Youth Strategy and other European sector-specific policy agendas, as well as the external dimension of EU education, training and youth policies. They are also essential to stimulate the effective exploitation of the Programme results and generate tangible impact.

## JEAN MONNET ACTIVITIES

The Jean Monnet Activities will support:

- **Academic Modules, Chairs, Centres of Excellence** in order to deepen teaching in European integration studies embodied in an official curriculum of a higher education institution, as well as to conduct, monitor and supervise research on EU content, also for other educational levels such as teacher training and compulsory education. These Actions are also intended to provide in-depth teaching on European integration matters for future professionals in fields which are in increasing demand on the labour market, and at the same time aim at encouraging, advising and mentoring the young generation of teachers and researchers in European integration subject areas;
- **Policy debate with academic world**, supported through: a) **Networks** to enhance cooperation between different universities throughout Europe and around the world, foster cooperation and create a high knowledge exchange platform with public actors and the Commission services on highly relevant EU subjects; b) **Projects** for innovation and cross-fertilisation and spread of EU content aimed to promote discussion, reflection on EU issues and to enhance knowledge about the EU and its processes;
- **Support to institutions and associations**, to organise and carry out statutory activities of associations dealing with EU studies and EU issues, and to publicize EU facts among a wider public enhancing active European citizenship. Jean Monnet Activities also provide operating grants to designated institutions which pursue an aim of European interest;
- **Studies and conferences** with the purpose of providing policy-makers with new insights and concrete suggestions via critical independent academic views, and to reflect on current issues of the EU, in particular through the annual major international conference on highly political subjects with the participation of policy-makers, civil society and top-level academics.

## SPORT

Actions in the field of sport will support:

- **Collaborative Partnerships**, aimed to combat doping at grassroots level, notably in recreational environments such as amateur sport and fitness, supporting prevention and awareness-raising among stakeholders involved in the fight against match-fixing, as well as innovative approaches to contain violence and tackle racism and intolerance in sport. These partnerships also intend to support the implementation of EU principles on good governance in sport, EU Guidelines on dual careers of athletes, EU strategies in the areas of social inclusion and equal opportunities, as well as EU Physical Activity Guidelines, to encourage participation in sport and physical activity;
- **Not-for-profit European sport events**, granting individual organisations in charge of the preparation, organisation and follow-up to a given event. The activities involved will include the organisation of training activities for athletes and volunteers in the run-up to the event, opening and closing ceremonies, competitions, side-activities to the sporting event (conferences, seminars), as well as the implementation of legacy activities, such as evaluations or drafting of future plans;



- **Strengthening of the evidence base for policy making** through studies; data gathering, surveys; networks; conferences and seminars which spread good practices from Programme Countries and sport organisations and reinforce networks at EU level so that national members of those networks benefit from synergies and exchanges with their partners;
- **Dialogue with relevant European stakeholders**, being the annual EU Sport Forum the main activity planned for the dialogue, which gathers some 300 EU level stakeholders. Other ad-hoc meetings and seminars relevant to ensure optimal dialogue with the sport stakeholders may also be organised as appropriate;
- Support to Sport **Presidency events** organised by the EU Member States holding the semester of presidency of the EU.

## WHAT IS THE BUDGET?

The Programme has an overall indicative financial envelope of 14.774 billion EUR for the seven years (2014-2020) under Heading 1 of the EU Budget. The annual budget is adopted by the Budgetary Authority. The different steps for the adoption of the EU budget can be followed at:

[http://ec.europa.eu/budget/documents/budget\\_current\\_year\\_en.htm](http://ec.europa.eu/budget/documents/budget_current_year_en.htm)

## WHO IMPLEMENTS THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME?

### THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION

The European Commission is ultimately responsible for the running of the Erasmus+ Programme. It manages the budget and sets priorities, targets and criteria for the Programme on an on-going basis. Furthermore, it guides and monitors the general implementation, follow-up and evaluation of the Programme at European level. The European Commission also bears the overall responsibility for the supervision and coordination of the structures in charge of implementing the Programme at national level.

At European level, the European Commission's Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency (Executive Agency) is responsible for the implementation of the centralised Actions of the Erasmus+ Programme. The Executive Agency is in charge of the complete life-cycle management of these projects, from the promotion of the Programme, the analysis of the grant requests, the monitoring of projects on the spot, up to the dissemination of the project and Programme results. It is also responsible for launching specific calls for proposals relating to some Actions of the Programme which are not covered through this Guide.

The European Commission, notably through the Executive Agency, is also responsible for:

- carrying out studies in the fields supported by the Programme;
- carrying out research and evidence-based activities through the Eurydice network;
- improving the visibility and the systemic impact of the Programme through dissemination and exploitation **activities of the Programme's results**;
- ensuring the contractual management and financing of bodies and networks supported by the Erasmus+ Programme;
- managing calls for tenders to provide services within the framework of the Programme.

### THE NATIONAL AGENCIES

The implementation of the Erasmus+ Programme is mainly implemented as Indirect Management, meaning that the European Commission entrusts budget implementation tasks to National Agencies; the rationale of this approach is to bring Erasmus+ as close as possible to its beneficiaries and to adapt to the diversity of national education, training and youth systems. For this purpose, each Programme Country has appointed one or more National Agencies (for the contact details, please consult Annex IV of this Guide). These National Agencies promote and implement the Programme at national level and act as the link between the European Commission and participating organisations at local, regional and national level. It is their task to:

- provide appropriate information on the Erasmus+ Programme;
- administer a fair and transparent selection process for project applications to be funded in their country;
- monitor and evaluate the implementation of the Programme in their country;
- provide support to project applicants and participating organisations throughout the project life-cycle;
- collaborate effectively with the network of all National Agencies and the European Commission;
- ensure the visibility of the Programme;
- promote the dissemination and exploitation of the results of the Programme at local and national level.

In addition, National Agencies play an important role as intermediate structures for the qualitative development of the Erasmus+ Programme by:

- carrying out activities - outside the tasks of project life-cycle management - that support the qualitative implementation of the Programme and/or trigger policy developments in the fields supported by the Programme;
- providing a supportive approach to newcomers and less advantaged target groups in order to remove the obstacles to full participation in the Programme;
- seeking cooperation with external bodies in order to increase the impact of the Programme in their country.

The supportive approach of National Agencies aims at guiding the users of the Programme through all phases, from the first contact with the Programme through the application process to the realisation of the project and the final evaluation. This principle is not in contradiction with the fairness and the transparency of selection procedures. Rather, it is based on the idea that in order to guarantee equal opportunities for everybody, it is necessary to give more assistance to some Programme target groups through advising, counselling, monitoring, and coaching systems tailored to their needs.

## WHAT OTHER BODIES ARE INVOLVED IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROGRAMME?

Apart from the bodies mentioned above, the following structures provide complementary expertise to the implementation of the Erasmus+ Programme:

### EURYDICE NETWORK

The Eurydice network primarily focuses on the way education in Europe is structured and organised at all levels and aims at contributing towards a better mutual understanding of systems in Europe. It provides those responsible for education systems and policies in Europe with European-level comparative analyses and national specific information in the fields of education and youth, which will assist them in their decision-making.

The Eurydice Network produces a vast source of information, including detailed descriptions and overviews of national education systems (National Education systems and Policies), comparative thematic reports devoted to specific topics of Community interest (Thematic Reports), indicators and statistics (Key Data Series), and a series of facts and figures related to education, such as national education structures, school calendars, comparison of teacher salaries and of required taught time for countries and education levels (Facts and Figures).

It consists of a central coordinating unit located at the Executive Agency and national units based in all Erasmus+ Programme Countries plus Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro and Serbia.

More information is available on the website of the Executive Agency.

### eTWINNING SUPPORT SERVICES

Teachers and schools participating in eTwinning receive support from their National Support Services (NSS). These are organisations appointed by the competent national authorities. They assist schools during the process of registration, partner finding and project activity, promote the Action, deliver prizes and quality labels and organise professional development activities for teachers.

The National Support Services are coordinated by a Central Support Service (CSS), which is also responsible of the development of the eTwinning Internet platform and the organisation of teacher professional activities at European level.

The list of all services and more information available at:  
[http://www.etwinning.net/en/pub/get\\_support/contact.htm](http://www.etwinning.net/en/pub/get_support/contact.htm)

### NATIONAL ERASMUS+ OFFICES

In the Partner Countries concerned, the National Erasmus+ Offices assist the Commission, the Executive Agency and the local authorities in the implementation of the Erasmus+ Programme. They are the focal point in these countries for their stakeholders involved in the Erasmus+ Programme in the area of higher education. They contribute to improving awareness, visibility, relevance, effectiveness and impact of the international dimension of Erasmus+.

The National Erasmus Offices are responsible for:

- providing information about Erasmus+ activities that are open to the participation of their countries in the field of higher education;
- advising and assisting potential applicants;
- monitoring Erasmus+ projects;
- coordinating the local team of Higher Education Reform Experts (HEREs);
- monitoring the legacy of the Tempus IV Programme (2007-2013);
- contributing to studies and events;
- providing support to policy dialogue;
- maintaining contacts with the local authorities and EU delegations;
- following policy developments in the field of higher education in their country.

## **NETWORK OF HIGHER EDUCATION REFORM EXPERTS (HERES)**

In the Partner Countries concerned, the National Teams of Higher Education Reform Experts provide a pool of expertise to local authorities and stakeholders to promote reform and enhance progress in higher education. They participate in the development of policies in higher education in their respective country. HERE activities are based on "peer to peer" contacts. Each national team consist of five to ten members. The HEREs are experts in the field of higher education (Rectors, Vice-Rectors, Deans, senior academics, international relations officers, students etc.).

The mission of the HEREs involves supporting:

- policy development in their respective countries, by supporting modernisation, reform processes and strategies in higher education, in close contact with the local authorities concerned;
- policy dialogue with the EU in the field of higher education;
- training and counselling activities targeted at local stakeholders, in particular higher education institutions and their staff;
- Erasmus+ projects (in particular those implemented under the Capacity Building Action) by disseminating their results and outcomes, notably best practices and innovative initiatives and exploiting these for training purposes.

## **EUROGUIDANCE NETWORK**

The specific mission of the Euroguidance network is to promote the European dimension in guidance activities and to provide quality information on mobility. The network is composed of Euroguidance centres, present in all Programme Countries and in Western Balkans countries.

More information is available on the website of the Executive Agency.

## **EUROPASS NATIONAL CENTRES**

Europass aims to help individuals to present and document their skills and qualifications in a clear and transparent way throughout Europe. Communication between job-seekers and employers, as well as mobility for working or learning purposes, would be facilitated by this initiative.

In every country (European Union and European Economic Area plus Switzerland and Turkey), a National Europass Centre coordinates all activities related to the Europass documents. It is the first point of contact for any person or organisation interested in using or learning more about Europass.

More information available at: <http://europass.cedefop.europa.eu/en/about/national-europass-centres>

## **NATIONAL ACADEMIC RECOGNITION INFORMATION CENTRES (NARIC)**

The NARIC network provides information concerning the recognition of diplomas and periods of study undertaken in other European countries as well as advice on foreign academic diplomas in the country where the NARIC is established. The NARIC network provides authoritative advice to anyone travelling abroad for the purposes of work or further education, but also to institutions, students, advisers, parents, teachers and prospective employers.

The European Commission supports the activities of the NARIC network through the exchange of information and experience between countries, the identification of good practices, the comparative analysis of systems and policies in this field, and the discussion and analysis of matters of common educational policy interest.

More information available at: [www.enic-naric.net](http://www.enic-naric.net)

## **NETWORK OF NATIONAL TEAMS OF ECVET EXPERTS**

The National Teams of ECVET Experts provide a pool of expertise to support the implementation of a European Credit System for Vocational Education and Training (ECVET). They promote the adoption, the application and the use of ECVET in the Programme Countries and provide counselling to VET relevant competent bodies and institutions.

More information available at: <http://www.ecvet-team.eu/>

## SALTO YOUTH RESOURCE CENTRES

The aim of the SALTO Youth Resource Centres is to help improve the quality of Erasmus+ projects in the field of youth. Through their thematic (Participation, Inclusion, Training and cooperation, Information, Cultural diversity) or geographical (Eastern Partnership Countries and Russia, Southern Mediterranean, Western Balkans) focus, they provide resources, information and training in specific areas for National Agencies and other actors involved in youth work, and foster the recognition of non-formal and informal learning.

Their work involves:

- organising training courses, study visits, forums and partnership-building activities;
- developing and documenting training and youth work methods and tools;
- giving an overview of European training activities that are available to youth workers through the European Training Calendar;
- issuing practical publications;
- providing up-to-date information about European youth work and the different priorities;
- providing a database of trainers and resource persons in the field of youth work and training;
- coordinating the implementation of Youthpass;
- carrying out the accreditation of EVS organisations in Partner Countries neighbouring the EU.

More information available at: [www.salto-youth.net](http://www.salto-youth.net).

### Otlas – the partner finding tool

One of the tools developed and hosted by the SALTO-Youth Resource Centres is Otlas, a central online partner finding tool for organisations in the youth field. Organisations can register their contact details and areas of interest in Otlas, and also create partner requests for project ideas.

More information available at: [www.salto-youth.net/otlas](http://www.salto-youth.net/otlas) or [www.otlas.eu](http://www.otlas.eu).

## EURODESK NETWORK

The Eurodesk network offers information services to young people and those who work with them on European opportunities in the education, training and youth fields, and the involvement of young people in European activities.

Present in all Programme Countries, and coordinated at European level by the Eurodesk Brussels-link Office, the Eurodesk network offers enquiry answering services, funding information, events and publications. It also contributes to the animation of the European Youth Portal.

The European Youth Portal offers European and national information and opportunities that are of interest to young people who are living, learning and working in Europe. It gives information around eight main themes, covers 33 countries and is available in 27 languages.

To access the European Youth Portal, go to [http://europa.eu/EU\\_en](http://europa.eu/EU_en). For more information on Eurodesk, go to: <http://www.eurodesk.org/edesk/>.

## WHO CAN PARTICIPATE IN THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME?

Individuals - students, trainees, apprentices, pupils, adult learners, young people, volunteers, professors, teachers, trainers, youth workers, professionals of organisations active in the fields of education, training and youth constitute the main target population of the Programme. However, the Programme reaches these individuals through organisations, institutions, bodies or groups that organise such activities. The conditions of access to the Programme therefore relate to these two actors: the "participants" (individuals participating in the Programme) and the "participating organisations" (including groups of young people active in youth work but not necessarily in the context of youth organisations, also referred to as informal groups of young people). For both participants and participating organisations, the conditions for participation depend on the country in which they are based.

### PARTICIPANTS

As a general rule, participants in Erasmus+ projects must be established in a Programme Country. Some Actions, notably in the fields of higher education and youth, are also open to participants from Partner Countries.

The specific conditions for participating in an Erasmus+ project depend on the type of Action concerned.

In general terms:

- For projects relevant for the field of higher education, the main targets are: higher education students (short cycle, first, second or third cycle), higher education teachers and professors, staff of higher education institutions, trainers and professionals in enterprises;
- For projects relevant for the field of vocational education and training, the main targets are: apprentices and students in vocational education, professionals and trainers in vocational training, staff of initial vocational education organisations, trainers and professionals in enterprises;
- For projects relevant for the field of school education, the main targets are: school leaders, school teachers and school staff, pupils in pre-primary, primary and secondary education;
- For projects relevant for the field of adult education, the main targets are: members of adult education organisations, trainers, staff and learners in adult education;
- For projects relevant for the youth field the main targets are: young people from 13 to 30<sup>3</sup>, youth workers, staff and members of organisations active in the youth field;
- For projects relevant to the field of sport, the main targets are: professionals and volunteers in the field of sport, athletes and coaches.

For more details on the conditions for participation in each specific Action, please consult Part B and Annex I of this Guide.

### PARTICIPATING ORGANISATIONS

Erasmus+ projects are submitted and managed by participating organisations representing the participants. If a project is selected, the applicant participating organisation becomes a beneficiary of an Erasmus+ grant. Beneficiaries sign a grant agreement or receive a grant decision which entitles them to receive financial support for the realisation of their project (grant agreements are not offered to individual participants). Some Actions of the Programme are also open to informal groups of young people.

As a general rule, organisations participating in Erasmus+ projects must be established in a Programme Country. Some Actions are also open to participating organisations from Partner Countries, notably in the field of higher education and youth.

The specific conditions for participating in an Erasmus+ project depend on the type of Action supported by the Programme. In general terms, the Programme is open to any organisation active in the fields of education, training, youth or sport. Several Actions are also open to the participation of other players in the labour markets.

For more details, please consult Part B and Annex I of this Guide.

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<sup>3</sup> Different age limits apply depending on the different types of activities. For more information please consult Part B and Annex I of this Guide. Please also consider the following:  
lower age limits - participants must have reached the minimum age at the start date of the activity.  
upper age limits - participants must not be older than the indicated maximum age at the application deadline.

## ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES

The Erasmus+ Programme is open to the following countries:

### PROGRAMME COUNTRIES

The following countries can fully take part in all the Actions of the Erasmus+ Programme:

Member States of the European Union (EU) <sup>4</sup>			
Belgium	Greece	Lithuania	Portugal
Bulgaria	Spain	Luxembourg	Romania
Czech Republic	France	Hungary	Slovenia
Denmark	Croatia	Malta	Slovakia
Germany	Italy	Netherlands	Finland
Estonia	Cyprus	Austria	Sweden
Ireland	Latvia	Poland	United Kingdom

  

Non EU Programme Countries		
former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia Iceland	Liechtenstein Norway	Switzerland Turkey

### PARTNER COUNTRIES

The following countries can take part in certain Actions of the Programme, subject to specific criteria or conditions (for more information, please consult Part B of this Guide):

#### PARTNER COUNTRIES NEIGHBOURING THE EU<sup>5</sup>

Eastern Partnership countries:	Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova, Ukraine
Southern Mediterranean countries:	Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Palestine, Syria, Tunisia
Western Balkans:	Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo <sup>6</sup> , Montenegro, Serbia
Other:	Russian Federation

### OTHER PARTNER COUNTRIES

Some Actions of the Programme are open to any Partner Country of the world. For some other Actions the geographical scope is less broad. For more information, please consult the detailed description of the Actions of the Programme in the Part B of this Guide.

### REQUIREMENTS REGARDING VISA AND RESIDENCE PERMITS

Participants in Erasmus+ projects may need to obtain a visa for staying abroad in the Programme or Partner Country hosting the activity. It is a responsibility of all the participating organisations to ensure that the authorisations required (short or long-term stay visas or residence permits) are in order before the planned activity takes place. It is strongly recommended that the authorisations are requested from the competent authorities well in advance, since the process may take several weeks. National Agencies and the Executive Agency may give further advice and support concerning visas, residence permits, social security, etc. The EU Immigration Portal contains general information on visa and residence permits, for both short-term and long-term stays: [http://ec.europa.eu/immigration/tab2.do?subSec=11&language=7\\$en](http://ec.europa.eu/immigration/tab2.do?subSec=11&language=7$en).

<sup>4</sup> Individuals from an Overseas Country and Territory (OCT), and where applicable the relevant public and/or private bodies and institutions in an OCT, shall be eligible for the Erasmus+, subject to the rules of the Programme and the arrangements applicable to the Member State with which they are connected. The concerned OCTs are listed in annex 1A of Council decision of 27 November 2001 on the association of the overseas countries and territories with the European Community (2200/822/EC), OJ L 314 of 30 November 2001.

<sup>5</sup> The eligibility criteria formulated in commission notice Nr.2013/C-205/05 (OJEU C-205 of 19/07/2013, pp. 9-11) shall apply for all actions implemented through this Programme Guide.

<sup>6</sup> This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence.



## **PART B – INFORMATION ABOUT THE ACTIONS COVERED BY THIS GUIDE**

In this Part readers will find, for all of the Actions and activities covered by the Erasmus+ Programme Guide, the following information:

- a description of their objectives and expected impact;
- a description of the supported activities;
- tables presenting the criteria which are used to assess project proposals;
- additional information useful in order to have a good understanding of the type of projects supported;
- a description of the funding rules.

Before submitting an application, applicants are advised to read carefully the entire section concerning the Action under which you wish to apply. Applicants are also advised to read carefully the complementary information provided in Annex I of this Guide.

## EDUCATION AND TRAINING

(Opportunities in higher education, vocational education and training, school education and adult education)

### WHICH ACTIONS ARE SUPPORTED?

The following sections "Key Action 1", "Key Action 2" and "Key Action 3" present concrete Actions that are designed to achieve the Programme objectives in the field of education and training. Among these Actions, the ones mainly - but not exclusively - connected with the field of education and training are:

- Mobility projects for learners and staff in higher education and vocational education and training (VET);
- Mobility projects for staff in school education and adult education;
- Joint Master Degrees;
- Strategic Partnerships;
- Knowledge Alliances;
- Sector Skills Alliances.

The Key Action 3 section will also provide information about Actions of policy analysis and peer learning, prospective initiatives, tools and networks, cooperation with international organisations and dialogue with stakeholders and stakeholder organisations, which will be promoted under Erasmus+ in support of education and training systems. These Actions will be implemented through specific calls for proposals managed directly by the European Commission or by its Executive Agency. For more information, visit the websites of the Commission and of the Executive Agency.

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF THESE ACTIONS?

#### SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

The specific objectives pursued by the Erasmus+ Programme in the field of education and training are to:

- improve the level of key competences and skills, with particular regard to their relevance for the labour market and their contribution to a cohesive society, in particular through increased opportunities for learning mobility and through strengthened cooperation between the world of education and training and the world of work;
- foster quality improvements, innovation excellence and internationalisation at the level of education and training institutions, in particular through enhanced transnational cooperation between education and training providers and other stakeholders;
- promote the emergence and raise awareness of a European lifelong learning area designed to complement policy reforms at national level and to support the modernisation of education and training systems, in particular through enhanced policy cooperation, better use of EU transparency and recognition tools and the dissemination of good practices;
- enhance the international dimension of education and training, in particular through cooperation between Programme and Partner-Country institutions in the field of VET and in higher education, by increasing the attractiveness of European higher education institutions and supporting the EU's external action, including its development objectives, through the promotion of mobility and cooperation between Programme and Partner-Country higher education institutions and targeted capacity building in Partner Countries;
- improve the teaching and learning of languages and to promote the EU's broad linguistic diversity and intercultural awareness.

## PRIORITIES

Within this framework, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, the following policy priorities will be pursued:

- developing basic and transversal skills, such as entrepreneurship, digital skills and multilingualism in all fields of education and training, using innovative and student-centred pedagogical approaches and developing appropriate assessment and certification methods, based on learning outcomes;
- enhancing Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) uptake in teaching and learning, through the support of learning and access to open educational resources (OER) in the education and training fields, supporting ICT-based teaching and assessment practices and by promoting the transparency of rights and obligations of users and producers of digitised content;
- promoting stronger coherence between different EU and national transparency and recognition tools, so as to ensure that skills and qualifications can be easily recognised across borders;
- supporting the adjustment of funding and investment in education and training to new needs and the development of improved funding approaches for skills development, in particular through partnerships and cost-sharing; stimulating debates on efficient and sustainable investment in education and training at European and national level involving all the relevant stakeholders.

In addition:

- as regards higher education: priority will be given to projects contributing to the **modernisation of Europe's** higher education systems as outlined in the 2011 EU Modernisation Agenda;
- as regards vocational education and training: priority will be given to projects developing partnerships between education and employment (in particular companies and social partners), the development of short-cycle post-secondary or tertiary qualifications in accordance with the European Qualifications Framework (EQF) and focused on potential growth areas or areas with skills shortages, and by aligning VET policies with local, regional and national economic development strategies;
- as regards school education: priority will be given to projects contributing to improving the attainment of young people, particularly those at risk of early school leaving and with low basic skills, including through high quality and accessible Early Childhood Education and Care (ECEC) services. In addition, priority will be given to projects aimed at revising and strengthening the professional profile of the teaching professions;
- as regards adult education: priority will be given to projects contributing to a reduction in the number of low-skilled adults (re-skilling and up-skilling of adults), including by increasing incentives for adult training, by providing information on access to lifelong learning services, such as information on the validation of non-formal and informal learning and career guidance, and by offering tailored learning opportunities to individual learners.

Over the 2014-2020 period, 77.5% of the budget will be allocated in support of the Actions in the field of education and training, with an additional 3.5% being allocated to the Student Loan Guarantee facility.

## YOUTH

(Non-formal and informal learning opportunities in the youth field)

### WHICH ACTIONS ARE SUPPORTED?

The following sections "Key Action 1", Key Action 2" and "Key Action 3" present concrete Actions that are designed to achieve the Programme objectives in the field of youth. Among these Actions, the ones mainly - but not exclusively - connected with the field of youth (non-formal and informal learning) are:

- Mobility projects for young people (Youth Exchanges and European Voluntary Service) and youth workers;
- Large-scale European Voluntary Service events;
- Strategic Partnerships;
- Capacity Building in the field of youth;
- Meetings between young people and decision-makers in the field of youth.

The Key Action 3 section will also provide information about Actions of policy analysis and peer learning, prospective initiatives, tools and networks, cooperation with international organisations, dialogue with stakeholders and stakeholder organisations, which will be promoted under Erasmus+ in support of youth systems. These Actions will be implemented through specific calls for proposals managed by the European Commission's Executive Agency or directly by the European Commission. For more information, visit the websites of the Commission and of the Executive Agency.

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF THESE ACTIONS?

#### SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

The specific objectives pursued by the Erasmus+ Programme in the field of youth are to:

- improve the level of key competences and skills of young people, including those with fewer opportunities, as well as to promote participation in democratic life in Europe and the labour market, active citizenship, intercultural dialogue, social inclusion and solidarity, in particular through increased learning mobility opportunities for young people, those active in youth work or youth organisations and youth leaders, and through strengthened links between the youth field and the labour market;
- foster quality improvements in youth work, in particular through enhanced cooperation between organisations in the youth field and/or other stakeholders;
- complement policy reforms at local, regional and national level and to support the development of knowledge and evidence-based youth policy as well as the recognition of non-formal and informal learning, in particular through enhanced policy cooperation, better use of EU transparency and recognition tools and the dissemination of good practices;
- enhance the international dimension of youth activities and the role of youth workers and organisations as support structures for young people in complementarity with the European Union's external action, in particular through the promotion of mobility and cooperation between stakeholders from Programme and Partner Countries and international organisations and through targeted capacity building in Partner Countries.

#### PRIORITIES

Within this framework, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, the following policy priorities will be pursued:

- promoting young people's social inclusion and well-being, notably through projects tackling the issue of youth unemployment (as well as projects aimed at stimulating unemployed young people's participation in the Programme);

- promoting healthy behaviours, in particular through the promotion of the practice of outdoor activities and grassroots sports, as means to promote healthy lifestyles as well as to foster social inclusion and the active participation of young people in society;
- raising awareness about EU Citizenship and the rights that go with it or stimulating the active participation of young people in EU policy-making; a particular focus will be put on projects aimed at encouraging participation in the 2014 European elections, thus enabling young people to behave as active, informed citizens;
- developing basic and transversal skills, such as entrepreneurship, digital skills and multilingualism in the field of youth, using innovative and learner-centred pedagogical approaches and developing appropriate assessment and certification methods based on learning outcomes;
- enhancing ICT (Information and Communication Technologies) uptake in youth work and non-formal learning, through the support of learning and access to open educational resources (OER) in the youth field, supporting ICT-based training and assessment practices and by promoting the transparency of rights and obligations of users and producers of digitised content;
- promoting stronger coherence between different EU and national transparency and recognition tools, so as to ensure that skills and qualifications can be easily recognised across borders.

Over the 2014-2020 period, 10% of the budget will be allocated in support of non-formal and informal learning opportunities in the youth field.

## THREE KEY ACTIONS

The Actions in the fields of education and training and youth will be commonly presented in the following sections, considering that:

- these Actions are all organised in a framework based on three Key Actions;
- several Actions are instruments to support the objectives in both the education and training and in the youth fields;
- the Erasmus+ Programme aims to promote synergies, cooperation and cross-fertilisation between the different fields.

This approach will also avoid unnecessary repetitions in this Guide.

## KEY ACTION 1: LEARNING MOBILITY OF INDIVIDUALS

### WHICH ACTIONS ARE SUPPORTED?

This Key Action supports:

- Mobility projects in the field of education, training and youth;
- Large scale European Voluntary Service events;
- Joint Master Degrees;
- Master Student Loan Guarantee.

The Actions supported under this Key Action are expected to bring positive and long-lasting effects on the participants and participating organisations involved, as well as on the policy systems in which such activities are framed.

As regards students, trainees, apprentices, young people and volunteers, the mobility activities supported under this Key Action are meant to produce the following outcomes:

- improved learning performance;
- enhanced employability and improved career prospects;
- increased sense of initiative and entrepreneurship;
- increased self-empowerment and self-esteem;
- improved foreign language competences;
- enhanced intercultural awareness;
- more active participation in society;
- better awareness of the European project and the EU values;
- increased motivation for taking part in future (formal/non-formal) education or training after the mobility period abroad.

As regards staff, youth workers and professionals involved in education, training and youth, the mobility activities are expected to produce the following outcomes:

- improved competences, linked to their professional profiles (teaching, training, youth work, etc.);
- broader understanding of practices, policies and systems in education, training or youth across countries;
- increased capacity to trigger changes in terms of modernisation and international opening within their educational organisations;
- greater understanding of interconnections between formal and non-formal education, vocational training and the labour market respectively;
- better quality of their work and activities in favour of students, trainees, apprentices, pupils, adult learners, young people and volunteers;
- greater understanding and responsiveness to social, linguistic and cultural diversity;
- increased ability to address the needs of the disadvantaged;
- increased support for and promotion of mobility activities for learners;
- increased opportunities for professional and career development;
- improved foreign language competences;
- increased motivation and satisfaction in their daily work.

Activities supported under this Action are also expected to produce the following outcomes on participating organisations:

- increased capacity to operate at EU/international level: improved management skills and internationalisation strategies; reinforced cooperation with partners from other countries; increased allocation of financial resources (other than EU funds) to organise EU/international projects; increased quality in the preparation, implementation, monitoring and follow up of EU/international projects;
- innovative and improved way of operating towards their target groups, by providing for example: more attractive programmes for students, trainees, apprentices, young people and volunteers in line with their needs and expectations; improved qualifications of teaching and training staff; improved processes of recognition and validation of competences gained during learning periods abroad; more effective activities for the benefit of local communities, improved youth work methods and practices to actively involve young people and/or to address disadvantaged groups, etc.;

- more modern, dynamic, committed and professional environment inside the organisation: ready to integrate good practices and new methods into daily activities; open to synergies with organisations active in different social, educational and employment fields; planning strategically the professional development of their staff in relation to individual needs and organisational objectives; if relevant, capable of attracting excellent students and academic staff from all over the world.

In the long run, the combined effect of the several thousands of projects supported under this Key Action is expected to have a systemic impact on the systems of education, training and youth in the participating countries, thus stimulating policy reforms and attracting new resources for mobility opportunities in Europe and beyond.



## MOBILITY PROJECTS IN THE FIELD OF EDUCATION, TRAINING AND YOUTH

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A MOBILITY PROJECT?

Education, training and youth activities play a key role in providing people of all ages with the necessary means to participate actively in the labour market and in society at large. Projects under this Action promote transnational mobility activities targeting learners (students, trainees, apprentices, young people and volunteers), and staff (professors, teachers, trainers, youth workers, and people working in organisations active in the education, training and youth fields) and aiming to:

- support learners in the acquisition of competences (knowledge, skills and attitudes) with a view to improving their personal development and employability in the European labour market;
- support the professional development of those who work in education, training and youth with a view to innovating and improving the quality of teaching, training and youth work across Europe;
- enhance notably the participants' foreign languages competence;
- raise participants' awareness and understanding of other cultures and countries, offering them the opportunity to build networks of international contacts, to actively participate in society and develop a sense of European citizenship and identity;
- increase the capacities, attractiveness and international dimension of organisations active in the education, training and youth fields so that they are able to offer activities and programmes that better respond to the needs of individuals, within and outside Europe;
- reinforce synergies and transitions between formal, non-formal education, vocational training, employment and entrepreneurship;
- ensure a better recognition of competences gained through the learning periods abroad.

This Action also supports international mobility activities from or to Partner Countries in the fields of higher education and youth. In this context, the further aims of the Action are to:

- enhance the attractiveness of higher education in Europe and support European higher education institutions in competing on the higher education market worldwide;
- support the internationalisation, attractiveness and modernisation of higher education institutions outside Europe in view of promoting the development of Partner Countries;
- promote non-formal learning and cooperation in the field of youth with Partner Countries.

In addition, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, priority will be given to projects that pursue one or more of the relevant priorities described in the introduction chapters on "Education and Training" and "Youth" in Part B of this Guide.

### WHAT IS A MOBILITY PROJECT?

Organisations active in the fields of education, training and youth will receive support from the Erasmus+ Programme to carry out projects promoting different types of mobility. A mobility project will consist of the following stages:

- Preparation (including practical arrangements, selection of participants, set up of agreements with partners and participants, linguistic/intercultural/task-related preparation of participants before departure);
- Implementation of the mobility activities;
- Follow-up (including the evaluation of the activities, the formal recognition - where applicable - of the learning outcomes of participants during the activity, as well as the dissemination and use of the project's outcomes).

An important innovation introduced in Erasmus+ compared to many actions of mobility supported under past European programmes is that Erasmus+ reinforces the support offered to the participants of mobility activities in improving their foreign language competences before and during their stay abroad. A European online linguistic support service will be gradually launched by the European Commission starting from the year 2014 which will provide the participants in long-term mobility activities with the opportunity to assess their knowledge of the language they will use to study, work or volunteer abroad as well as to follow an online language course to improve their competences (more details on the support to language learning can be found in Annex I).

Furthermore, Erasmus+, more than in the past programmes, will offer space for developing mobility activities that involve partner organisations with different backgrounds and active in different fields or socio-economic sectors (e.g. traineeships of university students or VET learners in enterprises, NGOs, public bodies; teachers in schools following professional development courses in companies or training centres; business experts giving lectures or training in higher education institutions, companies active in Corporate Social Responsibility developing volunteering schemes with associations and social enterprises, etc.).

A third important element of innovation and quality of mobility activities is that Erasmus+ participating organisations will have the possibility to organise mobility activities within a broader strategic framework and in the medium term. Through a single grant application, covering a period of up to two years, the coordinator of a mobility project will be able to organise several mobility activities, allowing many individuals to go abroad in different countries. As a consequence, under Erasmus+ the applicant organisations will be able to conceive their project in line with the needs of participants, but also according to their internal plans for internationalisation, capacity building and modernisation.

Depending on the profile of participants involved, the following types of mobility projects are supported under Key Action 1 of the Erasmus+ Programme:

- in the field of Education and Training:
  - mobility project for higher education students and staff;
  - mobility project for VET learners and staff;
  - mobility project for school staff;
  - mobility project for adult education staff.
  
- in the field of Youth
  - mobility project for young people and youth workers.

The short and long-term mobility of pupils as well as the blended mobility of adult learners will be supported under Key Action 2 Strategic Partnerships.

The sections below provide the detailed information about the criteria and conditions applying to each typology of mobility project.

## MOBILITY PROJECT FOR HIGHER EDUCATION STUDENTS AND STAFF

This mobility project can comprise one or more of the following activities:

### **Student mobility:**

- a **study period** abroad at a partner higher education institution (HEI);
- a **traineeship (work placement)** abroad in an enterprise or any other relevant workplace<sup>7</sup>.

A study period abroad may include a traineeship period as well.

To ensure high-quality mobility activities with maximum impact on the students, the mobility activity has to respond to student degree-related learning and personal development needs. The study period abroad must be part of the student's study programme to complete a degree at a short cycle, first cycle (Bachelor or equivalent), second cycle (Master or equivalent) and third or doctoral cycle.

Traineeships abroad at a workplace are also supported during short cycle, first, second, third cycle studies and within a maximum of **one year after the student's graduation**. This also includes the 'assistantships' for student teachers.

Wherever possible, the traineeships should be an integrated part of the student's study programme. Student mobility can be in any subject area/academic discipline.

### **Staff mobility:**

- **teaching periods:** this activity allows HEI teaching staff or staff from enterprises to teach at a partner HEI abroad. Staff mobility for teaching can be in any subject area/academic discipline.
- **training periods:** this activity supports the professional development of HEI teaching and non-teaching staff in the form of training events abroad (excluding conferences) and job shadowing/observation periods/training at a partner HEI, or at another relevant organisation abroad.

## WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN THIS PROJECT?

Participating organisations involved in the mobility project assume the following roles and tasks:

- Applicant organisation: in charge of applying for the mobility project, signing and managing the grant agreement and reporting. The applicant can be a consortium coordinator: leading a mobility consortium of partner organisations of the same country aimed at organising any type of student and staff mobility.
- Sending organisation: in charge of selecting students/staff and sending them abroad. This also includes grant payments, preparation, monitoring and recognition related to the mobility period.
- Receiving organisation: in charge of receiving students/staff from abroad and offering them a study/traineeship programme or a programme of training activities, or benefiting from a teaching activity.
- Intermediary organisation: this is an organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth work. It may be a partner in a national mobility consortium, but is not a sending organisation. Its role may be to share and facilitate the administrative procedures of the sending higher education institutions and to better match student profiles with the needs of enterprises in case of traineeships and to jointly prepare participants.

The sending and receiving organisations, together with the students/staff, must have agreed on the activities to be undertaken by the students - in a 'Learning Agreement' - or by staff members - in a 'Mobility Agreement' - prior to the start of the mobility period. These agreements define the target learning outcomes for the learning period abroad, specify the formal recognition provisions and list the rights and obligations of each party. When the activity is between two higher education institutions (student mobility for studies and staff mobility for teaching), an 'inter-institutional agreement' has to be in place between the sending and the receiving institutions before the exchanges can start.

<sup>7</sup> Following courses at a higher education institution cannot be considered as a traineeship.

By signing the Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE), higher education institutions commit to provide all the necessary support to mobile participants in terms of linguistic preparation. To support them, online linguistic support will be gradually implemented in the course of the Programme for all long-term mobility activities of two months and longer. It will be made available by the European Commission to eligible participants to assess their foreign language competences and to offer, where necessary, the most appropriate language learning before and/or during mobility (for more details, see Annex I of this Guide).

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS THIS PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a higher education mobility project must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

### GENERAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<p><b>Who can apply?</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ For an application as individual HEI: higher education institutions established in a Programme Country and awarded with an Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE, for more information on the Charter, see the section "Erasmus Charter for Higher Education" below and the Annex I of this Guide).</li> <li>▪ For an application as national Mobility Consortium: coordinating organisations established in a Programme Country and coordinating a consortium awarded with a higher education Mobility Consortium Certificate. Organisations that do not hold a valid Mobility Consortium Certificate can apply for this Certificate on behalf of a Mobility Consortium at the same time of applying for a mobility project grant. These organisations will be eligible for a mobility project only if their application for the Mobility Consortium Certificate is successful.</li> </ul> <p>Higher education students and staff cannot apply directly for a grant; the selection criteria for participation in the mobility activities are defined by the higher education institution in which they study or are employed.</p>
<p><b>Eligible activities</b></p>	<p>A higher education mobility project must comprise one or more of the following activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Student mobility for studies;</li> <li>▪ Student mobility for traineeships;</li> <li>▪ Staff mobility for teaching;</li> <li>▪ Staff mobility for training.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Number of participating organisations</b></p>	<p>The number of organisations in the application form is one (the applicant). It is either a single HEI or a Mobility Consortium coordinator.</p> <p>During the implementation of the mobility project, a minimum of two organisations (at least one sending and at least one receiving organisation) from different Programme Countries must be involved.</p>
<p><b>Duration of project</b></p>	<p>16 or 24 months. The applicant must choose the duration at application stage, based on the scale of the project and on the type of activities planned over time.</p>
<p><b>Where to apply?</b></p>	<p>To the National Agency of the country in which the applicant organisation is established.</p>
<p><b>When to apply?</b></p>	<p>Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>17 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 July of the same year.</p>
<p><b>How to apply?</b></p>	<p>Please see part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.</p>
<p><b>Other criteria</b></p>	<p>A HEI or Mobility Consortium can apply only once per selection round. However a HEI may be part of or coordinate several different consortia applying at the same time.</p>

## ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA DURING IMPLEMENTATION FOR STUDENT MOBILITY

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Student mobility for studies:</b> Both sending and receiving organisations must be HEIs awarded with an ECHE.</li> <li>▪ <b>Student mobility for traineeships:</b> The sending organisation must be a HEI awarded with an ECHE. The receiving organisation can be<sup>8</sup>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ a HEI awarded with an ECHE or</li> <li>○ any public or private organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth. For example, such organisation can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– a public or private, a small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>– a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>– a social partner or other representative of working life, including chambers of commerce, craft/professional associations and trade unions;</li> <li>– a research institute;</li> <li>– a foundation;</li> <li>– a school/institute/educational centre (at any level, from pre-school to upper secondary education, and including vocational education and adult education);</li> <li>– a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>– a body providing career guidance, professional counselling and information services.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Each participating organisation must be established in a Programme Country. The international higher education mobility between Programme and Partner Countries will be launched at a later stage under Erasmus+.</p>
<p><b>Duration of the activity</b></p>	<p><b>Study periods:</b> from 3 to 12 months (including a complementary traineeship period, if planned).</p> <p><b>Traineeships:</b> from 2 to 12 months.</p> <p>The same student may receive grants for mobility periods totalling up to 12 months maximum per each cycle of study, independently from the number and type of mobility activities<sup>9</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ during the first study cycle (Bachelor or equivalent) including the short-cycle (EQF levels 5 and 6);</li> <li>▪ during the second study cycle (Master or equivalent - EQF level 7); and</li> <li>▪ during the third cycle as doctoral candidate (doctoral level or EQF level 8).<sup>10</sup></li> </ul> <p>The duration of a traineeship by recent graduates counts towards the 12 months maximum of the cycle during which they apply for the traineeship.</p>
<p><b>Venue(s) of the activity</b></p>	<p>Students must carry out their mobility activity in a Programme Country different from the country of the sending organisation and country of residence.</p>
<p><b>Eligible participants</b></p>	<p>Students registered in a HEI and enrolled in studies leading to a recognised degree or other recognised tertiary level qualification (up to and including the level of doctorate). In case of mobility for studies, the students must be enrolled at least in the second year of higher education studies. For traineeships, this condition does not apply.</p> <p>Recent higher education graduates may participate in traineeships. Recent graduates must be selected by their HEI during their last year of study and must carry out and complete their traineeship abroad within one year of obtaining their graduation.</p>

<sup>8</sup> The following types of organisations are not eligible as receiving organisations for student traineeships:

- EU institutions and other EU bodies including specialised agencies (their exhaustive list is available on the website [ec.europa.eu/institutions/index\\_en.htm](http://ec.europa.eu/institutions/index_en.htm));
- organisations managing EU programmes such as national agencies (in order to avoid a possible conflict of interests and/or double funding).

<sup>9</sup> Prior experience under LLP-Erasmus Programme counts towards the 12 months per study cycle

<sup>10</sup> In one-cycle study programmes, such as Medicine, students can be mobile for up to 24 months

## ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA DURING IMPLEMENTATION FOR STAFF MOBILITY

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Staff mobility for teaching:</b> The receiving organisation must be a HEI awarded with an ECHE. The sending organisation must be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ a HEI awarded with an ECHE; or</li> <li>○ any public or private organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth. For example, such organisation can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– a public or private, a small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>– a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>– a social partner or other representative of working life, including chambers of commerce, craft/professional associations and trade unions;</li> <li>– a research institute;</li> <li>– a foundation;</li> <li>– a school/institute/educational centre (at any level, from pre-school to upper secondary education, and including vocational education and adult education);</li> <li>– a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>– a body providing career guidance, professional counselling and information services.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ <b>Staff mobility for training:</b> The sending organisation must be a HEI awarded with an ECHE. The receiving organisation must be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ a HEI awarded with an ECHE; or</li> <li>○ any public or private organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth. See examples in the previous page.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Each participating organisation must be established in a Programme Country. The international higher education mobility between Programme and Partner Countries will be launched at a later stage under Erasmus+ (for more information, see section xxx of this Guide).</p>
<p><b>Duration of the activity</b></p>	<p>From 2 days to 2 months, excluding travel time. In all cases, a teaching activity has to comprise minimum 8 hours of teaching per week (or any lower period of stay).</p>
<p><b>Venue(s) of the activity</b></p>	<p>Staff must carry out their mobility activity in any Programme Country different from the country of the sending organisation and country of residence.</p>
<p><b>Eligible participants</b></p>	<p>Staff mobility for teaching: staff employed in an HEI or in any public or private organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth (including employed doctoral candidates).</p> <p>Staff mobility for training: staff employed in an HEI.</p>

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

### AWARD CRITERIA

#### AWARD CRITERIA FOR MOBILITY BETWEEN PROGRAMME COUNTRIES

There is no qualitative assessment and therefore there are no award criteria.

Any eligible grant application (after having passed the eligibility check) will get funding.

The actual grant amount awarded will depend on a number of elements:

- the number of mobility periods and months/days applied for;

- the past performance of the applicant in terms of number of mobility periods, good quality in the implementation of activities and sound financial management, in case the applicant has received a similar grant in previous years;
- the total national budget allocated for the mobility Action.

## WHAT ACCREDITATION DO APPLICANTS NEED FOR THIS MOBILITY PROJECT?

### ERASMUS CHARTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

The award of an Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE) is a pre-requisite for all higher education institutions established in a Programme Country that wish to participate in a Higher Education mobility project. Every year, the European Commission - via the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency – publishes a specific call for proposals that sets the detailed conditions to be followed and qualitative criteria to be met in order to be awarded with an ECHE. This call is available on the website of the Executive Agency.

### MOBILITY CONSORTIUM CERTIFICATE FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

An organisation applying on behalf of a national mobility consortium must hold a valid Mobility Consortium Certificate. This Certificate is awarded by the same National Agency that assesses the request of funding for a higher education mobility project. The requests for accreditation and for mobility projects grant can be made at the same time. However, the grant for mobility projects will be awarded only to those HEIs and organisations that are successful at the end of the accreditation process. To obtain a Mobility Consortium Certificate, the following conditions must be met:

### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Eligible participating organisations</b>	<p>A national mobility consortium in higher education can be composed of the following participating organisations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ higher education institutions holding a valid Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (for more information on the Charter, see the section "Erasmus Charter for Higher Education" above and the Annex I of this Guide); and</li> <li>▪ any public or private organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth (see examples of eligible participating organisations in the previous page).</li> </ul> <p>Each participating organisation must be established in the same Programme Country.</p>
<b>Who can apply?</b>	Any eligible participating organisations can act as coordinator and apply on behalf of all the organisations involved in the consortium.
<b>Number of participating organisations</b>	<p>A national mobility consortium must comprise minimum three eligible participating organisations, including two sending HEIs.</p> <p>All member organisations of the mobility consortium must be identified at the time of applying for the Mobility Consortium Certificate.</p>
<b>Duration of the certificate</b>	Three consecutive annual calls <sup>11</sup> and no later than 2020/2021.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the National Agency of the country in which the applicant organisation is established.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>17 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 July of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

<sup>11</sup> For those applying for and being awarded a certificate in the first year of the Programme, the duration is three annual calls and then four annual calls until the end of the Programme.

## AWARD CRITERIA

The mobility consortium application will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the consortium (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a mobility project")</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the organisations participating in the consortium and of the individual participants</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal is suitable for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- producing high-quality learning outcomes for participants</li> <li>- reinforcing the capacities and international scope of the organisations participating in the consortium</li> <li>- bringing added value at EU level through results that would not be attained by activities carried out by each single HEI</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the consortium composition and the cooperation arrangements (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the consortium involves an appropriate composition of sending higher education institutions with, where relevant, complementary participating organisations from other socio-economic sectors with the necessary profile, experience and expertise to successfully deliver all aspects of the project</li> <li>- the consortium coordinator has previous experience in managing a consortium or a similar project type</li> <li>- the distribution of roles, responsibilities and tasks/resources is well defined and demonstrates the commitment and active contribution of all participating organisations</li> <li>- tasks/resources are pooled and shared</li> <li>- the responsibilities are clear for contractual and financial management issues</li> <li>- the consortium involves newcomers to the Action</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the consortium activity design and implementation (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of all the phases of a mobility project (preparation, implementation of mobility activities, and follow-up)</li> <li>▪ The quality of the practical arrangements, management and support modalities (e.g. finding receiving organisations, matchmaking, information, linguistic and intercultural support, monitoring)</li> <li>▪ The quality of cooperation, coordination and communication between the participating organisations, as well as with other relevant stakeholders</li> <li>▪ Where relevant, the quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes, as well as the consistent use of European transparency and recognition tools</li> <li>▪ If applicable, the appropriateness of measures for selecting participants in the mobility activities and for promoting disadvantaged persons to participate in mobility activities</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the activities led by the consortium</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on participants and participating organisations during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at institutional, local, regional, national and/or international levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the activities led by the consortium within and outside the participating organisations and partners</li> </ul>



## WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?

More specific rules and criteria and additional useful information relating to this Action can be found in the Annex I of this Guide. Interested organisations are invited to read carefully the relevant sections of this Annex before applying for financial support.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

In the application form, the applicants of mobility projects for higher education students and staff will have to provide the following information:

- number of students and staff that are supposed to take part in mobility activities;
- average duration per participant of the planned mobility activities;
- number and average duration of mobility activities (students and staff) realised in the previous two years.

On this basis, the National Agencies will award a grant to applicants to support a certain number of mobility activities, up to the maximum number requested by the applicant.

The following rules will apply to support financially these activities:

### A) FUNDING RULES APPLYING TO ALL MOBILITY ACTIVITIES

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities (excluding subsistence and travel for participants)	Unit costs	up to the 100 <sup>th</sup> participant: 350 EUR per participant + beyond the 100 <sup>th</sup> participant: 200 EUR per additional participant	Based on the number of mobility participants
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support must be motivated in a specific application form once participants have been selected

### ORGANISATIONAL SUPPORT GRANT FOR THE BENEFICIARY (HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS OR CONSORTIA):

The organisational support grant is a contribution to any cost incurred by the institutions in relation to activities in support of student and staff mobility, both incoming and outbound, to comply with the Erasmus Charter for Higher Education. For example:

- organisational arrangements with partner institutions, including visits, to agree on the terms of the inter-institutional agreements for the selection, preparation, reception and integration of mobile participants; and to keep these inter-institutional agreements updated;
- provide updated course catalogues for international students;
- provide information and assistance to students and staff;
- selection of students and staff;
- preparation of the learning agreements to ensure full **recognition of the students' educational components**; preparation and recognition of mobility agreements for staff;
- linguistic and intercultural preparation provided to both incoming and outbound students and staff;
- facilitate the integration of incoming mobile participants in the HEI;
- ensure an efficient mentoring and supervision arrangements of mobile participants;
- specific arrangements to ensure the quality of student traineeships in enterprises;
- ensure recognition of the educational components and related credits, issuing transcript of records and diploma supplements;
- support the reintegration of mobile participants and build on their acquired new competences for the benefit of the HEI and peers.

Higher education institutions commit themselves to comply with all the principles of the Charter to ensure mobility of high quality, including these ones: "ensure that outgoing mobile participants are well prepared for the mobility, including having attained the necessary level of linguistic proficiency" and "provide appropriate linguistic support to incoming mobile participants". Advantages can be taken of existing facilities within the institutions for language training. Those HEIs which would be able to provide student and staff mobility of high quality, including linguistic support, at a lower cost (or because it is funded under other sources than EU funding) would have the possibility to transfer 50% of the organisational support grant to fund more mobility activities.

In all cases, beneficiaries will be contractually obliged to deliver such high quality services and their performance will be monitored and checked by National Agencies, taking into account also the feedback provided by students and staff via the Mobility Tool and directly accessible to the National Agencies and the Commission.

In the case of mobility consortia, this grant can be shared among all the national members according to rules that they will have agreed among themselves.

The organisational support grant is calculated on the number of all supported outbound mobile participants (including zero-grants) and incoming staff from enterprises teaching at an HEI, that is the beneficiary or a member of the mobility consortium. Zero-EU grant mobile participants (see below) count as supported mobile participant as they benefit from the mobility framework and organisational activities. Organisational support is therefore also paid for zero-EU grant mobile participants.

### **ZERO-EU GRANT MOBILE PARTICIPANTS**

Zero-EU grant students and staff are mobile participants that do not receive an EU grant related to travel and subsistence, but they otherwise fulfil all student and staff mobility criteria and benefit from all advantages of being Erasmus+ student and staff. Zero-EU grant students and staff may receive a regional, national or other type of grant to contribute to their mobility costs. Their number counts in the statistics for the performance indicator used to allocate the EU budget between the countries.

### **SPECIAL NEEDS SUPPORT**

A person with special needs is a potential participant whose individual physical, mental or health-related situation is such that his/her participation in the project / mobility Action would not be possible without extra financial support. Higher education institutions that have selected students and/or staff with special needs can apply for additional grant support to the National Agency in order to cover the supplementary costs for their participation in the mobility activities. For persons with special needs, the grant support may therefore be higher than the maximum individual grant amounts set out below. Higher education institutions will describe on their website how students and staff with special needs can request such additional grant support.

Extra funding for students and staff with special needs may be provided also from other sources at local, regional and/or national level.

### **OTHER SOURCES OF FUNDING**

Students and staff may receive, on top of the EU grant, or in replacement of the EU grant (zero-EU grant mobile participants) regional, national or any other type of grant, managed by another organisation than the National Agency (e.g. Ministry or regional authorities). This type of grants provided by other sources of funding than the EU budget is not subject to the amounts and min/max ranges set in this document.

## **B) GRANT SUPPORT FOR THE MOBILITY OF STUDENTS**

Students will receive an EU grant as a contribution to their costs for travel and subsistence during the period of study or traineeship abroad. These amounts will be defined by the National Agencies in agreement with National Authorities, and/or the higher education institutions on the basis of objective and transparent criteria as described below. The exact amounts will be published on the websites of National Agencies and of higher education institutions.

### **CRITERION 1 – SENDING AND RECEIVING COUNTRIES OF THE STUDENT**

The EU grant provided to students will depend on their mobility flow, as follows:

- mobility towards a country of similar living costs: students will receive the medium range EU grant;
- mobility towards a country of higher living costs: students will receive the higher range EU grant;
- mobility towards a country of lower living costs: students will receive the lower range EU grant.

Programme Countries are divided into the three following groups:

<b>Group 1 Programme Countries with higher living costs</b>	Denmark, Ireland, France, Italy, Austria, Finland, Sweden, United Kingdom, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland
<b>Group 2 Programme Countries with medium living costs</b>	Belgium, Czech Republic, Germany, Greece, Spain, Croatia, Cyprus, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia, Iceland, Turkey
<b>Group 3 Programme Countries with lower living costs</b>	Bulgaria, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Malta, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia

The amounts defined by National Agencies will be set within the following minimum and maximum ranges:

- Medium range EU grant: a medium range, between **200 and 450 EUR per month**, will apply to mobility activities towards a country of similar living costs: a) from Group 1 to Group 1, b) from Group 2 to Group 2 and c) from Group 3 to Group 3.
- Higher range EU grant: corresponds to the medium range applied by the National Agency plus at least 50 EUR and between **250 and 500 EUR per month**. It applies to mobility activities towards a country of higher living costs: a) from Group 2 to Group 1 countries and b) from Group 3 to Group 1 and 2 countries.
- Lower range EU grant: corresponds to the medium range applied by the National Agency minus at least 50 EUR and between **150 and 400 EUR per month**. It applies to mobility activities towards a country of lower living costs: a) Group 1 to Group 2 and 3 countries and b) from Group 2 to Group 3.

When defining the amounts to be applied by beneficiaries in their country, National Agencies will consider two specific criteria:

- the availability and the level of other sources of co-financing from private or public bodies at local, regional or national level to complement the EU grant;
- the general level of demand of students who intend to study or receive training abroad.

National Agencies may decide to grant flexibility to their higher education institutions by fixing ranges instead of amounts at national level. This should be based on justified grounds, for example in countries where co-financing is available at regional or institutional level.

## **CRITERION 2 - ADDITIONAL SUPPORT FOR SPECIFIC TARGET GROUPS, ACTIVITIES AND SENDING COUNTRIES/REGIONS**

### Students from disadvantaged backgrounds (other than those with special needs)

The national authorities together with the National Agencies responsible for the implementation of Erasmus+ in a given Programme Country may decide (based on an opt-in/opt-out option, depending on the support already provided at national level) that all the HEIs in their country should top up the individual support from their EU grant to students from disadvantaged backgrounds, with an amount of **between 100 and 200 EUR per month**. The precise level and the criteria to be applied would be defined at national level by the national authorities.

### Students in traineeships

Students carrying out traineeships will receive an additional top-up from the EU grant with an amount **between 100 and 200 EUR per month**. The precise level will be determined by National Agencies and/or higher education institutions according to the level of demand and level of co-financing for this type of mobility. In all cases, the same level should be given to all students within the same higher education institution, independently from any top-up and/or contribution in kind that the student may receive from the host enterprise. The top-up for students with disadvantaged backgrounds would not apply in this case.

### Students from outermost Programme Countries and regions

Considering the constraints imposed by the remoteness from other Programme Countries, students from outermost regions, Cyprus, Iceland, Malta and Overseas Countries and Territories will receive the following higher amounts for individual support:

<b>From</b>	<b>To</b>	<b>Amount</b>
Outermost regions, Cyprus, Iceland and Malta, Overseas Countries and Territories	Group 1 countries	750 EUR per month
	Group 2 countries	700 EUR per month
	Group 3 countries	650 EUR per month

In addition, students from these countries will receive the following support to cover travel costs:

<b>Travel distances</b>	<b>Amount</b>
Between 100 and 499 KM:	180 EUR per participant
Between 500 and 1999 KM:	275 EUR per participant
Between 2000 and 2999 KM:	360 EUR per participant
Between 3000 and 3999 KM:	530 EUR per participant
Between 4000 and 7999 KM:	820 EUR per participant
8000 KM or more:	1100 EUR per participant

Top-ups for traineeships or disadvantaged backgrounds would not apply in this case.

Level of financial support defined by higher education institutions

In all cases, higher education institutions will be required to respect the following principles and criteria when defining and/or applying the EU rates within their institution:

- The rates must be defined and/or applied in an objective and transparent manner, taking into account all the principles and the methodology described above (i.e. considering the mobility flow as well as the additional specific funding);
- The same level of grant must be given to all students going to the same group of countries for the same type of mobility – studies or traineeships (except for students from disadvantaged backgrounds or with special needs).

### C) GRANT SUPPORT FOR THE MOBILITY OF STAFF

Staff will receive an EU grant as a contribution to their costs for travel and subsistence during the period abroad as follows:

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant	
<b>Individual support</b>	Costs directly linked to the subsistence of participants during the activity	Unit costs	up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: A1.1 per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 70% of A1.1 per day per participant	Based on the duration of the stay per participant

### TABLE A – INDIVIDUAL SUPPORT (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY)

The amounts depend on the receiving country. These amounts will be set within the minimum and maximum ranges provided in the table below. When defining the amounts to be applied by beneficiaries in their country, National Agencies, in agreement with National Authorities, will consider two specific criteria:

- the availability and the level of other sources of co-financing from private or public bodies at local, regional or national level to complement the EU grant;
- the general level of demand of staff who intend to teach or receive training abroad.

The same percentage within the range should be applied to all destination countries. It is not possible to give the same amount for all destination countries.

Receiving country	Staff mobility
	Min-Max (per day)
	A1.1
<b>Denmark, Ireland, Netherlands, Sweden, United Kingdom</b>	80-160
<b>Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Greece, France, Italy, Cyprus, Luxembourg, Hungary, Austria, Poland, Romania, Finland, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey</b>	70-140
<b>Germany, Spain, Latvia, Malta, Portugal, Slovakia, former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	60-120
<b>Estonia, Croatia, Lithuania, Slovenia</b>	50-100

National Agencies may decide to grant flexibility to their higher education institutions by fixing ranges instead of amounts at national level. This should be based on justified grounds, for example in countries where co-financing is available at regional or institutional level.

The exact amounts will be published on the website of each National Agency and higher education institutions.

## MOBILITY PROJECT FOR VET LEARNERS AND STAFF

This mobility project can comprise one or more of the following activities:

### **Learners' mobility:**

- a **VET traineeship** abroad for up to 12 months.

This activity is open to both apprentices and students in vocational training schools. These learners undertake a vocational training placement in another country. Learners are hosted either at a workplace (in an enterprise or other relevant organisation) or at a VET school (with periods of work-based learning in an enterprise or other relevant organisation).

Each mobility activity is set within a quality framework previously agreed upon by the sending and receiving organisations to ensure a high level of quality for the activity, including a "Learning Agreement".

The learning outcomes are formally recognised and validated at an institutional level, course contents are adapted as necessary to ensure that the mobility period abroad fits well with the course in which the apprentice/VET student is enrolled.

In order to strengthen the employability of young people and to facilitate their transition to the labour market, recent graduates from VET schools or companies providing VET to apprentices can participate in this activity as well.

### **Staff mobility:**

- **teaching/training assignments:** this activity allows staff of VET schools to teach at a partner VET school abroad. It also allows staff of enterprises to provide training at a VET organisation abroad.
- **staff training:** this activity supports the professional development of VET staff in the form of a work placement or a job shadowing/observation period abroad in an enterprise or any other VET organisation.

Erasmus+ supports learning mobility of staff that:

- is framed into a strategic approach of the participating organisations (aimed at modernising and internationalising their mission);
- responds to clearly identified staff development needs and is accompanied by appropriate selection, preparation and follow-up measures;
- ensures that the learning outcomes of participating staff are properly recognised and ensures that the learning outcomes are disseminated and widely used within the organisation.

Participating organisations involved in the mobility project assume the following roles and tasks:

- Applicant organisation: in charge of applying for the mobility project, signing and managing the grant agreement and reporting. The applicant can be a consortium coordinator: leading a mobility consortium of partner organisations of the same country aimed at sending VET learners and staff to activities abroad. The Consortium coordinator can also – but not necessarily – act as sending organisation.
- Sending organisation: in charge of selecting VET learners/staff and sending them abroad.
- Receiving organisation: in charge of receiving foreign VET learners/staff and offering them a programme of activities, or benefiting from a training activity provided by VET staff.
- Intermediary organisation: this is an organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth. It is a partner in a national mobility consortium, but is not a sending organisation. Its role may be to share and facilitate the administrative procedures of the sending VET organisations and to better match apprentice/student profiles with the needs of enterprises in case of traineeships and to jointly prepare participants.

The sending and receiving organisations, together with the students/staff, must have agreed on the activities to be undertaken by the students - in a 'Learning Agreement' - or by staff members - in a 'Mobility Agreement' - prior to the start of the mobility period. These agreements define the target learning outcomes for the learning period abroad, specify the formal recognition provisions and list the rights and obligations of each party.

VET learners going on mobility for one month or longer are eligible to receive a linguistic support. Online linguistic support will be gradually implemented in the course of the Programme. It will be made available by the European Commission to eligible participants to assess their foreign language competences and to offer, where necessary, the most appropriate language learning before and/or during mobility (for more details, see Annex I of this Guide).

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS THIS PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a VET mobility project must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

### GENERAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A participating organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ any public or private organisation active in the field of vocational education and training (defined as a VET Organisation); or</li> <li>▪ any public or private organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth.</li> </ul> <p>For example, such organisations can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– a vocational education school/institute/centre;</li> <li>– a public or private, a small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>– a social partner or other representative of working life, including chambers of commerce, craft/professional associations and trade unions;</li> <li>– a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>– a research institute;</li> <li>– a foundation;</li> <li>– a school/institute/educational centre (at any level, from pre-school to upper secondary education, and including adult education);</li> <li>– a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>– a body providing career guidance, professional counselling and information services;</li> <li>– a body responsible for policies in the field of vocational education and training.</li> </ul> <p>Each organisation must be established in a Programme Country.</p>
<p><b>Who can apply?</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ A VET organisation sending learners and staff abroad (as individual VET organisation);</li> <li>▪ The coordinator of a National VET Consortium.</li> </ul> <p>Individuals cannot apply directly for a grant.</p>
<p><b>Eligible activities</b></p>	<p>A VET mobility project must comprise one or more of the following activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ VET traineeships;</li> <li>▪ Teaching/training assignments;</li> <li>▪ Staff training.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Number of participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A mobility activity is transnational and involves minimum two participating organisations (at least one sending and at least one receiving organisation) from different countries.</p> <p>In the case of projects presented by a National VET Consortium, all members of the Consortium must be from the same Programme Country and need to be identified at the time of applying for a grant. A consortium must comprise at least 3 VET organisations.</p>
<p><b>Duration of project</b></p>	<p>1 or 2 years. The applicant must choose the duration at application stage, based on the objective of the project and on the type of activities planned over time.</p>
<p><b>Where to apply?</b></p>	<p>To the National Agency of the country in which the applicant organisation is established.</p>



<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>17 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 July of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.
<b>Other criteria</b>	A VET organisation or National VET consortium can apply only once per selection round. However, a VET organisation may be part of or coordinate several different consortia applying at the same time.

#### ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR LEARNERS MOBILITY

<b>Duration of activity</b>	From 2 weeks to 12 months.
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	Participants must carry out their mobility activity abroad, in another Programme Country.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	Apprentices or VET students (whose studies typically include work-based learning) from the country of the sending organisation. Accompanying persons of VET learners with special needs, minors, or disadvantaged backgrounds. Recent graduates of a VET school or company (i.e. former apprentices) may also participate in the activity. Recent graduates must undertake their training placement abroad within one year of their graduation.

#### ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR STAFF MOBILITY

<b>Duration of activity</b>	From 2 days to 2 months, excluding travel time.
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	Participants must carry out their mobility activity abroad, in another Programme Country.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	Any person working for an organisation active in the field of VET and being in charge of VET (such as teachers, trainers, international mobility officers, staff with administrative or guidance functions, etc.). In addition, in case of teaching/training assignments, the Action is also open to persons from enterprises, public sector and/or civil society organisations.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

#### AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a mobility project")</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the individual participants</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal is suitable to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- producing high-quality learning outcomes for participants</li> <li>- reinforcing the capacities and international scope of the participating organisations</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 40 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of all the phases of the project proposal (preparation, implementation of mobility activities, and follow-up)</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives and activities proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality of the practical arrangements, management and support modalities</li> <li>▪ The quality of the preparation provided to participants</li> <li>▪ The quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes as well as the consistent use of European transparency and recognition tools</li> <li>▪ The appropriateness of measures for selecting and/or involving participants in the mobility activities</li> <li>▪ If applicable, the quality of cooperation and communication between the participating organisations, as well as with other relevant stakeholders</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on participants and participating organisations during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 20 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation").

## GRANT AWARD

The actual grant amount awarded will depend on a number of elements:

- the number and duration of mobility periods applied for;
- the past performance of the applicant in terms of number of mobility periods, good quality in the implementation of activities and sound financial management, in case the applicant has received a similar grant in previous years;
- the total national budget allocated for the mobility Action.

## WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?

More compulsory criteria and additional useful information relating to this Action can be found in Annex I of this Guide. Interested organisations are invited to read carefully the relevant sections of this Annex before applying for financial support.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the mobility project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

### A) FUNDING RULES APPLYING TO ALL MOBILITY ACTIVITIES

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, including accompanying persons, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities (excluding subsistence for participants), including preparation (pedagogical, intercultural, linguistic), monitoring and support of participants during mobility, validation of learning outcomes	Unit costs	up to the 100 <sup>th</sup> participant: 350 EUR per participant + beyond the 100 <sup>th</sup> participant: 200 EUR per additional participant	Based on the number of participants
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	Up to 100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form

## B) ADDITIONAL FUNDING APPLYING TO MOBILITY OF VET LEARNERS

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Individual support</b>	Costs directly linked to the subsistence of participants during the activity.	Unit costs	up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: A2.1 per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 70% of A2.1 per day per participant + between the 61 <sup>th</sup> day of activity and up to 12 months: 50% of A2.1 per day per participant	Based on the duration of the stay per participant.
<b>Linguistic support</b>	Costs linked to the support offered to participants - prior to departure or during the activity – in order to improve the knowledge of the language they will use to study or receive training during their activity.	Unit costs	Only for activities lasting between 1 and 12 months: 150 EUR per participant needing linguistic support	Conditional: applicants must request the support in the instruction language of the activity, on the basis of participants' needs for languages not offered by the central online service.
<b>Exceptional costs</b>	Costs to support the participation of learners with fewer opportunities.	Reimbursement of portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form.

## C) ADDITIONAL FUNDING APPLYING TO MOBILITY OF VET STAFF

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Individual support</b>	Costs directly linked to the subsistence of participants, including accompanying persons in VET learners mobility, during the activity	Unit costs	up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: A2.2 per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 70% of A2.2 per day per participant	Based on the duration of the stay per participant

**TABLE 1 – INDIVIDUAL SUPPORT (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY)**

The amounts depend on the country where the activity takes place. Each National Agency will define - on the basis of objective and transparent criteria - the amounts applicable to projects submitted in their country. These amounts will be set within the minimum and maximum ranges provided in the table below. The exact amounts will be published on the website of each National Agency.

	<b>Learners mobility</b>	<b>Staff mobility (or accompanying persons)</b>
	<b>Min-Max (per day)</b>	<b>Min-Max (per day)</b>
	<b>A2.1</b>	<b>A2.2</b>
<b>Belgium</b>	23-92	70-140
<b>Bulgaria</b>	23-92	70-140
<b>Czech Republic</b>	23-92	70-140
<b>Denmark</b>	27-108	80-160
<b>Germany</b>	21-84	60-120
<b>Estonia</b>	18-72	50-100
<b>Ireland</b>	25-100	80 - 160
<b>Greece</b>	22-88	70-140
<b>Spain</b>	21-84	60-120
<b>France</b>	25-100	70-140
<b>Croatia</b>	18-72	50-100
<b>Italy</b>	23-92	70-140
<b>Cyprus</b>	24-96	70-140
<b>Latvia</b>	21-84	60-120
<b>Lithuania</b>	18-72	50-100
<b>Luxembourg</b>	24-96	70-140
<b>Hungary</b>	22-88	70-140
<b>Malta</b>	21-84	60-120
<b>Netherlands</b>	26-104	80-160
<b>Austria</b>	23-92	70-140
<b>Poland</b>	22-88	70-140
<b>Portugal</b>	20-80	60-120
<b>Romania</b>	22-88	70-140
<b>Slovenia</b>	18-72	50-100
<b>Slovakia</b>	21-84	60-120
<b>Finland</b>	24-96	70-140
<b>Sweden</b>	26-104	80-160
<b>United Kingdom</b>	28-112	80-160
<b>former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	21-84	60-120
<b>Iceland</b>	25-100	70-140
<b>Liechtenstein</b>	22-88	70-140
<b>Norway</b>	22-88	70-140
<b>Switzerland</b>	22-88	70-140
<b>Turkey</b>	22-88	70-140



## MOBILITY PROJECT FOR SCHOOL EDUCATION STAFF

This mobility project can comprise one or more of the following activities:

### **Staff mobility:**

- **teaching assignments:** this activity allows teachers or other school education staff to teach at a partner school abroad.
- **staff training:** this activity supports the professional development of teachers, school leaders or other school education staff in the form of: a) participation in structured courses or training events abroad; b) a job shadowing/observation period abroad in a partner school or another relevant organisation active in the field of school education.

## WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN THIS PROJECT?

Participating organisations involved in the mobility project assume the following roles and tasks:

- Applicant organisation: in charge of applying for the mobility project, signing and managing the grant agreement and reporting. The applicant is also the sending organisation: in charge of selecting teachers and other school education staff and sending them abroad.
- Receiving organisation: in charge of receiving teachers and other school education staff and offering them a programme of activities, or benefiting from a teaching activity provided by them.

The specific role of the receiving organisation depends on the type of activity and the relationship with the sending organisation. The receiving organisation may be:

- a course provider (in the case of participation in a structured course or training event);
- a partner school or other relevant organisation (in the case of e.g. job shadowing or teaching assignments). In this case, the sending and receiving organisations, together with the participants, should establish an agreement before the start of the activity. This agreement should define the objectives and activities for the period abroad, and specify the rights and obligations of each party.

Erasmus+ supports learning mobility of staff that:

- is framed within a European Development Plan for the sending organisation (aimed at modernising and internationalising their mission);
- responds to clearly identified staff development needs;
- is accompanied by appropriate selection, preparation and follow-up measures;
- ensures that the learning outcomes of participating staff are properly recognised;
- ensures that the learning outcomes are disseminated and widely used within the organisation.

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS THIS PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a school education mobility project must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	<p>A school (i.e. an institution providing general, vocational, or technical education on any level from pre-school to upper secondary education) established in a Programme Country<sup>12</sup> and sending its staff abroad.</p> <p>Individuals cannot apply directly for a grant.</p>
<b>Eligible activities</b>	<p>A school mobility project must comprise one or more of the following activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Teaching assignments;</li> <li>▪ Staff training.</li> </ul>
<b>Number of participating organisations</b>	<p>The number of organisations in the application form is one (the applicant). During the stage of implementation of the mobility project, a minimum of two organisations (one sending and at least one receiving organisation) from different countries must be involved.</p>
<b>Eligible participating organisations</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>Teaching assignments:</b> Sending and receiving organisations must be schools established in different Programme Countries.</li> <li>▪ <b>Staff training:</b> The sending organisation must be a school (the applicant). The receiving organisation can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ a school; or</li> <li>○ any public or private organisation established active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth. For example, such organisation can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– a VET or adult education school/institute/educational centre;</li> <li>– a higher education institution;</li> <li>– a public or private, a small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>– a social partner or other representative of working life, including chambers of commerce, craft/professional associations and trade unions;</li> <li>– a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>– a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>– a research institute;</li> <li>– a foundation;</li> <li>– a body providing career guidance, professional counselling and information services;</li> <li>– an organisation providing courses or training.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>Each organisation must be established in a Programme Country.</p>
<b>Duration of project</b>	<p>1 or 2 years. The applicant must choose the duration at application stage, based on the objective of the project and on the type of activities planned over time.</p>
<b>Duration of activity</b>	<p>From 2 days to 2 months, excluding travel time.</p>
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	<p>Mobility Activities must be carried out abroad, in another Programme Country.</p>
<b>Eligible participants</b>	<p>Education staff (teaching and non-teaching, including school managers, heads, etc.), working in the sending school.</p>
<b>Where to apply?</b>	<p>To the National Agency of the country in which the applicant organisation is established<sup>13</sup>.</p>

<sup>12</sup> Please refer to the list of eligible schools in each country. For more information, contact the National Agency in the country.

<sup>13</sup> Please note: schools under the supervision of national authorities of another country (e.g. lycée français, German schools, UK "Forces" schools) apply to the NA of the supervising country.



<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>17 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 July of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.
<b>Other criteria</b>	A school can apply only once per selection round.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a mobility project")</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the individual participants</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal is suitable for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- producing high-quality learning outcomes for participants</li> <li>- reinforcing the capacities and international scope of the participating organisations</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 40 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of all the phases of the project proposal (preparation, implementation of mobility activities and follow-up)</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives and proposed activities</li> <li>▪ The quality of the European Development Plan of the applicant organisation</li> <li>▪ The appropriateness of measures for selecting and/or involving participants in the mobility activities</li> <li>▪ The quality of the practical arrangements, management and support modalities</li> <li>▪ The quality of the preparation provided to participants</li> <li>▪ The quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes, as well as the consistent use of European transparency and recognition tools</li> </ul>
<b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on individual participants and on the participating organisations during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 20 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation").

## WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?

More compulsory criteria and additional useful information relating to this Action can be found in the Annex I of this Guide. Interested organisations are requested to read carefully the relevant sections of this Annex before applying for financial support.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the mobility project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities (excluding subsistence for participants), including preparation (pedagogical, intercultural, linguistic), monitoring and support of participants during mobility, validation of learning outcomes	Unit costs	up to the 100 <sup>th</sup> participant: 350 EUR per participant + beyond the 100 <sup>th</sup> participant: 200 EUR per additional participant	Based on the number of participants
<b>Individual support</b>	Costs directly linked to the subsistence of participants during the activity	Unit costs	up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: <u>A3.1</u> per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 70% of <u>A3.1</u> per day per participant	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Course fees</b>	Costs directly linked to payment of fees for the enrolment in courses	Unit costs	70 EUR per participant per day Maximum of 700 EUR per participant in the mobility project	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover course fees must be motivated in the application form
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form

**TABLE 1 – INDIVIDUAL SUPPORT (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY)**

The amounts depend on the country where the activity takes place. Each National Agency will define - on the basis of objective and transparent criteria - the amounts applicable to projects submitted in their country. These amounts will be set within the minimum and maximum ranges provided in the table below. The exact amounts will be published on the website of each National Agency.

Receiving country	Staff mobility
	Min-Max (per day)
	A3.1
Denmark, Ireland, Netherlands, Sweden, United Kingdom	80-160
Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Greece, France, Italy, Cyprus, Luxembourg, Hungary, Austria, Poland, Romania, Finland, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey	70-140
Germany, Spain, Latvia, Malta, Portugal, Slovakia, former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	60-120
Estonia, Croatia, Lithuania, Slovenia	50-100



## MOBILITY PROJECT FOR ADULT EDUCATION STAFF

This mobility project can comprise one or more of the following activities:

### **Staff mobility:**

- **teaching/training assignments:** this activity allows staff of adult education organisations to teach or provide training at a partner organisation abroad.
- **staff training:** this activity supports the professional development of adult education staff in the form of: a) participation in structured courses or training events abroad; b) a job shadowing/observation period abroad in any relevant organisation active in the adult education field.

## WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN THIS PROJECT?

Participating organisations involved in the mobility project assume the following roles and tasks:

- Applicant organisation: in charge of applying for the mobility project, signing and managing the grant agreement and reporting. The applicant can be a consortium coordinator: leading a mobility consortium of partner organisations of the same country aimed at sending adult education staff to activities abroad. The Consortium coordinator can also – but not necessarily – act as sending organisation.
- Sending organisation: in charge of selecting staff and professionals active in the field of adult education and sending them abroad.
- Receiving organisation: in charge of receiving foreign adult education staff and offering them a programme of activities, or benefiting from a training activity provided by them.

The specific role of the receiving organisation depends on the type of activity and the relationship with the sending organisation. The receiving organisation may be:

- a course provider (in the case of participation in a structured course or training event);
- a partner or any other relevant organisation active in the adult education field (in the case of e.g. job shadowing or teaching assignments). In this case, the sending organisation, together with the participants, should agree the objectives and activities for the period abroad and specify the rights and obligations of each party before the start of the activity.

Erasmus+ supports learning mobility of staff that:

- is framed within a European Development Plan of the sending organisations (aimed at modernising and internationalising their mission);
- responds to clearly identified staff development needs;
- is accompanied by appropriate selection, preparation and follow-up measures;
- ensures that the learning outcomes of participating staff are properly recognised and ensures that the learning outcomes are disseminated and widely used within the organisation.

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS THIS PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that an adult education mobility project must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A participating organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ any public or private organisation active in the field of adult education (defined as adult education organisation)</li> </ul> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ any public or private organisation active in the labour market or in the fields of education, training and youth.</li> </ul> <p>For example, such organisations can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– an adult education school/institute/centre;</li> <li>– an establishment for adult learners with special needs;</li> <li>– a higher education institution (including those providing educational opportunities for adults);</li> <li>– a public or private, a small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>– a social partner or other representative of working life, including chambers of commerce, craft/professional associations and trade unions;</li> <li>– a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>– a research institute;</li> <li>– a foundation;</li> <li>– a school/institute/educational centre;</li> <li>– a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>– a cultural organisation, library, museum;</li> <li>– a body providing career guidance, professional counselling and information services.</li> </ul> <p>Each organisation must be established in a Programme Country.</p>
<p><b>Who can apply?</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ An adult education organisation sending its staff abroad;</li> <li>▪ The coordinator of a national adult education consortium.</li> </ul> <p>Individuals cannot apply directly for a grant.</p>
<p><b>Eligible activities</b></p>	<p>An adult education mobility project must comprise one or more of the following activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Teaching/training assignments;</li> <li>▪ Staff training.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Number of participating organisations</b></p>	<p>Only the sending organisation needs to be identified at the time of applying for a grant.</p> <p>However, in the case of projects presented by a national adult education consortium, all members of the consortium must be from the same Programme Country and need to be identified at the time of applying for a grant. A consortium must comprise at least three adult education organisations.</p> <p>During the stage of implementation of the mobility project, minimum two organisations (at least one sending and at least one receiving organisation) from different Programme Countries must be involved.</p>
<p><b>Duration of project</b></p>	<p>1 or 2 years. The applicant must choose the duration at application stage, based on the objective of the project and on the type of activities planned over time.</p>
<p><b>Duration of activity</b></p>	<p>From 2 days to 2 months, excluding travel time.</p>
<p><b>Venue(s) of the activity</b></p>	<p>Participants must carry out their mobility activity abroad, in another Programme Country.</p>
<p><b>Eligible participants</b></p>	<p>Staff members of an adult education organisation, from the country of the sending organisation.</p>
<p><b>Where to apply?</b></p>	<p>To the National Agency of the country in which the applicant organisation is established.</p>

<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>17 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 July of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.
<b>Other criteria</b>	An adult education organisation or consortium can apply only once per selection round. However an adult education organisation may be part of or coordinate several different consortia applying at the same time.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a mobility project")</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the individual participants</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal is suitable of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- producing high-quality learning outcomes for participants</li> <li>- reinforcing the capacities and international scope of the participating organisations</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 40 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of all the phases of the project proposal (preparation, implementation of mobility activities and follow-up)</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives and activities proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality of the European Development Plan of the applicant organisation</li> <li>▪ The quality of the practical arrangements, management and support modalities</li> <li>▪ The quality of the preparation provided to participants</li> <li>▪ The quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes, as well as the consistent use of European transparency and recognition tools</li> <li>▪ The appropriateness of measures for selecting and/or involving participants in the mobility activities</li> <li>▪ If applicable, the quality of cooperation and communication between the participating organisations, as well as with other relevant stakeholders</li> </ul>
<b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on participants and participating organisations during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 20 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation").

## **WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?**

More compulsory criteria and additional useful information relating to this Action can be found in the Annex I of this Guide. Interested organisations are invited to read carefully the relevant sections of this Annex before applying for financial support



## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the mobility project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities (excluding subsistence for participants), including preparation (pedagogical, intercultural, linguistic), monitoring and support of participants during mobility, validation of learning outcomes	Unit costs	up to the 100 <sup>th</sup> participant: 350 EUR per participant + beyond the 100 <sup>th</sup> participant: 200 EUR per additional participant	Based on the number of participants
<b>Individual support</b>	Costs directly linked to the subsistence of participants during the activity	Unit costs	up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: <u>A4.1</u> per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 70% of <u>A4.1</u> per day per participant	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Course fees</b>	Costs directly linked to payment of fees for the enrolment in courses	Unit costs	70 EUR per participant per day Maximum of 700 EUR per participant in the mobility project	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover course fees must be motivated in the application form
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form

**TABLE 1 – INDIVIDUAL SUPPORT (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY)**

The amounts depend on the country where the activity takes place. Each National Agency will define - on the basis of objective and transparent criteria - the amounts applicable to projects submitted in their country. These amounts will be set within the minimum and maximum ranges provided in the table below. The exact amounts will be published on the website of each National Agency.

Receiving country	Staff mobility
	Min-Max (per day)
	A4.1
<b>Denmark, Ireland, Netherlands, Sweden, United Kingdom</b>	80-160
<b>Belgium, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Greece, France, Italy, Cyprus, Luxembourg, Hungary, Austria, Poland, Romania, Finland, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey</b>	70-140
<b>Germany, Spain, Latvia, Malta, Portugal, Slovakia, former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	60-120
<b>Estonia, Croatia, Lithuania, Slovenia</b>	50-100

## MOBILITY PROJECT FOR YOUNG PEOPLE AND YOUTH WORKERS

This mobility project can comprise one or more of the following activities:

### **Mobility of young people:**

#### ▪ **Youth Exchanges:**

Youth Exchanges allow groups of young people from different countries to meet and live together for up to 21 days. During a Youth Exchange, participants jointly carry out a work programme (a mix of workshops, exercises, debates, role-plays, simulations, outdoor activities, etc.) designed and prepared by them before the Exchange. Youth Exchanges allow young people to: develop competences; become aware of socially relevant topics/thematic areas; discover new cultures, habits and life-styles, mainly through peer-learning; strengthen values like solidarity, democracy, friendship, etc. The learning process in Youth Exchanges is triggered by methods of non-formal education. Youth Exchanges are based on a transnational cooperation between two or more participating organisations from different countries within and outside the European Union.

The following activities are not eligible for grants under Youth Exchanges: academic study trips; exchange activities which aim to make financial profit; exchange activities which can be considered as tourism; festivals; holiday travel; performance tours.

#### ▪ **European Voluntary Service:**

This activity allows young people aged 17-30 to express their personal commitment through unpaid and full-time voluntary service for up to 12 months in another country within or outside the European Union. Young volunteers are given the opportunity to contribute to the daily work of organisations dealing with youth information and policies, young people's personal and socio-educational development, civic engagement, social care, inclusion of disadvantaged, environment, non-formal education programmes, ICTs and media literacy, culture and creativity, development cooperation, etc.

An EVS project can include between 1 and 30 volunteers who can do their voluntary service either individually or in group.

Participating organisations are responsible for:

- arranging subsistence, lodging and local transports of volunteers;
- envisaging tasks and activities for volunteers that respect the qualitative principles of the European Voluntary Service, as described in the EVS Charter;
- providing to volunteers an on-going task-related, linguistic, personal and administrative support throughout the duration of the activity.

The participation in an EVS activity must be free of charge for volunteers, with the exception of a possible contribution for travel costs (if the Erasmus+ grant does not fully cover these costs) and additional expenses not linked to the implementation of the activity. The essential costs for volunteers' participation in the EVS activity are covered by the Erasmus+ grant or through other means afforded by the participating organisations.

Besides the support provided to the volunteers by the participating organisations, the National Agencies or regional SALTOS organise a Training and Evaluation Cycle to be attended by each volunteer and consisting of: a) an on-arrival training; b) a mid-term evaluation, for voluntary services lasting more than 6 months.

The following activities are not considered as a European Voluntary Service within the framework of Erasmus+: occasional, unstructured, part-time volunteering; a work placement in an enterprise; a paid job; a recreation or tourist activity; a language course; exploitation of a cheap workforce; a period of study or vocational training abroad.

### **Mobility of youth workers:**

#### ▪ **Youth workers' training and networking:**

This activity supports the professional development of youth workers in the form of a) participation of youth workers in seminars, training courses, contact-making events, study visits; b) a job shadowing/observation period abroad in an organisation active in the youth field.

## WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN THIS PROJECT?

Participating organisations involved in the mobility project assume the following roles and tasks:

- Coordinator of a youth mobility project: applying for the whole project on behalf of all the partner organisations. If a Youth mobility project foresees only one activity, the coordinator must also act either as sending or receiving organisation. If a youth mobility project foresees more than one activity, the project coordinator can – but not necessarily has to – act as sending organisation or receiving organisation. In all cases, the coordinator cannot be an organisation from a Partner Country.
- Sending organisation: in charge of sending young people and youth workers abroad (this includes: organising practical arrangements; preparing participants before departure; providing support to participants during all the phases of the project).
- Receiving organisation: in charge of hosting the activity, developing a programme of activities for participants in cooperation with participants and partner organisations, providing support to participants during all the phases of the project.

Young volunteers doing a European Voluntary Service lasting two months or longer are eligible to receive linguistic support. Online linguistic support will be gradually implemented in the course of the Programme. It will be made available by the European Commission to eligible participants to assess their foreign language competences and to offer, where necessary, the most appropriate language learning before and/or during mobility (for more details, see Annex I of this Guide).

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS THIS PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that the mobility project must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

### GENERAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Eligible participating organisations</b>	<p>A participating organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>▪ a European Youth NGO;</li> <li>▪ a social enterprise;</li> <li>▪ a public body at local level;</li> <li>▪ a group of young people active in youth work but not necessarily in the context of a youth organisation (i.e. informal group of young people).</li> </ul> <p>as well as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a public body at regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ an association of regions ;</li> <li>▪ a European Grouping of Territorial Cooperation;</li> <li>▪ a profit-making body active in Corporate Social Responsibility.</li> </ul> <p>established in a Programme Country or in a Partner Country neighbouring the EU (see section "Eligible Countries" in Part A of this Guide).</p>
<b>Eligible activities</b>	<p>A mobility project for young people and youth workers must comprise one or more of the following activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Youth Exchanges;</li> <li>▪ European Voluntary Service;</li> <li>▪ Youth workers' training and networking.</li> </ul>

<b>Who can apply?</b>	<p>Any participating organisation or group<sup>14</sup> established in a Programme Country can be the applicant. This organisation applies on behalf of all participating organisations involved in the project.</p> <p>A youth mobility project is funded in a specific way (see the section "funding rules") if the applicant is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a public body at regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ an association of regions;</li> <li>▪ a European Grouping of Territorial Cooperation;</li> <li>▪ a profit-making body active in Corporate Social Responsibility.</li> </ul>
<b>Number and profile of participating organisations</b>	<p>A mobility activity is transnational and involves at least two participating organisations (sending and receiving organisation) from different countries.</p> <p><b>Activities within Programme Countries:</b> all participating organisations must be from a Programme Country.</p> <p><b>Activities with Partner Countries neighbouring the EU:</b> the activity must involve at least one participating organisation from a Programme Country and one participating organisation from a Partner Country neighbouring the EU.</p> <p>In order to maintain a clear link to the country where the National Agency is based, either the sending organisation(s) or the receiving organisation(s) in each activity must be from the country of the National Agency receiving the application.</p>
<b>Duration of project</b>	From 3 to 24 months.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the National Agency of the country in which the applicant organisation is established.
<b>When to apply?</b>	<p>Applicants have to submit their grant application by the following dates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>17 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 17 June and 31 December of the same year (provided that the grant agreement is signed);</li> <li>▪ <b>30 April at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1 August of the same year and 28 February of the following year (provided that the grant agreement is signed);</li> <li>▪ <b>1 October at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1<sup>st</sup> January and 30 September of the following year (provided that the grant agreement is signed).</li> </ul>
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

### ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR YOUTH EXCHANGES

<b>Duration of activity</b>	From 5 to 21 days, excluding travel time.
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	The activity must take place in the country of one of the participating organisations.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	Young people aged between 13 and 30 from the countries of the sending and receiving organisations.
<b>Number of participants and composition of national groups</b>	<p>Minimum 16 and maximum of 60 participants (group leader(s) not included).</p> <p>Minimum 4 participants per group (group leader(s) not included).</p> <p>Each national group must have at least one group leader. A group leader is an adult who accompanies the young people participating in a Youth Exchange in order to ensure their effective learning, protection and safety.</p>

<sup>14</sup> In case of an informal group, one of the members of the group assumes the role of representative and takes responsibility on behalf of the group).

<b>Other criteria</b>	<p>Advance Planning Visit (APV)</p> <p>If the project foresees an APV, then the following eligibility criteria must be respected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ duration of the APV: maximum 2 days (travel days excluded);</li> <li>▪ number of participants: 1 participant per group. The number of participants can be raised to 2 under the condition that at least 1 of the participants is a young person taking part in the activity.</li> </ul>
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### ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE

<b>Accreditation</b>	All participating organisations involved in a European Voluntary Service activity must hold a valid EVS accreditation (for more information, please consult the EVS section of the Annex 1 of this Guide). The accreditation of EVS organisations in Southern Mediterranean countries will be introduced during the first year of the Erasmus+ Programme. From 2015 on, all participating organisations from the countries in this region must hold a valid accreditation.
<b>Duration of activity</b>	<p>From 2 to 12 months. To facilitate the organisation of on-arrival training, the activity must start at the beginning of the month (i.e. within the first seven days of the month).</p> <p>In case of European Voluntary Service involving at least 10 volunteers or involving young people with fewer opportunities, the activity can last from 2 weeks to 12 months.</p>
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	<p><b>A volunteer from a Programme Country</b> must carry out her/his activity in another Programme Country or in a Partner Country neighbouring the EU.</p> <p><b>A volunteer from a Partner Country neighbouring the EU</b> must carry out her/his activity in a Programme Country.</p>
<b>Eligible participants</b>	<p>Young people aged between 17 and 30, from the country of their sending organisation. A volunteer can take part in only one European Voluntary Service<sup>15</sup>. <b>Exception:</b> volunteers who carried out an EVS activity lasting maximum 2 months can take part in an additional European Voluntary Service.</p>
<b>Number of participants</b>	Maximum 30 volunteers for the whole project.
<b>Other criteria</b>	<p>Advance Planning Visit (APV)</p> <p>If the project foresees an APV, then the following eligibility criteria must be respected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ duration of the APV: maximum 2 days (travel days excluded);</li> <li>▪ number of participants: 1 participant per group. The number of participants can be raised to 2 under the condition that at least 1 of the participants is a young person taking part in the activity.</li> </ul>

### ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR MOBILITY OF YOUTH WORKERS

<b>Duration of activity</b>	From 2 days to 2 months, excluding travel time.
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	The activity must take place in the country of one of the participating organisations.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	No age limits. Participants must be from the country of their sending or receiving organisation.
<b>Number of participants</b>	Up to 50 participants (including, where relevant, trainers and facilitators) in each activity planned by the project.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

<sup>15</sup> This applies for EVS under Erasmus+ and previous programmes

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a mobility project")</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the individual participants</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal is suitable of:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- producing high-quality learning outcomes for participants</li> <li>- reinforcing the capacities and international scope of the participating organisations</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the project involves young people with fewer opportunities</li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 40 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of all the phases of the project proposal (preparation, implementation of mobility activities and follow-up)</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives and activities proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality of the practical arrangements, management and support modalities</li> <li>▪ The quality of the preparation provided to participants</li> <li>▪ The quality of the non-formal learning participative methods proposed and active involvement of young people at all levels of the project</li> <li>▪ The quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes, as well as the consistent use of European transparency and recognition tools</li> <li>▪ The appropriateness of measures for selecting and/or involving participants in the mobility activities</li> <li>• The quality of cooperation and communication between the participating organisations, as well as with other relevant stakeholders</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project.</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on participants and participating organisations during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 20 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation").

## WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?

More compulsory criteria and additional useful information relating to this Action can be found in the Annex I of this Guide. Interested organisations are invited to read carefully the relevant sections of this Annex before applying for financial support.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the mobility project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

### A) YOUTH EXCHANGES

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return. Including travel costs for a possible Advance Planning Visit.	Unit costs	For travel distances between 10 and 99KM: 20 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 80 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 170 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 270 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 400 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 620 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 830 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities	Unit costs	A5.1 per day of activity per participant	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form
<b>Exceptional costs</b>	<p>Visa and visa-related costs, residence permits, vaccinations.</p> <p>Costs to support the participation of young people with fewer opportunities.</p> <p>Costs connected to accommodation of participants during an Advance Planning Visit.</p>	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form



## B) EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return. Including travel costs for a possible Advance Planning Visit.	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities.	Unit costs	EVS lasting less than 2 months: A5.2 per day per volunteer + EVS lasting from 2 to 12 months: A5.3 per month per volunteer	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Individuals support</b>	"Pocket money" to the volunteer for additional personal expenses.	Unit costs	EVS lasting less than 2 months: A5.4 per day per volunteer + EVS lasting from 2 to 12 months: A5.5 per month per volunteer	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Linguistic support</b>	Costs linked to the support offered to participants - prior to departure or during the activity – in order to improve the knowledge of the language they will use to carry out their volunteering tasks.	Unit costs	Only for activities lasting between 2 and 12 months: 150 EUR per participant needing linguistic support	Conditional: applicants must request the support in the instruction language of the activity, on the basis of participants' needs for languages not offered by the central online service.
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form.

<b>Exceptional costs</b>	<p>Visa and visa-related costs, residence permits, vaccinations.</p> <p>Costs connected to accommodation of participants of an Advance Planning Visit.</p> <p>Costs in support of reinforced mentorship and specific preparation in the case of participation of young people with fewer opportunities.</p>	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form
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### C) MOBILITY OF YOUTH WORKERS

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return.	Unit costs	<p>For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant</p> <p>For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant</p> <p>For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant</p> <p>For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant</p> <p>For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant</p> <p>For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant</p>	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities	Unit costs	A5.6 per day of activity per participant. Maximum 1 100 EUR.	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form
<b>Exceptional costs</b>	Visa and visa-related costs, residence permits, vaccinations	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form

## D) ORGANISATIONAL SUPPORT (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY/MONTH)

The amounts depend on the country where the mobility activity takes place. For projects submitted by: a public body at regional or national level; an association of regions; a European Grouping of Territorial Cooperation; a profit-making body active in Corporate Social Responsibility, the below amounts are reduced by 50%.

	Youth Exchanges (euro per day)	European Voluntary Service		Mobility of youth workers (euro per day)
		14 to 59 days (euro per day)	2 to 12 months (euro per month)	
	A5.1	A5.2	A5.3	A5.6
<b>Belgium</b>	37	20	590	65
<b>Bulgaria</b>	32	17	500	53
<b>Czech Republic</b>	32	17	490	54
<b>Denmark</b>	40	21	630	72
<b>Germany</b>	33	18	520	58
<b>Estonia</b>	33	18	520	56
<b>Ireland</b>	39	21	610	74
<b>Greece</b>	38	21	610	71
<b>Spain</b>	34	18	530	61
<b>France</b>	37	19	570	66
<b>Croatia</b>	35	19	570	62
<b>Italy</b>	39	21	610	66
<b>Cyprus</b>	32	21	610	58
<b>Latvia</b>	34	19	550	59
<b>Lithuania</b>	34	18	540	58
<b>Luxembourg</b>	36	21	610	66
<b>Hungary</b>	33	17	510	55
<b>Malta</b>	37	20	600	65
<b>Netherlands</b>	39	21	620	69
<b>Austria</b>	39	18	540	61
<b>Poland</b>	34	18	540	59
<b>Portugal</b>	37	20	600	65
<b>Romania</b>	32	17	500	54
<b>Slovenia</b>	34	20	580	60
<b>Slovakia</b>	35	19	550	60
<b>Finland</b>	39	21	630	71
<b>Sweden</b>	39	21	630	70
<b>United Kingdom</b>	40	21	630	76
<b>former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	28	15	440	45
<b>Iceland</b>	39	21	610	71
<b>Liechtenstein</b>	39	21	610	74
<b>Norway</b>	40	21	630	74
<b>Switzerland</b>	39	21	620	71
<b>Turkey</b>	32	17	500	54
<b>Partner Country</b>	29	15	440	48

## E) INDIVIDUAL SUPPORT (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY/MONTH)

The amounts depend on the country where the mobility activity takes place.

	<b>EVS</b>	
	<b>14 to 59 days (euro per day)</b>	<b>2 to 12 months (euro per month)</b>
	<b>A5.4</b>	<b>A5.5</b>
<b>Belgium</b>	4	110
<b>Bulgaria</b>	3	70
<b>Czech Republic</b>	4	90
<b>Denmark</b>	5	145
<b>Germany</b>	4	110
<b>Estonia</b>	3	85
<b>Ireland</b>	5	125
<b>Greece</b>	4	100
<b>Spain</b>	4	105
<b>France</b>	5	115
<b>Croatia</b>	4	90
<b>Italy</b>	4	115
<b>Cyprus</b>	4	110
<b>Latvia</b>	3	80
<b>Lithuania</b>	3	80
<b>Luxembourg</b>	4	110
<b>Hungary</b>	4	90
<b>Malta</b>	4	110
<b>Netherlands</b>	4	110
<b>Austria</b>	4	115
<b>Poland</b>	3	85
<b>Portugal</b>	4	100
<b>Romania</b>	2	60
<b>Slovenia</b>	3	85
<b>Slovakia</b>	4	95
<b>Finland</b>	4	125
<b>Sweden</b>	4	115
<b>United Kingdom</b>	5	140
<b>former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	2	60
<b>Iceland</b>	5	135
<b>Liechtenstein</b>	5	120
<b>Norway</b>	5	135
<b>Switzerland</b>	5	130
<b>Turkey</b>	3	80
<b>Partner Country</b>	2	55

## LARGE-SCALE EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE EVENTS

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A LARGE-SCALE EVS EVENT?

This Action aims to support large-scale volunteering projects (involving at least 30 EVS volunteers) in the framework of European or worldwide events in the field of youth, culture and sport (e.g. World Youth Summits, European Capitals of Culture; European Youth Capitals, European sport championships, etc.).

In addition, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, priority will be given to projects that pursue one or more of the relevant priorities described in the introduction chapters on "Youth" in Part B of this Guide.

### WHAT IS A LARGE SCALE EVS EVENT?

Supported projects will consist of the following stages:

- Preparation (including practical arrangements, selection of participants, linguistic/intercultural/task-related preparation of participants before departure);
- Implementation of the European Voluntary Service activities and complementary activities;
- Follow-up (including the evaluation of the EVS activities, the formal recognition - where applicable - of the learning outcomes of participants during the activities, as well as the dissemination and use of the project's outcomes).

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

#### ▪ **European Voluntary Service**

Allowing young people aged 17-30 to express their personal commitment through unpaid and full-time voluntary service for up to 2 months in another country. Volunteers are given the opportunity to contribute to the run-up of the activities and initiatives organised in the framework of a European/international event.

A large-scale EVS event must involve at least 30 volunteers.

Participating organisations are responsible for:

- arranging subsistence, lodging and local transports of volunteers;
- envisaging tasks and activities for volunteers that respect the qualitative principles of the European Voluntary Service, as described in the EVS Charter;
- providing volunteers with on-going task-related, linguistic, personal and administrative support throughout the duration of the EVS activity.

The participation in an EVS activity must be free of charge for volunteers, with the exception of a possible contribution for travel costs (if the Erasmus+ grant does not fully cover these costs) and superfluous expenses not linked to the implementation of the activity. The essential costs for volunteers' participation in the EVS activity are covered by the Erasmus+ grant or through other means afforded by the participating organisations.

The following activities are not considered as a European Voluntary Service within the framework of Erasmus+: occasional, unstructured, part-time volunteering; a work placement in an enterprise; a paid job; a recreation or tourist activity; a language course; exploitation of a cheap workforce; a period of study or vocational training abroad.

#### ▪ **Complementary activities**

The project may include the organisation of side-activities – such as conferences, seminars, meetings and workshops - aimed at promoting the value of volunteering (and notably of the European Voluntary Service) during the event.

### WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS THIS PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that the Large-scale EVS event must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	Any public or private organisation established in a Programme Country and directly involved in the organisation of the European/international event in the field of youth, culture or sport, or having concluded a formal written cooperation agreement with the event organisers.  Individuals cannot apply for a grant.
<b>Eligible activities</b>	In addition to the European Voluntary Service activities, a large-scale EVS event may also include complementary activities, such as conferences, seminars, meetings and workshops.
<b>Duration of project</b>	From 3 to 12 months.
<b>Venue of the project</b>	A large-scale EVS project must take place in the Programme Country where the European/international event in the field of youth, culture or sport is held.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>3 of April at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1 October of the same year and 31 July of the following year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

## ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE

<b>Duration of activity</b>	From 14 days to 2 months, excluding travel time.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	Young people aged between 17 and 30, from a Programme Country (except the country where the project is taking place) or from a Partner Country neighbouring the EU. A volunteer can only take part in one large-scale EVS project during the lifetime of the Erasmus+ Programme.
<b>Number of participants</b>	Minimum 30 volunteers.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a mobility project")</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal is suitable of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- producing high-quality learning outcomes for participants</li> <li>- raising awareness about the value of volunteering</li> <li>- raising awareness about the opportunities offered by the European Voluntary Service</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the project involves young people with fewer opportunities</li> </ul>
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<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 40 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of all the phases of the project proposal (preparation, implementation of the activities and follow-up)</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives and activities proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality of the practical arrangements, management and support modalities</li> <li>▪ The quality of the preparation provided to participants</li> <li>▪ The quality of the non-formal learning participative methods proposed and active involvement of young people at all levels of the project</li> <li>▪ The quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes, as well as the consistent use of European transparency and recognition tools</li> <li>▪ The appropriateness of measures for selecting and/or involving participants in the mobility activities</li> <li>• The quality of cooperation and communication between the participating organisations, as well as with other relevant stakeholders</li> <li>• The adherence of the participating organisations to the principles of the EVS Charter</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on participants and participating organisations during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 20 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation").

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

**Maximum grant awarded for a large scale EVS event: 200 000 EUR**

### FUNDING RULES FOR EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT DURING THE EVENT

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants from their place of origin to the venue of the project and return.	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities within the project (excluding subsistence for participants)	Unit costs	A 6.1 per day of activity per volunteer	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Individual support</b>	Costs directly linked to the subsistence of participants during the activity	Unit costs	A 6.2 per day of activity per volunteer	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form



<b>Exceptional costs</b>	Additional costs directly related to volunteers with fewer opportunities Visa and visa-related costs, residence permits, vaccinations	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form
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**FUNDING RULES FOR COMPLEMENTARY ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT DURING THE EVENT (OPTIONAL FUNDING)**

	<b>Eligible costs</b>	<b>Financing mechanism</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Rule of allocation</b>
<b>Activity costs</b>	<p>Any cost directly linked to the implementation of the complementary activities of the project, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Organisation of seminars, meetings, workshops;</li> <li>▪ Dissemination;</li> <li>▪ Intercultural/Task-related preparation of volunteers;</li> <li>▪ Permanent staff costs: these costs cannot be covered through the EU grant; they can be eligible if supported through other sources than the EU funds. In such cases, these costs can represent maximum 30% of the total external co-financing.</li> </ul> <p>Indirect costs: A flat-rate amount, not exceeding 7% of the eligible direct costs of the project, is eligible under indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs which can be regarded as chargeable to the project (e.g. electricity or internet bills, costs for premises, cost of permanent staff, etc.)</p>	Portion of eligible costs	Maximum 80% of the total eligible costs.	Conditional: the budget requested is justified in relation to the planned activities.

**TABLE A – EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE ACTIVITIES (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY)**

The amounts depend on the country where the European Voluntary Service event takes place.

	Organisational support	Individual support
	A6.1	A6.2
<b>Belgium</b>	20	4
<b>Bulgaria</b>	17	3
<b>Czech Republic</b>	17	4
<b>Denmark</b>	21	5
<b>Germany</b>	18	4
<b>Estonia</b>	18	3
<b>Ireland</b>	21	5
<b>Greece</b>	21	4
<b>Spain</b>	18	4
<b>France</b>	19	5
<b>Croatia</b>	19	4
<b>Italy</b>	21	4
<b>Cyprus</b>	21	4
<b>Latvia</b>	19	3
<b>Lithuania</b>	18	3
<b>Luxembourg</b>	21	4
<b>Hungary</b>	17	4
<b>Malta</b>	20	4
<b>Netherlands</b>	21	4
<b>Austria</b>	18	4
<b>Poland</b>	18	3
<b>Portugal</b>	20	4
<b>Romania</b>	17	2
<b>Slovenia</b>	20	3
<b>Slovakia</b>	19	4
<b>Finland</b>	21	4
<b>Sweden</b>	21	4
<b>United Kingdom</b>	21	5
<b>former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	15	2
<b>Iceland</b>	21	5
<b>Liechtenstein</b>	21	5
<b>Norway</b>	21	5
<b>Switzerland</b>	21	5
<b>Turkey</b>	17	3
<b>Partner Country neighbouring the EU</b>	15	2

## JOINT MASTER DEGREES

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A JOINT MASTER DEGREE?

Joint Master Degrees aim to:

- foster quality improvements, innovation, excellence and internationalisation in HEIs;
- increase the quality and the attractiveness of the European Higher Education Area (EHEA) and supporting EU external action in the higher education field, by offering full degree scholarships to the best Master students worldwide;
- improve the level of competences and skills of Master graduates, and in particular their relevance for the labour market, through an increased involvement of employers.

In this regard, Joint Master Degrees are expected to contribute to the objectives of the Europe 2020 Strategy and of the Education and Training strategic framework 2020 (ET2020), including the corresponding benchmarks established in those policies. JMDs will continue and strengthen the successful experience initiated with the Erasmus Mundus Master Courses (EMMCs) in raising the attractiveness of the EHEA worldwide and demonstrating the excellence and high level of integration of the joint study programmes delivered by European HEIs.

### WHAT IS A JOINT MASTER DEGREE?

A Joint Master Degree (JMD) is a high-level integrated international study programme of 60, 90 or 120 ECTS, delivered by an international consortium of higher education institutions (HEI) and - where relevant - other educational and/or non-educational partners with specific expertise and interest in the study areas/professional domains covered by the joint programme.

All participating HEIs established in a Programme Country must be master degree-awarding institutions and the corresponding degrees - covering the entire study programme of the JMD - must be fully recognised by the competent national authorities in the countries where these HEIs are established. The successful completion of the joint master programme must lead to the award of either a joint degree (i.e. one single diploma issued on behalf of at least two higher education institutions from different Programme Countries and fully recognised in these countries) or multiple degrees (i.e. at least two diplomas issued by two higher education institutions from different Programme Countries and fully recognised in these countries). Besides this core group of degree awarding HEIs, other consortium partner HEIs from Partner Countries can be involved in the award of joint or multiple degrees.

This implies that at application stage, JMD proposals will present fully developed joint study programmes, ready to run and to be advertised worldwide immediately after their selection. It also implies that the JMD selection process will be very selective with the aim of supporting only the very best proposals.

In return, selected JMDs will receive high levels of funding as well as long-term support so as to allow them to increase their worldwide visibility and reinforce their sustainability prospects. This long-term support will be composed of an initial funding period of 4 or 5 years, covering three consecutive student intakes. At the beginning of the third year of funding, JMDs will be offered the possibility to apply for a Quality Review aimed at verifying their actual performance, their continued excellence and their future sustainability prospects. JMDs that have successfully passed the Quality Review will be offered an additional funding period of up to three student intakes based on a "shared funding" principle (see the section on the Quality Review below).

The sections below describe the nature, selection and funding conditions of newly selected JMDs, as well as the conditions applicable to already funded JMDs to be funded through the "shared funding" principle.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

This Action will support the following activities:

- the delivery of a JMD programme corresponding to 60, 90 or 120 ECTS, organised through an international consortium of higher education institutions including the participation of invited scholars (guest lecturers) for teaching, training and/or research purposes;
- the award of scholarships to excellent students worldwide for their participation in one of these JMD programmes.

## WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN A JOINT MASTER DEGREE?

Joint Master Degree programmes are delivered by an international consortium of higher education institutions (HEIs) and - where relevant - other types of organisations (enterprises, public bodies, research organisations, etc.) contributing to the implementation of the Joint Master Degree.

The JMD consortium is composed of the:

- Applicant/coordinator: a HEI that submits the project proposal on behalf of all the partners. When the JMD is granted, the applicant/coordinator will become the main EU grant beneficiary and will sign a multi-beneficiary grant agreement on behalf of the JMD consortium. Its coordinating role stands for the following duties:
  - represents and acts on behalf of the group of participating organisations vis-à-vis the European Commission;
  - bears the financial and legal responsibility for the proper operational, administrative and financial implementation of the entire project;
  - coordinates the JMD in cooperation with all other project partners.
- Full partners: degree-awarding HEIs recognised as such by the relevant authorities of the Programme or Partner Country in which they are established and any private or public organisation that contributes actively to the preparation, implementation and evaluation of the JMD. Each full partner must sign a mandate by which the signatory grants power of attorney to the coordinator to act in his name and for his account during the implementation of the project.

Additionally the JMD study programme may also benefit from the involvement of associated partners (optional). These organisations contribute indirectly to the implementation of specific tasks/activities and/or support the dissemination and sustainability of the JMD. Such contribution may for example take the form of knowledge and skills transfer, the provision of complementary courses or backing possibilities for secondment or placement. For **contractual management issues, "associated partners" are not considered as part of the JMD consortium.**

The necessary institutional commitment of all the organisations participating in the JMD consortium must be ensured prior to the enrolment of the first JMD students in order to guarantee solid institutional embedding and backing. The JMD Consortium Agreement (see guidelines and models available on the Executive Agency website) will be a key instrument for this purpose and will have to be signed by all partner institutions prior to the launching of the first scholarship application and selection procedure. This JMD Consortium Agreement will have to cover as precisely as possible all academic, operational, administrative and financial aspects related to the implementation of the JMD and the management of the JMD scholarships.

As a prerequisite for their participation in a JMD consortium, all HEIs from Programme Countries must hold a valid Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE). HEIs from Partner Countries are not expected to hold an ECHE, but will be required to sign up to its principles as part of the JMD Consortium Agreement.

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A JOINT MASTER DEGREE?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Joint Master Degree must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Eligible participating organisations</b>	<p>A participating organisation can be any public or private organisation, established in a Programme Country or in a Partner Country that contributes directly and actively to the delivery of the JMD.</p> <p>For example, such organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a higher education institution;</li> <li>▪ a public or private, a small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>▪ a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>▪ a research institute.</li> </ul> <p>Higher education institutions established in a Programme Country must hold a valid Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE). An ECHE is not required for participating HEIs in Partner Countries. If necessary, EU Delegations in the Partner Countries may be asked to check that degree awarding HEIs in their respective country are eligible (i.e. that their degree is fully recognised).</p>
<b>Who can apply?</b>	<p>A HEI established in a Programme Country. The HEI applies on behalf of the JMD consortium. Branches of Partner-Country HEIs established in a Programme Country or branches of Programme-Country HEIs established in a Partner Country are not eligible for applying.</p>
<b>Number and profile of participating organisations</b>	<p>A Joint Master Degree is transnational and involves as full partners HEIs from at least three different Programme Countries. All other full partner organisations from Programme or Partner Countries must be identified at the time of applying for a grant.</p>
<b>Eligible participants</b>	<p>Students at Master level, staff of the participating organisations, invited scholars (/guest lecturers) from Programme and Partner Countries.</p> <p>Participants will apply for a scholarship directly to the JMD consortium of their choice.</p>
<b>Number of participants</b>	<p>Indicatively, and during the initial period of funding, the JMD grant will finance between 13 and 20 student scholarship holders and at least 4 invited scholars/guest lecturers per intake (per JMD edition)<sup>16</sup>.</p>
<b>Venue(s)</b>	<p>The JMD study period must take place in at least two of the Programme Countries represented in the consortium. Additional study (/research /placement /thesis preparation) periods can take place in other participating organisations from Programme or Partner countries, or even in organisations not represented in the consortium (e.g. associated partners) under the condition that the activities concerned are implemented under the direct supervision of one of the consortium partner HEIs.</p>
<b>Duration of project</b>	<p>Depending on the duration of the Joint Master Degree (1 to 2 years) the consortium will receive a 4 or 5 year grant agreement to finance one preparatory year followed by 3 consecutive student intakes.</p> <p>Before the end of this initial funding period, JMDs will be invited to apply for a Quality Review that, if successful, may result in an additional funding period of up to four years (or three intakes) based on a "shared funding" principle (see Quality Review section below).</p>
<b>Duration of activity</b>	<p>Preparatory year: 1 academic year.</p> <p>Implementation of the Joint Master Degree programme: 3 consecutive intakes of 1 to 2 academic years (60/90/120 ECTS).</p>
<b>Where to apply?</b>	<p>To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.</p>

<sup>16</sup> These indicative figures apply only to newly selected JMDs. On-going Erasmus Mundus Master Courses as well as JMDs funded after the Quality Review may be offered a reduced number of scholarships.

<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>27 March at 12 pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1 August and 31 October of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will also be assessed against **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

### ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR STUDENT SCHOLARSHIPS

<b>Duration of activity</b>	The student scholarship will cover the entire duration of the Master course.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	<p>Students at Master level who have obtained a first higher education degree<sup>17</sup> or demonstrate a recognised equivalent level of learning according to national legislation and practices in the degree awarding countries.</p> <p>Students applying for a JMD scholarship for a specific academic intake are not allowed to submit a scholarship application to more than three JMD consortia.</p> <p>Students who have already obtained a JMD scholarship or an Erasmus Mundus Master Course scholarship are not eligible to apply for an additional scholarship under the JMD action.</p> <p>A minimum of 75 % of JMD scholarships will be earmarked for candidates from Partner Countries.</p>
<b>Learning outcomes</b>	<p>The successful completion of the JMD programme must lead to the award of either a joint degree (i.e. one single degree certificate issued on behalf of at least two higher education institutions from different Programme Countries and fully recognised in these countries) or multiple degrees (i.e. at least two degree certificates issued by two higher education institutions from different Programme Countries and fully recognised in these countries).</p> <p>Students will have to acquire the totality of ECTS credits covered by the JMD (60, 90 or 120). Moreover, for each of their mandatory study period in at least two Programme Countries, they will have to acquire at least 20 ECTS (for 60 ECTS study programmes) or 30 ECTS (for 90 or 120 ECTS study programmes).</p>

### AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The proposal is relevant to the objectives of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a Joint Master Degree")</li> <li>▪ The proposal is justified in terms of increasing the attractiveness of the European Higher Education Area and is linked to identified and relevant needs in a European/worldwide context</li> <li>▪ The proposal contributes to European university excellence, innovation and competitiveness, and to the cooperation expectations of the non-European Partner Countries</li> <li>▪ The proposal defines the academic programme and learning outcomes of the JMD and the way in which the course provides relevant competencies and skills that graduates need for employability in the related academic and non-academic sectors</li> <li>▪ The proposal clearly outlines the types of interaction between the JMD and non-educational actors in the course implementation thereby ensuring its sustainability beyond its initial funding period</li> </ul>
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<sup>17</sup> While this condition must necessarily be fulfilled at the time of enrolment, JMD consortia may decide to accept scholarship applications from students in the last year of their first higher education degree.

<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The proposal's elements of "jointness"/integration, design and structure (including its consortium composition) are tailored and effective for achieving the JMD aims and objectives</li> <li>▪ The proposal clearly describes to what extent the course is based on a jointly developed curriculum, and what is the level of participation and institutional commitment of individual partners to the JMD</li> <li>▪ The proposal outlines in detail the course structure and the main teaching modules, defines how the student mobility is organised and instrumental to the course objectives, and presents a draft strategy/planning for an effective involvement of scholars/guest lecturers</li> <li>▪ The proposal explains the common methods for the examination of students as well as the use of ECTS or other built-in mechanisms for the recognition of study and performance assessment</li> <li>▪ The proposal describes how the JMD integrates within the partners' degrees catalogue, defines its recognition status, and (if applicable) outlines the on-going recognition/accreditation process</li> <li>▪ The proposal clearly explains the quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes, as well as the consistent use of European transparency and recognition tools</li> <li>▪ The proposal explains in detail all relevant information provided to the students/academic staff prior to course enrolment, and the services offered in terms of support for accommodation, language training, administrative formalities, and insurance</li> <li>▪ The proposal clearly outlines the course rules, and the students' rights and obligations concerning the academic, administrative and financial aspects of the JMD implementation</li> <li>▪ The proposal describes the envisaged activities/facilities to ensure the effective integration/networking of the JMD students within their socio-cultural and professional environment</li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project team and the cooperation arrangements (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The proposal clearly shows the fields of expertise of the involved partners/staff and how they are complementary and of added value for the JMD implementation</li> <li>▪ The proposal describes the role and tasks of each partner in the JMD implementation, and the working mechanisms of the governing bodies and management tools in place</li> <li>▪ The proposal outlines the common criteria and practical mechanisms for jointly managing the student application/selection process</li> <li>▪ The proposal explains how the students' participation costs have been calculated, and provides a description on how the financial resources including complementary funding will be mobilised, allocated and managed within the partnership</li> </ul>



**Impact and dissemination (maximum 20 points)**

- The proposal explains how it will generate impact at institutional level (faculty/university), and how the JMD will support the internationalisation strategy of the consortium partners and facilitate their outreach towards relevant stakeholders at national/European/international level
- The proposal describes the types and methods of promotion/dissemination mechanisms, its target groups, and the concrete tasks of the partners in the awareness-raising strategy of the JMD
- The proposal describes the set of internal evaluation methods of the JMD, how they will be put into practice, and how the assessment outcomes will be used to monitor, upgrade and improve the quality of the course
- The proposal outlines what will be the roles of the national, international or professional quality assurance bodies involved in the external evaluation process of the JMD. The proposal describes whether, when and from where external experts will be involved, and which methodology will be applied in their work
- The proposal offers a convincing mid/long-term development/sustainability strategy, with realistic projections for the future (including ways to mobilise other funding sources for scholarships). The ambitions of the involved partners in this scenario are defined, and the degree of commitment towards the objectives is clearly underpinned
- The proposal describes how employers will be involved in the course's implementation, particularly with a view to increasing employability prospects
- If relevant, the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations.

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 70 points. Furthermore, they must score minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "quality of the project design and implementation"; and 10 points for the categories "quality of the project team and cooperation arrangements" and "impact and dissemination".

**WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?**

More compulsory criteria and additional useful information relating to this Action can be found in the Annex I of this Guide. The Annex includes:

- conditions relating to the design of the Joint Master;
- conditions relating to Master students;
- conditions relating to monitoring and quality assurance;
- selection procedure of JMD consortia.

Interested organisations are invited to read carefully the relevant sections of this Annex before applying for financial support.

**THE JOINT MASTER DEGREE REPOSITORY**

In order to contribute to the promotion, visibility and accessibility of the Erasmus + student scholarships that will be offered by on-going JMDs to the best master students worldwide, Joint Master Degrees will be included in an online repository hosted on the Executive Agency website.

The JMD repository will advertise all the joint master programmes offering Erasmus + scholarships for the next academic year. This will include newly selected JMDs as well as Erasmus Mundus Master Courses with an on-going framework partnership agreement and those JMDs (and EMMCs) that have successfully passed the Quality Review.

The JMD repository will allow candidate students to select the JMDs of their choice and to apply for an Erasmus + scholarship directly to the consortia concerned.



## THE QUALITY REVIEW AND CATALOGUE

Joint master programmes coming to the end of their initial funding period<sup>18</sup>, will be invited to undergo a thorough Quality Review process aimed at assessing the extent to which:

- the JMD has met the expectations raised in the initial funding period in terms of excellence, performance and relevance;
- management/financial practices within and between the consortium partners have proved to be effective and in accordance with the Programme rules;
- the JMD has clear prospects for sustainability and can maintain standards of excellence in delivering the course even with reduced Erasmus+ financial support.

The Quality Review will be carried out by independent academic experts on the basis of information and data provided by the JMD beneficiaries (during their funding period as well as through a Quality Review report) as well as by the students and alumni enrolled in the joint study programme. The Quality Review will also include interviews with the JMD coordinators and partners to allow them to present the most relevant aspects of their joint study programme and respond to the issues raised in the experts and/or students and alumni reports.

JMDs that have successfully passed the Quality Review will be offered the possibility to be included in the JMD Catalogue, and receive further funding covering up to three additional student intakes. This funding will be conditioned by a 'shared funding' commitment under which each Erasmus + scholarship offered to the JMD will have to be backed by a consortium commitment to provide equivalent financial resources, either via the fees paid by self-funded students or through students scholarships funded by the participating HEIs and/or their (public or private) sponsors.

The Quality Review report as well as all the information and instruction documents necessary to apply will be available on the Agency website for the JMDs concerned.

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<sup>18</sup> This applies to newly selected JMDs as well as to Erasmus Mundus Master Courses with an on-going framework partnership agreement.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

Selected Joint Masters Degrees will be supported through a grant agreement covering one preparatory year and three consecutive student intakes (4 or 5 year grant agreements depending on the length of the JMD study programme). Each project may give rise to the award of only one EU grant to the JMD Consortium, for the same JMD programme over the length of the agreement.

The JMD grant is calculated according to the following funding principles:

- a grant for the consortium management fees and the academic staff mobility and
- a variable number of student scholarships of 25 000 EUR maximum per year (indicatively between 13 and 20 scholarships per intake).

In detail, the budget of the JMD must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

### A) Joint Master Degree management:

Contribution to the consortium management costs and costs for invited scholars and guest lecturers	20 000 EUR for the preparatory year
	50 000 EUR per intake of the JMD

### B) Joint Master Degree student scholarships:

The JMD student scholarships will include the students' participation costs (including the tuition fees, full insurance coverage and any other mandatory costs related to the students' participation in the course), a contribution to student travel and installation cost and a subsistence allowance for the entire duration of the JMD study programme. Details on the JMD student scholarship amounts are given in the table below:

Contribution to the participation costs	up to 9.000 EUR per year per scholarship holder from a Partner Country
	up to 4.500 EUR per year per scholarship holder from a Programme Country
	Any amount in excess of these maximum contributions must be covered by the participating organisations and cannot be charged to the scholarship holder.
Contribution to the travel and installation costs	1.000 EUR per year per scholarship holder resident of a Programme Country for travel costs
	2.000 EUR per year for travel costs + 1.000 EUR for installation costs for scholarship holder resident of a Partner Country whose location is situated at less than 4.000 km from the JMD coordinating HEI
	3.000 EUR per year for travel costs + 1.000 EUR for installation costs for scholarship holder resident of a Partner Country whose location is situated at 4.000 km or more from the JMD coordinating HEI
Contribution to subsistence costs	<b>1.000 € per month for the entire duration of the JMD study programme (24 months maximum).</b> Contribution to subsistence costs will not be given to the scholarship holders for the JMD (study /research /placement / thesis preparation) periods spent in their country of residence.

The actual amount of the individual scholarships will vary in accordance with a) the JMD length (60, 90 or 120 ECTS); b) the student country/region of residence: c) the JMD participation costs.

### Total grant amount

Based on these parameters, the Joint Master Degree grant for the preparatory year and the three student intakes will vary indicatively between **2 and 3 million EUR**.

## **MASTER STUDENT LOAN GUARANTEE**

Higher education students at master's level who want to complete a full study programme in another Programme Country can apply for a loan to contribute to their costs.

The Student Loan Guarantee facility will be established in cooperation with the European Investment Bank Group. The facility will provide a partial guarantee against loan defaults for banks or student loan agencies in Programme Countries who will participate. The EU partial guarantee will thus mitigate risk for financial institutions lending to a group they currently do not consider. In return for access to the partial guarantee, banks will be required to offer loans on affordable conditions to mobile students, including better than market interest rates and up to two years to allow graduates to get into a job before beginning repayment.

The establishment of a student loan guarantee facility will enable young people to gain access to loans to support their studies abroad over the lifetime of the Erasmus+ Programme. The EU budget allocation will leverage a multiple amount in financing from the banking sector for loans to mobile masters students.

The management of the Facility at the EU level will be entrusted to the European Investment Fund, part of the European Investment Bank.

Following a call for expressions of interest at EU-level, financial intermediaries will be selected to operate the Erasmus+-backed student loans in Programme Countries, based upon open and transparent criteria. These financial intermediaries will be the sole interface for the individual student for the assessment of loan applications, conferral of loans and collection of repayments. It is expected that the Facility will be in place to guarantee the first loans to be given for the beginning of the academic year 2014/15 (i.e. September 2014).

More information will be available on the website of the European Commission in due course.



## KEY ACTION 2: COOPERATION FOR INNOVATION AND THE EXCHANGE OF GOOD PRACTICES

### WHICH ACTIONS ARE SUPPORTED?

This Key Action supports:

- Strategic Partnerships in the field of education, training and youth;
- Knowledge Alliances;
- Sector Skills Alliances;
- Capacity Building in the field of youth.

The Actions supported under this Key Action are expected to bring positive and long-lasting effects on the participating organisations, on the policy systems in which such Actions are framed as well as on the persons directly or indirectly involved in the organised activities.

This Key Action is expected to result in the development, transfer and/or implementation of innovative practices at organisational, local, regional, national or European levels.

For the participating organisations, projects supported under this Key Action are intended to produce the following outcomes:

- innovative approaches to addressing their target groups, by providing for example: more attractive education and training programmes, in line with individuals' needs and expectations; use of participatory approaches and ICT-based methodologies; new or improved processes of recognition and validation of competences; greater effectiveness of activities for the benefit of local communities; new or improved practices to cater for the needs of disadvantaged groups and to deal with social, linguistic and cultural diversity; the opportunity to be awarded the European Language Label for excellence in language learning or teaching;
- a more modern, dynamic, committed and professional environment inside the organisation: ready to integrate good practices and new methods into daily activities; open to synergies with organisations active in different fields or in other socio-economic sectors; strategic planning of professional development for staff in line with individual needs and organisational objectives;
- increased capacity and professionalism to work at EU/international level: improved management competences and internationalisation strategies; reinforced cooperation with partners from other countries, other fields of education, training and youth and/or other socio-economic sectors; increased allocation of financial resources (other than EU funds) to organise EU/international projects in the field of education, training and youth; increased quality in the preparation, implementation, monitoring and follow-up of EU/international projects.

Projects funded under this Key Action are also likely to have a positive impact on the persons directly or indirectly involved in the activities, such as, for example:

- increased sense of initiative and entrepreneurship;
- increased competence in foreign languages;
- increased level of digital competence;
- greater understanding and responsiveness to social, linguistic and cultural diversity;
- improved levels of skills for employability and new business creation (including social entrepreneurship);
- more active participation in society;
- more positive attitude towards the European project and the EU values;
- better understanding and recognition of skills and qualifications in Europe and beyond;
- improved competences, linked to their professional profiles (teaching, training, youth work, etc.);
- broader understanding of practices, policies and systems in education, training or youth across countries;
- greater understanding of interconnections between formal, non-formal education, vocational training, other forms of learning and labour market respectively;
- increased opportunities for professional development;
- increased motivation and satisfaction in their daily work.

At systemic level, they are expected to trigger modernisation and reinforce education, training and youth systems response to the main challenges of today's world (employment, economic stability and growth, as well as active participation in democratic life). Therefore, the impact of this Key Action is intended to be:



- increased quality of education and training and youth work in Europe and beyond: combining higher levels of excellence and attractiveness with increased opportunities for all, including those at disadvantage;
- education, training and youth systems that are better aligned to the needs of and opportunities offered by the labour market, and closer links to business and the community;
- improved provision and assessment of basic and transversal skills, particularly entrepreneurship, language competences and digital skills;
- increased synergies and links and improved transition between the different systems of education, training and youth at national level, with improved use of European reference tools for recognition, validation and transparency of competences and qualifications;
- Promote the use of learning outcomes when describing and defining qualifications, parts of qualifications and curricula, in support to teaching and learning and in assessment;
- new and increased inter-regional and cross-border cooperation of public authorities in the fields of education, training and youth;
- more strategic and integrated use of ICTs and open educational resources (OER) by education, training and youth systems;
- increased motivation for language learning through innovative teaching methods and better links to practical use of language skills required by the labour market;
- reinforced interaction between practice, research and policy in each system.

## STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS IN THE FIELD OF EDUCATION, TRAINING AND YOUTH

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP?

Strategic Partnerships aim to support the development, transfer and/or implementation of innovative practices at organisational, local, regional, national or European levels with the aim of:

- enhancing the quality and relevance of the learning offer in education, training and youth work by developing new and innovative approaches and supporting the dissemination of best practices;
- fostering the provision and the assessment of key-competences, including basic skills and transversal skills particularly entrepreneurship, languages and digital skills;
- increasing labour market relevance of learning provision and qualifications and reinforcing links between education, training or the youth fields with the world of work;
- promoting take-up of innovative practices in education, training and youth by supporting personalised learning approaches, collaborative learning and critical thinking, strategic use of Information and Communication Technologies (ICT), open educational resources (OER), open and flexible learning, virtual mobility and other innovative learning methods;
- promoting structured inter-regional and cross-border cooperation: enhancing the commitment of local and regional public authorities in the qualitative development of the education, training and youth fields;
- enhancing the professional development of those working or active in the education, training and youth fields by innovating and increasing the quality and range of initial and continuing training, including new pedagogies, ICT-based methodologies and use of OER;
- improving the capacities of organisations active in the fields of education, training and youth, notably in the areas of strategic development, organisational management, leadership, quality of learning provision, internationalisation, equity and inclusion, qualitative and targeted activities for specific groups;
- fostering equity and inclusion in education, training and youth, to enable quality learning for all as well as to prevent drop-out and promote participation of disadvantaged groups in society;
- promote entrepreneurship education to develop active citizenship, employability and new business creation (including social entrepreneurship), supporting future learning and career paths for individuals in line with their personal and professional development;
- increasing participation in learning and employability by developing quality career guidance, counselling and support services;
- facilitating the transition of learners through different levels and types of formal/non-formal education and training through the use of European reference tools for the recognition, validation and transparency of competences and qualifications.

These objectives will be achieved through projects that:

- address policy objectives, challenges and needs of a specific field (i.e. higher education, vocational education and training (VET), school education, adult education, youth); or
- address policy objectives, challenges and needs relevant to several fields of education, training and youth.

In addition, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, priority will be given to Strategic Partnerships that aim to:

- foster the assessment of transversal skills and promote the take-up of practical entrepreneurial experiences in education, training and youth work;
- promote the professional development of staff and youth workers in ICT methodologies and support the production and adoption of OER in diverse European languages;
- facilitate the validation of non-formal and informal learning and its permeability with formal education pathways;
- pursue one or more of the priorities described in the introduction chapters "Education and Training" and "Youth" in Part B of this Guide.

### WHAT IS A STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP?

Strategic Partnerships offer the opportunity to organisations active in the fields of education, training and youth, as well as enterprises, public authorities, civil society organisations active in different socio-economic sectors to cooperate in order to implement innovative practices leading to high quality teaching, training, learning and youth work, institutional modernisation and societal innovation. Erasmus+ offers great flexibility in terms of activities that Strategic Partnerships can implement, as long as the proposal demonstrates that these activities are the most appropriate to reach the objectives defined for the project.

## WHAT ARE THE ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED IN A STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP?

Over the lifetime of a project, Strategic Partnerships may typically realise a broad range of activities, for example:

- activities that strengthen the cooperation between organisations with a view to establishing **exchanges of practices**;
- activities that promote the development, testing and/or implementation of **innovative practices** in the field of education, training and youth;
- activities that facilitate the **recognition and validation of knowledge, skills and competences** acquired through formal, non-formal and informal learning;.
- activities of **cooperation between regional authorities** to promote the development of education, training and youth systems and their integration in actions of local and regional development;
- transnational initiatives fostering entrepreneurial mind-sets and skills, to encourage **active citizenship and entrepreneurship (including social entrepreneurship)**.

Strategic Partnerships may also organise **training, teaching or learning activities** of individuals, in so far as they bring added value in the achievement of the project's objectives.

## WHO CAN TAKE PART IN A STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP?

Strategic Partnerships are open to any type of organisation active in any field of education, training and youth or other socio-economic sectors as well as to organisations carrying out activities that are transversal to different fields (e.g. local and regional authorities, recognition and validation centres, chambers of commerce, trade organisations, guidance centres, cultural organisations). Depending on the objective of the project, Strategic Partnerships should involve the most appropriate and diverse range of partners in order to benefit from their different experiences, profiles and specific expertise and to produce relevant and high quality project results.

As a general rule, Strategic Partnerships target the cooperation between organisations established in Programme Countries. However, organisations from Partner Countries can be involved in a Strategic Partnership, as partners (not as applicants), if their participation brings an essential added value to the project.

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Strategic Partnership must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:



## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A participating organisation can be any public or private organisation, established in a Programme Country or in any Partner Country of the world (see section "Eligible Countries" in Part A of this Guide).</p> <p>For example, such organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a higher education institution;</li> <li>▪ a school/institute/educational centre (at any level, from pre-school to upper secondary education<sup>19</sup>, and including vocational education and adult education);</li> <li>▪ a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>▪ a public or private, a small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>▪ a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ a social partner or other representative of working life, including chambers of commerce, industry, craft/professional associations and trade unions;</li> <li>▪ a research institute;</li> <li>▪ a foundation;</li> <li>▪ an inter-company training centre;</li> <li>▪ enterprises providing shared training (collaborative training);</li> <li>▪ a cultural organisation, library, museum;</li> <li>▪ a body providing career guidance, professional counselling and information services;</li> <li>▪ a body validating knowledge, skills and competences acquired through non-formal and informal learning;</li> <li>▪ a European Youth NGO;</li> <li>▪ a group of young people active in youth work but not necessarily in the context of a youth organisation (i.e. informal group of young people<sup>20</sup>).</li> </ul> <p>Higher education institutions (HEIs) established in a Programme Country must hold a valid Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE). An ECHE is not required for participating HEIs in Partner Countries, but they will have to sign up to its principles.</p>
<p><b>Who can apply?</b></p>	<p>Any participating organisation established in a Programme Country can be the applicant. This organisation applies on behalf of all participating organisations involved in the project.</p>
<p><b>Number and profile of participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A Strategic Partnership is transnational and involves minimum three organisations from three different Programme Countries. All participating organisations must be identified at the time of applying for a grant.</p> <p>However, the following types of projects may involve two organisations from minimum two Programme Countries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Strategic Partnerships involving only schools;</li> <li>▪ Strategic Partnerships promoting cooperation between local/regional school authorities. These projects must involve minimum two local or regional school authorities from two different Programme Countries<sup>21</sup>. From each respective country, the partnership must also include at least: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– one school; and</li> <li>– one local organisation active in another fields of education, training and youth or in the labour market.</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ Strategic Partnerships in the youth field.</li> </ul>

<sup>19</sup> Please refer to the list of eligible schools in each country. For more information, contact the National Agency in the country.

<sup>20</sup> In case of an informal group, one of the members of the group assumes the role of representative and takes responsibility on behalf of the group.

<sup>21</sup> Please refer to the list of eligible organisations in each country.

<p><b>Duration of project</b></p>	<p><b>Partnerships in the youth field:</b> between 6 months and 2 years.</p> <p><b>Other types of Partnerships:</b> 2 or 3 years.</p> <p>The duration has to be chosen at application stage, based on the objective of the project and on the type of activities planned over time.</p> <p>In exceptional cases, the duration of a Strategic Partnership may be extended, upon request by the beneficiary and with the agreement of the National Agency, of up to 6 months and provided that the total duration does not exceed 3 years. In such a case, the total grant will not change.</p>
<p><b>Where to apply?</b></p>	<p>To the National Agency of the country in which the applicant organisation is established.</p> <p>Per deadline, the same consortium of partners can submit only one application and to one National Agency only.</p>
<p><b>When to apply?</b></p>	<p><b>Partnerships in the youth field:</b></p> <p>applicants have to submit their grant application by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>30 April at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1 September of the same year and 28 February of the following year;</li> <li>▪ <b>1 October at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1 February and 30 September of the following year.</li> </ul> <p><b>Other types of Partnerships:</b></p> <p>applicants have to submit their grant application by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>30 April at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 September of the same year.</li> </ul>
<p><b>How to apply?</b></p>	<p>Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.</p>

If the Strategic Partnership foresees training, teaching or learning activities, the following criteria must be respected, in addition to those listed above:

<p><b>Eligible Activities</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Blended mobility combining short-term physical mobility (less than 2 months) with virtual mobility;</li> <li>▪ Short-term exchanges of groups of pupils (5 days to 2 months);</li> <li>▪ Intensive Study Programmes (5 days to 2 months);</li> <li>▪ Long-term study mobility of pupils (2 to 12 months);</li> <li>▪ Long-term teaching or training assignments (2 to 12 months);</li> <li>▪ Long-term mobility of youth workers (2 to 12 months);</li> <li>▪ Short-term joint staff training events (5 days to 2 months).</li> </ul> <p>Activities of learners as well as long-term activities of staff or youth workers from or to Partner Countries are not eligible.</p>
<p><b>Venue(s) of the activity</b></p>	<p>Activities must take place in the countries of the organisations participating in the Strategic Partnership.</p>
<p><b>Eligible participants</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Students registered in a participating HEI and enrolled in studies leading to a recognised degree or other recognised tertiary level qualification, up to and including the level of doctorate (in Intensive Study Programmes and blended mobility activities);</li> <li>▪ Apprentices, VET students, adult learners, and young people in blended mobility;</li> <li>▪ Pupils of any age, accompanied by school staff (in short-term exchanges of groups of pupils);</li> <li>▪ Pupils aged 14 or older enrolled in full-time education at a school participating in the Strategic Partnership (in long-term study mobility of pupils);</li> <li>▪ Professors, teachers, trainers and educational and administrative staff employed at a participating organisation, youth workers.</li> </ul>

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

### AWARD CRITERIA

Depending on the objectives of the project, the participating organisations involved, the expected impact, and other elements, Strategic Partnerships can be of different sizes, and adapt their activities accordingly. In simplified terms, this action enables participating organisations to gain experience in international cooperation and to strengthen their capacities, but also to produce high-quality innovative deliverables. The qualitative assessment of the project will be proportional to the objectives of the cooperation and the nature of the organisations involved.

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives of European policies relevant to one or more fields of education, training and youth</li> <li>- the objectives and the priorities of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a Strategic Partnership")</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the proposal is based on a genuine and adequate needs analysis</li> <li>- the objectives are clearly defined, realistic and address issues relevant to the participating organisations and target groups</li> <li>- the proposal is suitable of realising synergies between different fields of education, training and youth</li> <li>- the proposal is innovative and/or complementary to other initiatives already carried out by the participating organisations</li> <li>- the proposal brings added value at EU level through results that would not be attained by activities carried out in a single country</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, monitoring, evaluation and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives and activities proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> <li>▪ The existence and relevance of quality control measures to ensure that the project implementation is of high quality, completed in time and on budget</li> <li>▪ The extent to which the project is cost-effective and allocates appropriate resources to each activity</li> </ul> <p>If the project plans training, teaching or learning activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which these activities are appropriate to the project's aims and involve the appropriate number of participants</li> <li>▪ The quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes, in line with European transparency and recognition tools and principles</li> </ul>



<p><b>Quality of the project team and the cooperation arrangements (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The extent to which:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the project involves an appropriate mix of complementary participating organisations with the necessary profile, experience and expertise to successfully deliver all aspects of the project</li> <li>- the distribution of responsibilities and tasks demonstrates the commitment and active contribution of all participating organisations</li> <li>- if relevant for the project type, the project involves participation of organisations from different fields of education, training, youth and other socio-economic sectors</li> <li>- the project involves newcomers to the Action</li> </ul> </li> <li>• The existence of effective mechanisms for coordination and communication between the participating organisations, as well as with other relevant stakeholders</li> <li>• If applicable, the extent to which the involvement of a participating organisation from a Partner Country brings an essential added value to the project (if this condition is not fulfilled, the project will not be considered for selection)</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on participants and participating organisations, during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The quality of the dissemination plan: the appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at sharing the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li> <li>▪ If relevant, the extent to which the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations</li> <li>▪ The quality of the plans for ensuring the sustainability of the project: its capacity to continue having an impact and producing results after the EU grant has been used up</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 10 points for the categories "quality of the project design and implementation" and "quality of the project team and the cooperation arrangements").

**WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?**

More compulsory criteria and additional useful information, as well as project examples relating to this Action can be found in the Annex I of this Guide. Interested organisations are invited to read carefully the relevant sections of this Annex before applying for financial support.

## **WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?**

Strategic Partnerships will range from fairly simple cooperation projects between small scale organisations (like schools or informal groups of young people) to rather sophisticated and large-scale projects focusing on the development and exchange of innovative outputs in all fields of education, training and youth. The expenses incurred by the different types of projects will necessarily vary accordingly.

By consequence, the proposed funding model consists of a menu of cost items from which applicants will choose according to the activities they want to undertake and the results they want to achieve. The first two items, "project management and implementation" and "transnational project meetings" are cost items that all types of Strategic Partnerships may apply for, as they are meant to contribute to costs that any project will incur. The other cost items can only be chosen by projects that will pursue more substantial objectives in terms of intellectual outputs/products, dissemination or embedded teaching, training and learning activities. Additionally, if justified by the project activities/outputs, exceptional costs and costs for participation of persons with special needs can be covered.

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

**Maximum grant awarded for a Strategic Partnership: 150 000 EUR per year (i.e. 12 500 EUR per month)**

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Project management and implementation</b>	Project management (e.g. planning, finances, coordination and communication between partners, etc.); small scale learning/teaching/training materials, tools, approaches etc. Virtual cooperation and local project activities (e.g. class room project work with learners, youth work activities, organisation and mentoring of embedded learning/training activities, etc.); information, promotion and dissemination (e.g. brochures, leaflets, web information, etc.).	Unit costs	Contribution to the activities of the coordinating organisation:  <b>500 EUR</b> per month	Maximum <b>2750 EUR</b> per month  Based on the duration of the Strategic Partnership and on the number of participating organisations involved
		Unit costs	Contribution to the activities of the other participating organisations:  <b>250 EUR</b> per participating organisation per month	
<b>Transnational project meetings</b>	Participation in meetings between project partners and hosted by one of the participating organisations for implementation and coordination purposes. Contribution to travel and subsistence costs	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 1999KM:  <b>575 EUR</b> per participant per meeting	Maximum <b>23 000 EUR</b> per year  Conditional: applicants must justify the need for the meetings in terms of number of meetings and participants involved. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances of 2000 KM or more:  <b>760 EUR</b> per participant per meeting	

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount		Rule of allocation
<b>Intellectual outputs</b>	Intellectual outputs/ tangible deliverables of the project (such as curricula, pedagogical and youth work materials, open educational resources (OER), IT tools, analyses, studies, peer-learning methods, etc.)	Unit costs	<b>B1.1</b> per manager per day of work on the project		Conditional: staff costs for managers and administrative staff are expected to be covered already under "Project management and implementation". To prevent potential overlap with such item, applicants will have to justify the type and volume of staff costs applied for in relation to each output proposed.  The outputs should be substantial in quality and quantity to qualify for this type of grant support.
			<b>B1.2</b> per researcher/ teacher /trainer/youth worker per day of work on the project		
			<b>B1.3</b> per technician per day of work on the project		
			<b>B1.4</b> per administrative staff per day of work on the project		
<b>Multiplier events</b>	Contribution to the costs linked to the organisation of national and transnational conferences/seminars/events aimed at sharing and disseminating the intellectual outputs realised by the project.  Multiplier events taking place in a Partner Country are not eligible for funding.	Unit costs	<b>100 EUR</b> per local participant  (i.e. participants from the country where the event is taking place)	Maximum <b>30 000 EUR</b> per project	Conditional: support for multiplier events is provided only if in direct relation to the intellectual outputs of the project. A project without grant support for intellectual outputs cannot receive support for organising multiplier events.
			<b>200 EUR</b> per international participant (i.e. participants from other countries)		
<b>Exceptional costs</b>	Contribution to real costs related to subcontracting or purchase of goods and services	Portion of eligible costs	75% of eligible costs Maximum of <b>50.000 EUR</b> per project		Conditional: subcontracting has to be related to services that cannot be provided directly by the participating organisations for duly justified reasons. Equipment cannot concern normal office equipment or equipment normally used by the participating organisations
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs		Conditional: the request for these costs must be motivated in the application form.

**FUNDING RULES FOR TRANSNATIONAL TRAINING, TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT WITHIN THE STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP (OPTIONAL FUNDING)**

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount		Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, including accompanying persons, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 1 999KM: <b>275 EUR</b> per participant		
			For travel distances of 2 000KM or more: <b>360 EUR</b> per participant		
<b>Individual support</b>	Unit cost per day covering the subsistence of participants during the activity	Unit costs	Long term teaching or training assignments	up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: <b>B1.5</b> per day per participant +	Conditional: applicants will have to justify that mobility activities are necessary to achieve the objectives and results of the project. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			Long term mobility of youth workers	between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: <b>B1.6</b> per day per participant +	
			Short term joint staff training events	between the 61 <sup>th</sup> day of activity and up to 12 months: <b>B1.7</b> per day per participant	
			Long term mobility of pupils	up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: <b>100 EUR</b> per day per participant +	
			Short term activities for learners (blended mobility, short term pupils' mobility, intensive programmes):	between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: <b>70 EUR</b> per day per participant	
				<b>B1.8</b> per day per participant	
				up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: <b>55 EUR</b> per day per participant +	
				between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: <b>40 EUR</b> per day per participant	
<b>Linguistic support</b>	Costs linked to the support offered to participants in order to improve the knowledge of the language of instruction or work	Unit costs	Only for activities lasting between 2 and 12 months: 150 EUR per participant needing linguistic support		Conditional: the request for financial support must be motivated in the application form



**TABLE A – INTELLECTUAL OUTPUTS (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY)**

This funding can only be used for staff costs of organisations participating in the project for the production of Intellectual outputs. The amounts depend on: a) profile of staff involved in the project and b) the country of the participating organisation whose staff is involved.

	<b>Manager</b>	<b>Teacher/Trainer /Researcher/ Youth worker</b>	<b>Technician</b>	<b>Administrative staff</b>
	<b>B1.1</b>	<b>B1.2</b>	<b>B1.3</b>	<b>B1.4</b>
<b>Denmark, Ireland, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Austria, Sweden, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland</b>	294	241	190	157
<b>Belgium, Germany, , France, Italy, Finland, United Kingdom, Iceland</b>	280	214	162	131
<b>Czech Republic, Greece, Spain, Cyprus, Malta, Portugal, Slovenia</b>	164	137	102	78
<b>Bulgaria, Estonia, Croatia, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Slovakia former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Turkey</b>	88	74	55	39

**TABLE B – INTELLECTUAL OUTPUTS (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY)**

This funding can only be used for staff costs of organisations participating in the project for the production of Intellectual outputs. The amounts depend on: a) profile of staff involved in the project and b) the country of the participating organisation whose staff is involved.

	<b>Manager</b>	<b>Teacher/Trainer /Researcher/ Youth worker</b>	<b>Technician</b>	<b>Administrative staff</b>
	<b>B1.1</b>	<b>B1.2</b>	<b>B1.3</b>	<b>B1.4</b>
<b>Australia, Canada, Kuwait, Macao, Monaco, Qatar, San Marino, United States of America</b>	294	241	190	157
<b>Andorra, Brunei, Japan, New Zealand, Singapore, United Arab Emirates, Vatican City State</b>	280	214	162	131
<b>Bahamas, Bahrain, Equatorial Guinea, Hong Kong, Israel, Korea (Republic of), Oman, Saudi Arabia, Taiwan</b>	164	137	102	78
<b>Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Barbados, Chile, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Kinshasa), Cook Islands, Costa Rica, Cuba, Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic, East Timor, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea (Republic of), Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Korea (DPR), Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Niue, Pakistan, Palau, Palestine, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Serbia, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, St. Kitts and Nevis, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syria, Tajikistan, Tanzania, Thailand, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Vietnam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe</b>	88	74	55	39

**TABLE C - SUBSISTENCE OF PARTICIPANTS IN TRANSNATIONAL TRAINING, TEACHING AND LEARNING ACTIVITIES (IN EURO PER DAY/MONTH)**

Scales of unit costs change according to: a) type of mobility and b) the country where the activity takes place:

	Long-term teaching or training assignments - mobility of youth workers (in euro per day)			Long-term activities of pupils (in euro per month)
	B1.5	B1.6	B1.7	B1.8
<b>Belgium</b>	105	74	53	110
<b>Bulgaria</b>	105	74	53	70
<b>Czech Republic</b>	105	74	53	90
<b>Denmark</b>	120	84	60	145
<b>Germany</b>	90	63	45	110
<b>Estonia</b>	75	53	38	85
<b>Ireland</b>	120	84	60	125
<b>Greece</b>	105	74	53	100
<b>Spain</b>	90	63	45	105
<b>France</b>	105	74	53	115
<b>Croatia</b>	75	53	38	90
<b>Italy</b>	105	74	53	115
<b>Cyprus</b>	105	74	53	110
<b>Latvia</b>	90	63	45	80
<b>Lithuania</b>	75	53	38	80
<b>Luxembourg</b>	105	74	53	110
<b>Hungary</b>	105	74	53	90
<b>Malta</b>	90	63	45	110
<b>Netherlands</b>	120	84	60	110
<b>Austria</b>	105	74	53	115
<b>Poland</b>	105	74	53	85
<b>Portugal</b>	90	63	45	100
<b>Romania</b>	105	74	53	60
<b>Slovenia</b>	75	53	38	85
<b>Slovakia</b>	90	63	45	95
<b>Finland</b>	105	74	53	125
<b>Sweden</b>	120	84	60	115
<b>United Kingdom</b>	120	84	60	140
<b>former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	90	63	45	60
<b>Iceland</b>	105	74	53	135
<b>Liechtenstein</b>	105	74	53	120
<b>Norway</b>	105	74	53	135
<b>Switzerland</b>	105	74	53	130
<b>Turkey</b>	105	74	53	80



## KNOWLEDGE ALLIANCES

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A KNOWLEDGE ALLIANCE?

Knowledge Alliances aim at strengthening Europe's innovation capacity and at fostering innovation in higher education, business and the broader socio-economic environment. They intend to achieve one or more of the following aims:

- develop new, innovative and multidisciplinary approaches to teaching and learning;
- stimulate entrepreneurship and entrepreneurial skills of higher education teaching staff and enterprise staff;
- facilitate the exchange, flow and co-creation of knowledge.

In addition, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, priority will be given to projects that pursue one or more of the relevant priorities described in the introduction chapters on "Education and Training" in Part B of this Guide.

### WHAT IS A KNOWLEDGE ALLIANCE?

Knowledge Alliances are transnational, structured and result-driven projects, notably between higher education and business. Knowledge Alliances are open to any discipline, sector and to cross-sectoral cooperation. The partners share common goals and work together towards mutually beneficial results and outcomes.

Knowledge Alliances are meant to have a short and long-term impact on the wide range of stakeholders involved, at individual, organisational and systemic level.

As a general rule, Knowledge Alliances target the cooperation between organisations established in Programme Countries. However, organisations from Partner Countries can be involved in a Knowledge Alliance, as partners (not as applicants), if their participation brings an essential added value to the project.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

Knowledge Alliances implement a coherent and comprehensive set of interconnected activities which are flexible and adaptable to different current and future contexts and developments across Europe. The following list provides examples of group of activities:

- **Boosting innovation in higher education, business and in the broader socio-economic environment:**
  - jointly developing and implementing new learning and teaching methods (like new multidisciplinary curricula, learner-centred and real problem-based teaching and learning);
  - organising continuing educational programmes and activities with and within companies;
  - jointly developing solutions for challenging issues, product and process innovation (students, professors and practitioners together).
- **Developing entrepreneurship mind-set and skills:**
  - creating schemes of transversal skills learning and application throughout higher education programmes developed in cooperation with enterprises aiming at strengthening employability, creativity and new professional paths;
  - introducing entrepreneurship education in any discipline to provide students, researchers, staff and educators with the knowledge, skills and motivation to engage in entrepreneurial activities in a variety of settings;
  - opening up new learning opportunities through the practical application of entrepreneurial skills, which can involve and/or lead to the commercialisation of new services, products and prototypes, to the creation of start-ups and spin-offs.
- **Stimulating the flow and exchange of knowledge between higher education and enterprises:**
  - study field related activities in enterprises which are fully embedded in the curriculum, recognised and credited;
  - set-ups to trial and test innovative measures;
  - exchanges of students, researchers, teaching staff and company staff for a limited period;
  - involvement of company staff teaching and research.

Knowledge Alliances may organise mobility activities of students, researchers and staff in so far as they support/complement the other activities of the Alliance and bring added value in the realisation of the project's objectives. Mobility activities do not constitute the main activities of a Knowledge Alliance; extending and scaling-up these activities would need to be supported via the Key Action 1 of this Programme or other funding instruments.

## **WHAT ARE THE ESSENTIAL FEATURES OF A KNOWLEDGE ALLIANCE?**

The key features of Knowledge Alliances are:

- **Innovation** in higher education and innovation through higher education in enterprises and their socio-economic environment: innovation is considered as state-of-the-art project-specific and related to the partnerships context and analysed needs.
- **Sustainability** of university-business cooperation. A strong and committed partnership with a balanced participation from enterprises and higher education institutions are pivotal for the success of Knowledge Alliances. The role and contribution of each participating organisation and associate partner have to be specific and complementary.
- **Impact** going beyond the project's lifetime and beyond the organisations involved in the Alliance. It is expected that partnership and activities persist. Changes in higher education institutions and enterprises have to be measurable. Results and solutions have to be transferable and accessible to a broader audience.

Knowledge Alliances are a highly competitive part of Erasmus+. Common attributes of successful proposals are:

- reliable relations between higher education institutions and enterprises: Knowledge Alliances have to demonstrate the commitment and added value of all partners, whereby strong and balanced involvement from both the business and higher education sectors is essential. A well designed proposal is the result of close cooperation between the prospective partners;
- their innovative and transnational character, visible across all criteria.

A proper needs-analysis clarifies the rationale, influences the selection of partners, makes the proposal specific, helps to raise the potential for impact and ensures that end-user and target groups are well involved in the project activities.

## **WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN A KNOWLEDGE ALLIANCE?**

Applicant/coordinator: a participating organisation that submits the project proposal on behalf of all the partners. The coordinator has the full responsibility to ensure that the project is implemented in accordance with the agreement. Its coordinating covers the following duties:

- represents and acts on behalf of the Alliance towards the European Commission;
- bears the financial and legal responsibility for the proper operational, administrative and financial implementation of the entire project;
- coordinates the Alliance in cooperation with project partners.

Full partners: participating organisations which contribute actively to the accomplishment of the Knowledge Alliance. Each full partner must sign a mandate by which the signatory grants power of attorney to the coordinator to act in his name during the implementation of the project. The same applies for partners from Partner Countries.

Associated partners (optional): Knowledge Alliances can involve associated partners who contribute to the activities of the Knowledge Alliance. They are not subject to contractual requirements because they do not receive funding.

## **WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A KNOWLEDGE ALLIANCE PROPOSAL?**

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Knowledge Alliance proposal must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A participating organisation can be any public or private organisation established in a Programme Country or in any Partner Country of the world (see section "Eligible Countries" in Part A of this Guide).</p> <p>For example, such an organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a higher education institution;</li> <li>▪ a public or private, small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>▪ a research institute;</li> <li>▪ a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ an organisation active in the field of education, training and youth;</li> <li>▪ an intermediary or association which represents education, training or youth organisations;</li> <li>▪ an intermediary or association which represents enterprises;</li> <li>▪ an accreditation, certification or qualification body.</li> </ul> <p>Higher education institutions established in a Programme Country must hold a valid Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE). An ECHE is not required for participating HEIs in Partner Countries.</p>
<p><b>Who can apply?</b></p>	<p>Any participating organisation established in a Programme Country can be the applicant. This organisation applies on behalf of all participating organisations involved in the project.</p>
<p><b>Number of participating organisations</b></p>	<p>Knowledge Alliances are transnational and involve minimum six independent organisations from at least three Programme Countries, out of which at least two higher education institutions and at least two enterprises.</p> <p>If associate partners are to be involved, they have to provide an evident added value and their role should be clearly described.</p>
<p><b>Duration of project</b></p>	<p>2 or 3 years. The duration has to be chosen at application stage, based on the objective of the project and on the type of activities planned over time.</p> <p>In exceptional cases, the duration of a Knowledge Alliance may be extended, upon request by the beneficiary and with the agreement of the Executive Agency, of up to 6 months. In such a case, the total grant will not change.</p>
<p><b>Where to apply?</b></p>	<p>To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.</p>
<p><b>When to apply?</b></p>	<p>Applicants have to submit their grant application at the latest by <b>3 April at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting not earlier than 1 November of the same year.</p>
<p><b>How to apply?</b></p>	<p>Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.</p>

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

The project will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the proposal (maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Purpose: the proposal is relevant to the objectives of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a Knowledge Alliance");</li> <li>▪ Consistency: the objectives are based on a sound needs analysis; they are clearly defined, realistic and address issues relevant to the participating organisations and to the Action;</li> <li>▪ Innovation: the proposal considers state-of-the-art methods and techniques, and leads to project-specific innovative results and</li> </ul>
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	<p>solutions;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ European added value: the proposal demonstrates clearly the added value generated through its transnationality and potential transferability;</li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Coherence: the proposal presents a coherent and comprehensive set of appropriate activities to meet the identified needs and lead to the expected results;</li> <li>▪ Structure: the work programme is clear and intelligible, and covers all phases;</li> <li>▪ Management: timelines, organisation, tasks and responsibilities are well defined and realistic. The proposal allocates appropriate resources to each activity;</li> <li>▪ Quality and financial control: specific measures for evaluation of processes and deliverables ensure that the project implementation is of high quality and cost-efficient.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project team and the cooperation arrangements (maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Configuration: the proposed Knowledge Alliance involves an appropriate mix of higher education and business partners with the necessary profiles, skills, experience, expertise and management support required for its successful realisation;</li> <li>▪ Commitment: each participating organisation demonstrates full involvement corresponding to its capacities and specific area of expertise;</li> <li>▪ Partnership: contributions of higher education and business partners are significant, pertinent and complementary;</li> <li>▪ Collaboration/Team spirit: the proposal includes clear arrangements and responsibilities for transparent and efficient decision-making, conflict resolution, reporting and communication between the participating organisations;</li> <li>▪ Involvement of Partner Countries: if applicable, the involvement of a participating organisation from a Partner Country brings an essential added value to the project (if this condition is not fulfilled, the project will not be considered for selection).</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Exploitation: the proposal demonstrates how the outcomes will be used by the partners and other stakeholders. It provides means to measure exploitation within project lifetime and after;</li> <li>▪ Dissemination: the proposal provides a clear plan for the dissemination of results, and includes appropriate activities, tools and channels to ensure that the results and benefits will be spread effectively to the stakeholders and non-participating audience within and after the <b>project's lifetime</b>;</li> <li>▪ Impact: the proposal shows societal and economic relevance and outreach. It provides pertinent measures to monitor progress and assess the expected impact (short and long-term);</li> <li>▪ Open access: If relevant, the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations;</li> <li>▪ Sustainability: the proposal includes appropriate measures and resources to ensure that the partnership, project results and benefits will be sustained beyond the project lifetime.</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 70 points. Furthermore, they must score minimum 13 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "quality of the project team and cooperation arrangements"; 16 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation", and 11 points for the category "impact and dissemination".



## WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?

Quality assurance must be an embedded project component to ensure that Knowledge Alliances successfully deliver the expected results and achieve an impact going far beyond the partner organisations themselves. Knowledge Alliances are required to accomplish targeted dissemination activities which reach out to stakeholders, policy makers, professionals and enterprises. Along the way Knowledge Alliances should deliver publications such as reports, handbooks, guidelines, etc. Where appropriate, results should be made available as open educational resources (OER) as well as on relevant professional, sectorial or competent authorities' platforms. Knowledge Alliances should generate new ways and instruments to facilitate their collaboration and to ensure that the partnership between higher education and business persists.

Knowledge Alliances are a recent and ambitious Action; they are subject to a particular monitoring which requires active participation from all participants and stakeholders. Knowledge Alliances should foresee their participation in thematic clusters to support cross-fertilisation, exchange of good practices and mutual learning. Additionally, Knowledge Alliances should budget for the presentation of their project and the results at the University-Business Forum and/or other relevant events (up to four during the project duration). Dissemination support for the Knowledge Alliances will be put in place to ensure exploitation of project's results and impact, beyond the partner organisations and across a wider range of countries.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

<b>Maximum EU contribution awarded for a 2-year Knowledge Alliance: 700 000 EUR</b> <b>Maximum EU contribution awarded for a 3-year Knowledge Alliance: 1 000 000 EUR</b>				
Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Implementation support</b>	Contribution to any activity directly linked to the implementation of the project (except for possible embedded mobility) including: project management, project meetings, intellectual outputs (such as curricula, pedagogical materials, <u>open educational resources (OER)</u> , IT tools, analyses, studies, etc.), dissemination, participation in events, conferences, travel, etc. The number of days and the profile of staff involved by country is the basis for the calculation of the EU contribution.	Unit costs	B2.1 per manager involved per day of work on the project	Conditional: applicants will have to justify the type and volume of resources needed in relation to the implementation of the proposed activities and outputs. The outputs should be substantial in quality and quantity to qualify for this type of grant support.
			B2.2 per researcher/ teacher/trainer involved per day of work on the project	
			B2.3 per technician involved per day of work on the project	
			B2.4 per administrative staff involved per day of work on the project	

### ADDITIONAL FUNDING RULES FOR MOBILITY ACTIVITIES REALISED WITHIN A KNOWLEDGE ALLIANCE (OPTIONAL FUNDING)

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	Conditional: applicants will have to justify that mobility activities are necessary to achieve the objectives and results of the project. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances of 2000 KM or more: 360 EUR per participant	
<b>Subsistence costs</b>	Contribution to subsistence costs of participants during the activity	Unit costs	<b>Activities targeting staff</b> up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 100 EUR per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 70 EUR per day per participant	
			<b>Activities targeting learners:</b> up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 55 EUR per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 40 EUR per day per participant	

**TABLE A - PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY) PROGRAMME COUNTRIES**

The amounts depend on: a) profile of staff involved in the project and b) the country of the participating organisation whose staff is involved.

	<b>Manager</b>	<b>Teacher/Trainer /Researcher/ Youth worker</b>	<b>Technician</b>	<b>Administrative staff</b>
	<b>B2.1</b>	<b>B2.2</b>	<b>B2.3</b>	<b>B2.4</b>
<b>Denmark, Ireland, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Austria, Sweden, Liechtenstein, Norway, Switzerland</b>	353	289	228	189
<b>Belgium, Germany, , France, Italy, Finland, United Kingdom, Iceland</b>	336	257	194	157
<b>Czech Republic, Greece, Spain, Cyprus, Malta, Portugal, Slovenia</b>	197	164	122	93
<b>Bulgaria, Estonia, Croatia, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Slovakia former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Turkey</b>	106	88	66	47

**TABLE B - PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY) PARTNER COUNTRIES**

The amounts depend on: a) profile of staff involved in the project and b) the country of the participating organisation whose staff is involved.

	<b>Manager</b>	<b>Teacher/Trainer /Researcher</b>	<b>Technician</b>	<b>Administrative staff</b>
	<b>B2.1</b>	<b>B2.2</b>	<b>B2.3</b>	<b>B2.4</b>
<b>Australia, Canada, Kuwait, Macao, Monaco, Qatar, San Marino, United States of America</b>	353	289	228	189
<b>Andorra, Brunei, Japan, New Zealand, Singapore, United Arab Emirates, Vatican City State</b>	336	257	194	157
<b>Bahamas, Bahrain, Equatorial Guinea, Hong Kong, Israel, Korea (Republic of), Oman, Saudi Arabia, Taiwan</b>	197	164	122	93
<b>Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Barbados, Chile, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Kinshasa), Cook Islands, Costa Rica, Cuba, Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic, East Timor, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea (Republic of), Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Korea (DPR), Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Niue, Pakistan, Palau, Palestine, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Serbia, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, St. Kitts and Nevis, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syria, Tajikistan, Tanzania, Thailand, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Vietnam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe</b>	106	88	66	47

## SECTOR SKILLS ALLIANCES

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A SECTOR SKILLS ALLIANCE?

Sector Skills Alliances shall aim at tackling skills gaps, enhancing the responsiveness of initial and continuing VET systems to sector-specific labour market needs and demand for new skills with regard to one or more occupational profiles.

This should be achieved by:

- modernising VET and exploiting its potential to drive economic development and innovation, notably at local and regional levels, increasing the competitiveness of the sectors concerned;
- strengthening the exchange of knowledge and practice between vocational education and training institutions and the labour market integrating work-based learning;
- facilitating labour mobility, mutual trust and increased recognition of qualifications at European level within the sectors concerned.

In addition, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, priority will be given to projects that pursue one or more of the relevant priorities described in the introduction chapters on "Education and Training" in Part B of this Guide.

### WHAT IS A SECTOR SKILLS ALLIANCE?

Sector Skills Alliances are transnational projects drawing on evidence of trends in a specific economic sector and skills needed in order to perform in one or more professional fields. Sector Skills Alliances will work to design and deliver joint vocational training programmes and teaching and training methodologies. A particular focus is to be put on work-based learning, providing learners with the skills required by the labour market. Sector Skills Alliances also put the EU wide recognition tools into practice.

The sectors that will be eligible under this Action are those which have constituted a European Sector Skills Council, namely:

- Textile/Clothing/Leather;
- Commerce.

and those with skills imbalances to which current Commission policies respond, namely:

- Advanced Manufacturing;
- Information and Communication Technologies;
- Environmental technologies (Eco-Innovation);
- Cultural and Creative sectors".

As a general rule, Sector Skills Alliances target the cooperation between organisations established in Programme Countries. However, organisations from Partner Countries can be involved in a Sector Skills Alliance, as partners (not as applicants), if their participation brings an essential added value to the project.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

Each Sector Skills Alliance shall implement a coherent, comprehensive and variable set of interconnected activities which are flexible and adaptable to different current and future labour markets' needs, such as:

- **Defining skills and training provision needs in a given specific economic sector:**
  - when needed, gathering and interpreting evidence of skills needs on the labour market in a given economic sector, drawing on the EU Skills Panorama and, where relevant, the work of European Sector Skills Councils;
  - identifying needs in terms of training provision, drawing on, where available, the occupational profiles of the classification of European Skills, Competences, Qualifications and Occupations (ESCO).
- **Designing joint curricula:**
  - designing EU sector-specific curricula, VET programmes and possibly qualification standards related to common skills needs common in the sector and/or to a European occupational profile, drawing, where available, on ESCO;
  - integrating skills or occupational profiles into curriculum design, VET programmes and possibly qualification standards;
  - the activities described above should apply the learning outcomes approach (e.g. EQF, ECVET, etc.) and be underpinned by quality assurance principles (e.g. EQAVET);
  - integrating innovative approaches to teaching and learning, notably through more strategic and integrated use of ICTs and open educational resources (OER), as well as including opportunities to apply knowledge in practical projects/"real life" workplace situations and to develop entrepreneurial mind-sets.
- **Delivering joint curricula:**
  - delivering EU sector-specific curricula that have been adapted or newly created following the analysis and forecasts of labour market needs for a given occupational profile;
  - implementing innovative VET teaching and learning methods to respond to evolving skills and/or specific target public within a given economic sector (e.g. ICT-based content, services and methods, education in the workplace environment, etc.);
  - facilitating recognition and certification of the respective learning outcomes by implementing (ECVET) principles, the quality assurance framework in VET (EQAVET) and possibly referencing respective qualifications to EU frameworks (depending on the form of the NQF) or any other relevant European tools in the sector concerned.

Sector Skills Alliances may also organise mobility activities of learners and staff in so far as they support/complement the other activities of the Alliance and bring added value in the realisation of the project's objectives. Mobility activities do not constitute the main activities of a Sector Skills Alliance; extending and scaling-up these activities would need to be supported via the Key Action 1 of this Programme or other funding instruments.

## WHAT ARE THE ESSENTIAL FEATURES OF A SECTOR SKILLS ALLIANCE?

The key features of Sector Skills Alliances are:

- Innovation in vocational education and training, in different economic sectors and related occupational profiles (where available ESCO).
- Impact going beyond the project's lifetime and beyond the organisations involved in the Alliance. It is expected that partnership and activities persist. Changes in VET organisations and in different economic sectors/occupational profiles have to be measurable. Results and solutions have to be transferable and accessible to a broader audience. The results of Sector Skills Alliances should feed back into the developments of the European Skills, Competences, Qualifications and Occupations taxonomy and of the European Sector Skills Councils.

Sector Skills Alliances have to demonstrate the commitment and added value of all partners. The partners should combine systemic and sector related information with a solid knowledge of training practices in their economic sector. The distribution of tasks and deliveries should show a right match between the partners' expertise and the activities they are in charge of. The partners should be representative in the sector at least at national level, have a European outreach and expertise or competence in training, skills anticipation or supply, or qualification design.

For any given occupation profile, a Sector Skills Alliance should clearly define required skills, competences and qualifications standards. The definition of future skills needs should be, as appropriate, supported by available research evidence that demonstrates labour market needs in the sector. If research evidence is not yet available it will be necessary to include a research institution competent in the sector in question. Partners will have to interpret this research evidence when implementing training provision or designing qualification standards based

on a common European occupational profile (see ESCO). The Alliance should then translate these into innovative, learning outcome-oriented curricula (integrating into EQF and applying ECVET) which should be underpinned by quality assurance mechanisms (in line with EQAVET). The Alliance should be in the position to ensure or at least make it highly credible that the new or adapted skills and competences will be recognised in all the countries and the sectors covered by the Alliance. Career guidance respectively professional orientation services together with regional or local authorities should play a "facilitator" role in supporting the process of skills matching with the planning of vocational curricula in order to attract or inform initial VET schools, young learners or their parents to specific professions with high labour market demand. Sector Skills Alliances are supposed to carry out the proposed activities in a way that maximises the impact on a given sector and occupations concerned.

## **WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN A SECTOR SKILLS ALLIANCE?**

Applicant/coordinator: a participating organisation that submits the project proposal on behalf of all the partners. The coordinator has the full responsibility to ensure that the project is implemented in accordance with the agreement. Its coordinating covers the following duties:

- represents and acts on behalf of the Alliance towards the European Commission;
- bears the financial and legal responsibility for the proper operational, administrative and financial implementation of the entire project;
- coordinates the Alliance in cooperation with project partners.

Full partners: participating organisations which contribute actively to the accomplishment of the Sector Skills Alliance. Each full partner must sign a mandate by which the signatory grants power of attorney to the coordinator to act in his name during the implementation of the project. The same applies for partners from Partner Countries.

Associated partners (optional): Sector Skills Alliances can involve associated partners who contribute to the activities of the Sector Skills Alliance. They are not subject to contractual requirements because they do not receive funding.

## **WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A SECTOR SKILLS ALLIANCE?**

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Sector Skills Alliance proposal must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A participating organisation can be any public or private organisation established in a Programme Country or in any Partner Country of the world (see section "Eligible Countries" in Part A of this Guide).</p> <p>For example, such organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a vocational education institute/school;</li> <li>▪ a VET centre;</li> <li>▪ an inter-company training centre;</li> <li>▪ a public or private, small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>▪ a public VET authority at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ a higher education institution providing VET;</li> <li>▪ a social partner or other representative of working life, including chambers of commerce, industry, craft/professional associations and trade unions;</li> <li>▪ an intermediary or association which represents education, training or youth organisations;</li> <li>▪ a research institute;</li> <li>▪ a cultural and/or creative body;</li> <li>▪ a body providing career guidance, professional counselling and information services;</li> <li>▪ a body responsible for recognition;</li> <li>▪ an accreditation, certification or qualification body.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Who can apply?</b></p>	<p>Any participating organisation established in a Programme Country can be the applicant. This organisation applies on behalf of all participating organisations involved in the project.</p>
<p><b>Number and profile of participating organisations</b></p>	<p>Sector Skills Alliances involve minimum nine participating organisations from at least three Programme Countries, including two Member States. An organisation can only be involved in one Sector Skills Alliance application at the same time.</p> <p>Furthermore, Sector Skills Alliances must include at least one organisation from each of the following three categories in each of the countries involved in the Alliance:</p> <p><b>1. Public or private entities that provide VET</b></p> <p>(such as: networks of vocational education institutes/schools; VET centres; inter-company training centres; enterprises that have more than 250 employees and with an own training department, in particular those providing apprenticeships or enterprises providing shared training (collaborative training); higher education institutions providing VET)</p> <p><b>2. Public or private entities that have sector specific expertise and are representative for/in a given sector (at regional, national or European level)</b></p> <p>(such as: social partners; European sectoral or professional associations of employers or employees; chambers of commerce, of industry or of skilled crafts; cultural and creative bodies; skills bodies or councils; economic development agencies; research centres)</p> <p><b>3. Public or private entities that have a regulatory function for education and training systems (at local, regional or national level)</b></p> <p>(such as: public VET authorities; accreditation, certification or qualification bodies; bodies responsible for recognition; bodies providing career guidance, professional counselling and information services)</p>



<b>Duration of project</b>	<p>2 or 3 years. The duration has to be chosen at application stage, based on the objective of the project and on the type of activities planned over time.</p> <p>In exceptional cases, the duration of a Sector Skills Alliance may be extended, upon request by the beneficiary and with the agreement of the Executive Agency, of up to 6 months. In such a case, the total grant will not change.</p>
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>3 April at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 November of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.
<b>Other criteria</b>	<p>The proposal must concern only one of the following sectors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ sectors that have constituted a European Sector Skills Council, such as Textile/Clothing/Leather and Commerce;</li> <li>▪ sectors with skills imbalances, to which current European Commission policies respond, such as Advanced Manufacturing, Information and Communication Technologies, Eco-Innovation (environmental technologies), or Cultural and Creative Sectors.</li> </ul>

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.



## AWARD CRITERIA

The project will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the project (maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Link to policy: the proposal contributes to achieving the European objectives in the field of VET</li> <li>▪ Purpose: the proposal is relevant to the objectives of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a Sector Skills Alliance")</li> <li>▪ Consistency: the objectives are based on a sound needs analysis; they are clearly defined, realistic and address issues relevant to the participating organisations and to the Action</li> <li>▪ Innovation: the proposal considers state-of-the-art methods and techniques, and leads to innovative results and solutions</li> <li>▪ European added value: the proposal demonstrates clearly the added value generated through its transnationality</li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Coherence: the overall project design ensures consistency between project objectives, methodology, activities and budget proposed. The proposal presents a coherent and comprehensive set of appropriate activities to meet the identified needs and lead to the expected results</li> <li>▪ Structure: the work programme is clear and intelligible, and covers all phases (preparation, implementation, exploitation, monitoring, evaluation and dissemination)</li> <li>▪ Methodology: the proposal uses the learning outcomes approach, ECVET (units of learning outcomes) and quality assurance principles in line with EQAVET</li> <li>▪ Management: solid management arrangements are foreseen. Timelines, organisation, tasks and responsibilities are well defined and realistic. The proposal allocates appropriate resources to each activity</li> <li>▪ Budget: the budget provides for appropriate resources necessary for success, it is neither overestimated nor underestimated</li> <li>▪ The quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes, in line with European transparency and recognition tools and principles</li> <li>▪ Financial and quality control: control measures (continuous quality evaluation, peer reviews, benchmarking activities, etc.) and quality indicators ensure that the project implementation is of high quality and cost-efficient. Challenges/risks of the project are clearly identified and mitigating actions properly addressed</li> <li>▪ In case of transnational mobility (for testing or piloting only)</li> <li>▪ Existence and quality of measures for identifying and selecting participants in the mobility activities</li> <li>▪ the proposal describes the strategy for efficient validation and/or recognition of any training period abroad, notably using ECVET</li> </ul>

<p><b>Quality of the project team and the cooperation arrangements (maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Configuration: the composition of the partnership is in line with the project objectives, bringing together as relevant the expertise and competences required in training design, skills anticipation or supply, qualification design, and/or training policy. The proposal also involves the right decision-makers and competent bodies (authorities or authorised bodies with regulatory function in VET). The representativeness and expertise of the partners in the sector concerned and at European level is convincingly demonstrated: the spread and representativeness of relevant partners over the Programme Countries involved in the Alliance should be such that the Alliance has high potential for impact in several of the countries covered by the Alliance (e.g. through the participation of a European sector organisation or European social partners)</li> <li>▪ Commitment: the distribution of responsibilities and tasks is clear, appropriate, and demonstrates the commitment and active contribution of all participating organisations in relation to their specific expertise and capacity</li> <li>▪ Tasks: the coordinator shows high quality management and coordination of transnational networks and leadership in complex environment. Individual tasks are allocated on the basis of the specific know-how of each partner</li> <li>▪ Collaboration/Team spirit: an effective mechanism is proposed to ensure a good coordination, decision-making and communication between the participating organisations, participants and any other relevant stakeholder</li> <li>▪ Involvement of Partner Countries: if applicable, the involvement of a participating organisation from a Partner Country brings an essential added value to the project (if this condition is not fulfilled, the project will not be considered for selection)</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Exploitation: the proposal demonstrates how the outcomes of the Alliance will be used by the partners and other stakeholders. It provides means to measure exploitation within project lifetime and after</li> <li>▪ Dissemination: the proposal provides a clear plan for the dissemination of results, and includes appropriate activities, tools and channels to ensure that the results and benefits will be spread effectively to the stakeholders and non-participating audience within <b>and after the project's lifetime</b></li> <li>▪ Impact: the proposal shows societal and economic relevance and outreach. It is likely to significantly increase partners' capacity to implement relevant training in the European context. It also provides pertinent measures to monitor progress and assess the expected impact (short- and long-term)</li> <li>▪ Open access: If relevant, the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences and does not contain disproportionate limitations</li> <li>▪ Sustainability: the proposal includes appropriate measures and resources to ensure that the results and benefits achieved by the Alliance will be sustained beyond the project lifetime (i.e. continuation of new courses, up-dating of new tools, etc.). The proposal explains how and with which resources (other than EU funds) this will be done</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 70 points. Furthermore, they must score minimum 13 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "quality of the project team and cooperation arrangements"; 16 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation", and 11 points for the category "impact and dissemination".

## WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?

Quality assurance is vital in order to ensure that Alliances successfully deliver their results and achieve an impact going far beyond the partner organisations themselves. Alliances are expected to achieve results which are widely transferable within the economic sector concerned. Therefore, Alliances need to provide a sound quality management plan.

Alliances should also implement expert review processes as an integral part of the project. The Alliance work programme should therefore include an independent external quality assessment at mid-term and at the end of the project, to be submitted together with the project progress and final report respectively. In its progress report, the consortium will have to demonstrate the follow-up actions resulting from the recommendation of the mid-term quality assessment.

All Alliances are required to undertake targeted dissemination activities, notably through organisations/bodies providing professional guidance/orientation. They will have to provide thereto a comprehensive dissemination plan including:

- an active dissemination strategy to reach out to stakeholders, policy makers, guidance professionals, enterprises and young learners in compulsory education concerning occupations with high labour market demand or new business creation potential;
- mainstreaming the results throughout the sector;
- when appropriate, making the results of the Alliance available through open licences..

The dissemination plan should clearly explain how the planned project results will be disseminated, including definition of the targets, the objectives, the means to be used and the relevant timing. Applications should also indicate which partner will be responsible for dissemination and to demonstrate the relevant experience that they have in dissemination activities. Selected projects will have to produce a short publishable summary of the project activities at the end of the project to be published in the Programme dissemination tool. This will be a condition for receiving the final payment when the project ends.

A dissemination support for Alliances - steered by the European Commission/Executive Agency - will be put in place to ensure genuine exploitation of results and impact, beyond the directly participating organisations and across countries.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

**Maximum EU contribution awarded for a 2-year Sector Skills Alliance: 700 000 EUR**  
**Maximum EU contribution awarded for a 3-year Sector Skills Alliance: 1 000 000 EUR**

	Eligible costs	Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Implementation support</b>	Contribution to any activity directly linked to the implementation of the project (except for possible embedded mobility) including: project management, project meetings, intellectual outputs (such as curricula, pedagogical materials, <u>open educational resources (OER)</u> , IT tools, analyses, studies, etc.), dissemination, participation in events, conferences, travel, etc. The number of days and the profile of staff involved by country is the basis for the calculation of the EU contribution.	Unit costs	B3.1 per manager involved per day of work on the project	Conditional: applicants will have to justify the type and volume of resources needed in relation to the implementation of the proposed activities and outputs.  The outputs should be substantial in quality and quantity to qualify for this type of grant support.
			B3.2 per researcher/ teacher/trainer involved per day of work on the project	
			B3.3 per technician involved per day of work on the project	
			B3.4 per administrative staff involved per day of work on the project	

### ADDITIONAL FUNDING RULES FOR MOBILITY ACTIVITIES REALISED WITHIN A SECTOR SKILLS ALLIANCE (OPTIONAL FUNDING)

	Eligible costs	Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	Conditional: applicants will have to justify that mobility activities are necessary to achieve the objectives and results of the project. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances of 2000 KM or more: 360 EUR per participant	
<b>Subsistence costs</b>	Contribution to subsistence costs of participants during the activity	Unit costs	<b>Activities targeting staff</b> up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 100 EUR per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 70 EUR per day per participant	
			<b>Activities targeting learners:</b> up to the 14 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 55 EUR per day per participant + between the 15 <sup>th</sup> and 60 <sup>th</sup> day of activity: 40 EUR per day per participant	

**TABLE A - PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY) PROGRAMME COUNTRIES**

The amounts depend on: a) profile of staff involved in the project and b) the country of the participating organisation whose staff is involved.

	<b>Manager</b>	<b>Teacher/Trainer /Researcher/ Youth worker</b>	<b>Technician</b>	<b>Administrative staff</b>
	<b>B3.1</b>	<b>B3.2</b>	<b>B3.3</b>	<b>B3.4</b>
<b>Denmark, Ireland, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Austria, Sweden, Liechtenstein Norway, Switzerland</b>	353	289	228	189
<b>Belgium, Germany, , France, Italy, Finland, United Kingdom, Iceland</b>	336	257	194	157
<b>Czech Republic, Greece, Spain, Cyprus, Malta, Portugal, Slovenia</b>	197	164	122	93
<b>Bulgaria, Estonia, Croatia, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Slovakia former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Turkey</b>	106	88	66	47

**TABLE B - PROJECT IMPLEMENTATION (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY) PARTNER COUNTRIES**

The amounts depend on: a) profile of staff involved in the project and b) the country of the participating organisation whose staff is involved.

	<b>Manager</b>	<b>Teacher/Trainer /Researcher</b>	<b>Technician</b>	<b>Administrative staff</b>
	<b>B3.1</b>	<b>B3.2</b>	<b>B3.3</b>	<b>B3.4</b>
<b>Australia, Canada, Kuwait, Macao, Monaco, Qatar, San Marino, United States of America</b>	353	289	228	189
<b>Andorra, Brunei, Japan, New Zealand, Singapore, United Arab Emirates, Vatican City State</b>	336	257	194	157
<b>Bahamas, Bahrain, Equatorial Guinea, Hong Kong, Israel, Korea (Republic of), Oman, Saudi Arabia, Taiwan</b>	197	164	122	93
<b>Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Barbados, Chile, Belarus, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Kinshasa), Cook Islands, Costa Rica, Cuba, Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic, East Timor, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Georgia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea (Republic of), Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Korea (DPR), Kosovo, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Morocco, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Niue, Pakistan, Palau, Palestine, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Serbia, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, St. Kitts and Nevis, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syria, Tajikistan, Tanzania, Thailand, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, Ukraine, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Vietnam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe</b>	106	88	66	47





## CAPACITY BUILDING IN THE FIELD OF YOUTH

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT?

Youth Capacity Building projects aim to:

- foster cooperation and exchanges in the field of youth between Programme Countries and Partner Countries from different regions<sup>22</sup> of the world;
- improve the quality and recognition of youth work, non-formal learning and volunteering in Partner Countries and enhance their synergies and complementarities with other education systems, the labour market and society;
- foster the development, testing and launching of schemes and programmes of non-formal learning mobility at regional level (i.e. within and across regions of the world);
- promote transnational non-formal learning mobility between Programme and Partner Countries, notably targeting young people with fewer opportunities, with a view to improving participants' level of competences and fostering their active participation in society.

In addition, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, priority will be given to projects that pursue one or more of the priorities described in the introduction chapters on "Youth" in Part B of this Guide.

### WHAT IS A CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT?

Capacity Building projects are transnational cooperation projects based on multilateral partnerships between organisations active in the field of youth in Programme and Partner Countries. They can also involve organisations from the fields of education and training, as well as from other socio-economic sectors. Capacity Building projects in the field of youth are open to participating organisations from Programme Countries and from the following Partner Countries:

Afghanistan, Andorra, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo (Brazzaville), Congo (Kinshasa), Cook Islands, Costa Rica, Cuba, Djibouti, Dominica, Dominican Republic, East Timor, Ecuador, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea (Republic of), Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Iran, Iraq, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kiribati, Korea (DPR), Korea (Republic of), Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Lesotho, Liberia, Macao, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Marshall Islands, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Micronesia, Monaco, Mongolia, Mozambique, Myanmar, Namibia, Nauru, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Niue, Oman, Pakistan, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Qatar, Rwanda, Samoa, San Marino, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, St. Kitts and Nevis, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Tajikistan, Taiwan, Tanzania, Thailand, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkmenistan, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United States of America, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Vanuatu, Vatican City State, Venezuela, Vietnam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

### WHAT ARE THE ACTIVITIES SUPPORTED BY A CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT?

Capacity Building projects should carry out activities that:

- promote strategic cooperation between youth organisations on the one hand and public authorities in Partner Countries on the other hand;
- promote the cooperation between youth organisations and organisations in the education and training fields as well as with representatives of business and labour market;
- raise the capacities of youth councils, youth platforms and local, regional and national authorities dealing with youth in Partner Countries;
- enhance the management, governance, innovation capacity and internationalisation of youth organisations in Partner Countries;
- launch, test and implement youth work practices, such as:
  - tools and methods for the socio-professional development of youth workers and trainers;

<sup>22</sup> In the framework of this Action, a region is defined as a grouping of countries belonging to a certain macro-geographic area.

- non-formal learning methods, especially those promoting the acquisition/improvement of competences, including media literacy skills;
- new forms of practical training schemes and simulation of real life cases in society; new forms of youth work, notably strategic use of open and flexible learning, virtual mobility, open educational resources (OER) and better exploitation of the ICT potential;
- cooperation, networking and peer-learning activities fostering efficient management, internationalisation and leadership of youth work organisations.

Many activities can be implemented within a Capacity Building project, as long as the proposal demonstrates that these activities are the most appropriate to reach the desired objectives of the project, such as for example:

- activities encouraging the policy dialogue, cooperation, networking and exchanges of practices in the field of youth, such as seminars, conferences, workshops and meetings;
- large-scale youth events;
- information and awareness campaigns;
- development of information, communication and media tools;
- development of youth work methods, tools and materials, as well as youth work curricula, training modules and documentation instruments such as Youthpass;
- creation of new forms of delivering youth work and providing training and support, notably through open and flexible learning materials, virtual cooperation and open educational resources (OER).

Capacity Building projects may also organise the following mobility activities, in so far as they bring added value in the realisation of the project's objectives:

- Youth Exchanges<sup>23</sup> between Programme and eligible Partner Countries;
- European Voluntary Service<sup>24</sup> from/to eligible Partner Countries;
- Mobility of youth workers<sup>25</sup> between Programme and eligible Partner Countries (i.e. participation of youth workers in seminars, training courses, contact-making events, study visits abroad; b) a job shadowing/observation period abroad in an organisation active in the youth field).

## WHAT IS THE ROLE OF THE ORGANISATIONS INVOLVED IN A CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT?

A Capacity Building project is composed of:

- Applicant/coordinator: organisation that submits the project proposal on behalf of all the partners. If the project is granted, the applicant/coordinator: 1) bears the financial and legal responsibility for the entire project towards the Executive Agency; 2) coordinates the project in cooperation with all other partners involved in the project; 3) receives the EU financial support from the Erasmus+ Programme and is responsible for distributing the funds among partners involved in the project.
- Partners: organisations that contribute actively to the preparation, implementation and evaluation of the Capacity Building project.

If the project foresees the implementation of Youth Exchanges, European Voluntary Service and/or mobility of youth workers, the participating organisations involved in these activities assume the following roles and tasks:

- Sending organisation: in charge of sending young people abroad (this includes: organising practical arrangements; preparing participants before departure; providing support to participants during all the phases of the project).
- Receiving organisation: in charge of hosting the activity, developing a programme of activities for participants in cooperation with participants and partner organisations, providing support to participants during all the phases of the project.

Furthermore, the participation in a European Voluntary Service activity must be free of charge for volunteers, with the exception of a possible contribution for travel costs (if the Erasmus+ grant does not fully cover these costs) and superfluous expenses not linked to the implementation of the activity. The essential costs for volunteers'

<sup>23</sup> For a detailed description of this activity, see the section "Key-Action 1: mobility project of young people and youth workers" in Part B of this Guide.

<sup>24</sup> As above.

<sup>25</sup> As above.

participation in the EVS activity are covered by the Erasmus+ grant or through other means afforded by the participating organisations.

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Capacity Building proposal must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A participating organisation can be any public or private organisation, established in a Programme Country or in a Partner Country from an eligible Partner Country (see section "What is a Capacity Building project" above).</p> <p>For example, such organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a non-profit organisation, association, NGO (including European Youth NGOs);</li> <li>▪ a national Youth Council;</li> <li>▪ a public body at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ a school/institute/educational centre (at any level, from pre-school to upper secondary education, and including vocational education and adult education);</li> <li>▪ a public or private, a small, medium or large enterprise (including social enterprises);</li> <li>▪ a social partner or other representative of working life, including chambers of commerce, craft/professional associations and trade unions;</li> <li>▪ a higher education institution;</li> <li>▪ a research institute;</li> <li>▪ a foundation;</li> <li>▪ an inter-company training centre;</li> <li>▪ a cultural organisation, library, museum;</li> <li>▪ a body providing professional counselling and information services.</li> </ul> <p>Organisations from eligible Partner Countries can only take part in the project as partners (not as applicants).</p>
<p><b>Who can apply?</b></p>	<p>Any:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ non-profit organisation, association, NGO (including European Youth NGOs);</li> <li>▪ national Youth Council;</li> <li>▪ public body at local, regional or national level;</li> </ul> <p>established in a Programme Country can apply on behalf of all organisations involved in the project. Other types of organisations can be involved only as partners.</p> <p>Applicants must – at the specified deadline for submitting their proposals – have been legally registered for at least one year.</p>
<p><b>Number and profile of participating organisations</b></p>	<p>Capacity Building projects are transnational and involve minimum 3 participating organisations from 3 different countries, of which at least one is a Programme Country and one is an eligible Partner Country.</p>
<p><b>Duration of project</b></p>	<p>From 9 months to 2 years. The duration has to be chosen at application stage, based on the objective of the project and on the type of activities foreseen over time.</p>
<p><b>Where to apply?</b></p>	<p>To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.</p>
<p><b>When to apply?</b></p>	<p>Applicants have to submit their grant application by the following dates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>3 April at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1 October of the same year and 28 February of the following year;</li> <li>▪ <b>2 September 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting 1 March and 31 July of the following year.</li> </ul>
<p><b>How to apply?</b></p>	<p>Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.</p>
<p><b>Other criteria</b></p>	<p>Only one project proposal per deadline may be submitted by the same applicant.</p>

## ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR YOUTH EXCHANGES

<b>Duration of activity</b>	From 5 to 21 days, excluding travel time.
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	The activity must take place in the country of one of the participating organisations.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	Young people aged between 13 and 30 from the countries of the sending and receiving organisations.
<b>Number of participants</b>	Minimum 16 and maximum of 60 participants (group leader(s) not included). Minimum 4 participants per group (group leader(s) not included). Each national group must have at least one group leader. A group leader is an adult who accompanies the young people participating in a Youth Exchange in order to ensure their effective learning, protection and safety.

## ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE

<b>Accreditation</b>	All participating organisations established in a Programme Country must hold a valid EVS accreditation (for more information, please consult the EVS section of the Annex I of this Guide).
<b>Duration of activity</b>	From 2 to 12 months.
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	<b>A volunteer from a Programme Country</b> must carry out her/his activity in one of the Partner Countries concerned by the project. <b>A volunteer from an eligible Partner Country</b> must carry out her/his activity in one of the Programme Countries concerned by the project.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	Young people aged between 17 and 30, living in the country of their sending organisation. A volunteer can take part in only one European Voluntary Service. <b>Exception:</b> volunteers who carried out an EVS activity under the Key Action 1 of this Programme and lasting maximum 2 months can take part in an additional European Voluntary Service.
<b>Number of participants</b>	Maximum 30 volunteers for the whole Capacity Building project.

## ADDITIONAL ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR MOBILITY OF YOUTH WORKERS

<b>Duration of activity</b>	From 5 days to 2 months, excluding travel time.
<b>Venue(s) of the activity</b>	The activity must take place in the country of one of the participating organisations.
<b>Eligible participants</b>	No age limits. Participants must be living in the country of their sending or receiving organisation.
<b>Number of participants</b>	Up to 50 participants (including, where relevant, trainers and facilitators) for each activity planned by the project.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

The project will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the project (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to the objectives and priorities of the Action (see section "What are the aims of a Capacity Building project")</li> <li>▪ The extent to which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives are clearly defined, realistic and address issues relevant to the participating organisations and target groups</li> <li>- the proposal is innovative and/or complementary to other initiatives already carried out by the participating organisations</li> <li>- the project involves young people with fewer opportunities</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, monitoring, evaluation and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives and activities proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality of the non-formal learning methods proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality of arrangements for the recognition and validation of participants' learning outcomes as well as the consistent use of European transparency and recognition tools</li> <li>▪ The existence and relevance of quality control measures to ensure that the project implementation is of high quality, completed in time and on budget</li> <li>▪ The extent to which the project is cost-effective and allocates appropriate resources to each activity</li> </ul> <p>If the project foresees mobility activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The appropriateness of measures for selecting and/or involving participants in the mobility activities</li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project team and the cooperation arrangements (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the project involves an appropriate mix of complementary participating organisations with the necessary profile, experience and expertise to successfully deliver all aspects of the project</li> <li>- the distribution of responsibilities and tasks demonstrates the commitment and active contribution of all participating organisations</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The existence of effective mechanisms for coordination and communication between the participating organisations, as well as with other relevant stakeholders</li> </ul>



**Impact and dissemination  
(maximum 20 points)**

- The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project
- The potential impact of the project:
  - on participants and participating organisations, during and after the project lifetime
  - outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or international levels
- The quality of the dissemination plan: the appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at sharing the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations
- If relevant, the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations
- The quality of the plans for ensuring the sustainability of the project: its capacity to continue having an impact and producing results after the EU grant has been used up

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 10 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 15 points for the categories "quality of the project design and implementation" and "quality of the project team and cooperation arrangements").

**WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THIS ACTION?**

More compulsory criteria and additional useful information relating to this Action can be found in the Annex I of this Guide. Interested organisations are invited to read carefully the relevant sections of this Annex before applying for financial support.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

**Maximum grant awarded for a Capacity Building project: 150 000 EUR**

	<b>Eligible costs</b>	<b>Financing mechanism</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Rule of allocation</b>
<b>Activity costs</b>	<p>Any cost directly linked to the implementation of the activities of the project (except for possible embedded mobility) including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Information, Communication and Technology (ICT) costs</li> <li>▪ Transnational project meetings:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ travel costs</li> <li>○ board and lodging including local transport</li> <li>○ visa and insurance costs</li> <li>○ rental of rooms for meetings, conferences, other events</li> <li>○ interpretation costs</li> <li>○ costs for external speakers</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ Intellectual outputs and dissemination of project results               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Production</li> <li>○ Translation</li> <li>○ Dissemination and/or information costs</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ Linguistic, intercultural, task-related preparation of participants in mobility activities.</li> <li>▪ Permanent staff costs: these costs cannot be covered through the EU grant; they can be eligible if supported through other sources than the EU funds. In such cases, these costs can represent maximum 30% of the total external co-financing.</li> </ul> <p>Indirect costs: A flat-rate amount, not exceeding 7% of the eligible direct costs of the project, is eligible under indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs which can be regarded as chargeable to the project (e.g. electricity or internet bills, costs for premises, cost of permanent staff).</p>	Portion of eligible costs	Maximum 80% of the total eligible costs.	Conditional: the budget requested is justified in relation to the planned activities.

## A) FUNDING RULES FOR YOUTH EXCHANGES CARRIED OUT WITHIN THE CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT (OPTIONAL FUNDING)

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return.	Unit costs	For travel distances between 10 and 99KM: 20 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 80 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 170 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 270 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 400 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 620 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 830 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities within the project (excluding subsistence for participants).	Unit costs	€4.1 per day of activity per participant	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form
<b>Exceptional costs</b>	Additional costs directly related to volunteers with fewer opportunities.  Visa and visa-related costs, residence permits, vaccinations.	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form



## B) FUNDING RULES FOR EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE CARRIED OUT WITHIN THE CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT (OPTIONAL FUNDING)

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities within the project (excluding subsistence for participants)	Unit costs	€4.3 per month per volunteer	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Individuals support</b>	Costs directly linked to the subsistence of participants during the activity	Unit costs	€4.4 per month per volunteer	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form
<b>Exceptional costs</b>	Costs in support of reinforced mentorship and specific preparation in the case of participation of young people with fewer opportunities Visa and visa-related costs, residence permits, vaccinations	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form

### C) FUNDING RULES FOR MOBILITY OF YOUTH WORKERS CARRIED OUT WITHIN THE CAPACITY BUILDING PROJECT (OPTIONAL FUNDING)

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational Support</b>	Any cost directly linked to the implementation of mobility activities within the project (excluding subsistence for participants)	Unit costs	€4.2 per participant per day of activity	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form
<b>Exceptional costs</b>	Visa and visa-related costs, residence permits, vaccinations	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form

## D) ORGANISATIONAL AND INDIVIDUAL SUPPORT (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY/MONTH)

The amounts depend on the country where the mobility activity takes place.

	Organisational support			Individual support
	Youth Exchanges (euro per day)	Mobility of youth workers (euro per day)	EVS (euro per month)	
	B4.1	B4.2	B4.3	B4.4
<b>Belgium</b>	37	65	590	110
<b>Bulgaria</b>	32	53	500	70
<b>Czech Republic</b>	32	54	490	90
<b>Denmark</b>	40	72	630	145
<b>Germany</b>	33	58	520	110
<b>Estonia</b>	33	56	520	85
<b>Ireland</b>	39	74	610	125
<b>Greece</b>	38	71	610	100
<b>Spain</b>	34	61	530	105
<b>France</b>	37	66	570	115
<b>Croatia</b>	35	62	570	90
<b>Italy</b>	39	66	610	115
<b>Cyprus</b>	32	58	610	110
<b>Latvia</b>	34	59	550	80
<b>Lithuania</b>	34	58	540	80
<b>Luxembourg</b>	36	66	610	110
<b>Hungary</b>	33	55	510	90
<b>Malta</b>	37	65	600	110
<b>Netherlands</b>	39	69	620	110
<b>Austria</b>	39	61	540	115
<b>Poland</b>	34	59	540	85
<b>Portugal</b>	37	65	600	100
<b>Romania</b>	32	54	500	60
<b>Slovenia</b>	34	60	580	85
<b>Slovakia</b>	35	60	550	95
<b>Finland</b>	39	71	630	125
<b>Sweden</b>	39	70	630	115
<b>United Kingdom</b>	40	76	630	140
<b>former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	28	45	440	60
<b>Iceland</b>	39	71	610	135
<b>Liechtenstein</b>	39	74	610	120
<b>Norway</b>	40	74	630	135
<b>Switzerland</b>	39	71	620	130
<b>Turkey</b>	32	54	500	80
<b>Partner Country</b>	29	48	440	55



## KEY ACTION 3: SUPPORT FOR POLICY REFORM

The activities in support for policy reform are targeted at the achievement of the goals of the Europe 2020 Strategy, of the Strategic framework for European cooperation in education and training (ET 2020) and of the European Youth Strategy.

### WHICH ACTIONS ARE SUPPORTED?

The following Action is implemented through this Programme Guide:

- Structured Dialogue: meetings between young people and decision-makers in the field of youth.

This Part B of the Guide provides detailed information on the criteria and funding rules applying to this Action.

In addition, Key Action 3 covers many other Actions in support for policy reform in the education, training and youth fields. These Actions are implemented directly by the European Commission or through specific calls for proposals managed by the Executive Agency. A concise description of these Actions is provided below. More information is available on the websites of the European Commission, Executive Agency and National Agencies. These other Actions are:

**Knowledge in the fields of education, training and youth**, involving evidence gathering, analysis and peer learning. In particular:

- thematic and country-specific expertise, studies on policy issues and reforms, including the activities carried out by the Eurydice network;
- support to the participation of countries in European/international surveys aimed at monitoring specific trends and developments, including the evolution of language competences development in Europe;
- EU Presidency events, conferences and high-level meetings;
- exchanges of experience and good practice and peer reviews;
- support to the implementation of the Open Methods of Coordination.

**Prospective initiatives** to anticipate innovative policies or prepare their implementation. They include specific calls for proposals managed by the Executive Agency on: a) forward-looking cooperation projects on policy development, led by major stakeholders; b) European policy experimentations, led by high-level public authorities and involving field trials in several countries based on sound evaluation methods.

Support to European policy tools, in particular:

- Transparency tools (skills and qualifications), to facilitate transparency and recognition of skills and qualifications, as well as the transfer of credits, foster quality assurance, support skills management and guidance. This Action will also include networks providing support for the implementation of those tools;
- Skills intelligence for the development and support of European tools such as the EU Skills Panorama –online platform;
- Networks supporting specific policy areas such as literacy and adult learning, as well as youth work and youth information (SALTO and Eurodesk);
- Dedicated higher education tools – development and support to tools such as U-Multirank, support to the Bologna Process or to the external dimension of higher education; the national teams of Higher Education Reform Experts in neighbourhood and enlargement, as well as Russia and Central Asia;
- Dedicated VET tools for the implementation of the VET Mobility Charter, to increase the quality level of organised mobility, and to support the National Authorities on apprenticeships in increasing the quality and supply of apprenticeships throughout Europe.

**Cooperation with international organisations**, such as the OECD and the Council of Europe. This Action will also foster policy dialogue with Partner Countries as well as the promotion of the international attractiveness of European higher education in the world. It will also support the network of Higher Education Reform Experts in Partner Countries neighbouring the EU and the international alumni associations.

Stakeholder dialogue, policy and Programme promotion, including:

- Civil Society Cooperation supporting European NGOs and EU-wide networks in the fields of education, training and youth through a specific call for proposals managed by the Executive Agency;
- public events, meetings, debates and consultations with policy makers and stakeholders on relevant policy issues (such as the Education, Training and Youth Forum or the European Youth Week);

- Structured Dialogue in the youth field, including the support to National Working Groups as well as meetings promoting dialogue between young people and decision-makers (see section below);
- awareness-raising, information and dissemination activities on policy outcomes and priorities, on the Erasmus+ Programme, its results and its potential synergies with other EU programmes, in particular the European Structural and Investment Funds.

The Actions implemented through this Key Action are aimed to:

- improve the quality, efficiency and equity of education, training and youth systems through Open Methods of Coordination. Support the implementation of the general and Country-Specific Recommendations resulting from the European Semesters;
- promote transnational cooperation and mutual learning between competent authorities at the highest political level in order to test and improve systems, structures and processes;
- develop knowledge – in particular through peer learning - and analytical capacity to support evidence-based policy under the Strategic framework for cooperation in education and training (ET2020), the European Youth Strategy and specific policy agendas such as the Bologna and Copenhagen processes;
- make available sound comparative international data and appropriate secondary analyses for European and national policy making, facilitating the collection and analysis of substantive evidence to assess and monitor the implementation of innovative policies and to encourage transferability and scalability;
- support European networks and implement tools fostering transparency and recognition of skills and qualifications acquired through formal, non-formal and informal learning, paving the way to a European Area for Skills and Qualifications;
- support the active involvement of civil society networks and non-governmental organisations in policy implementation;
- support the Structured Dialogue with young people and encourage their active participation in democratic life
- support exchanges of good practices, dialogue, mutual learning and cooperation among policy makers, practitioners and stakeholders from Programme and Partner Countries;
- raise awareness of the results of European policies and of the Erasmus+ Programme and encourage their exploitation at local, regional or national level. Raise the profile and attractiveness of European higher education worldwide;
- foster synergies with other EU programmes, such as the European Structural and Investment Funds, as well as with funding schemes at national or regional level.

## **STRUCTURED DIALOGUE: MEETINGS BETWEEN YOUNG PEOPLE AND DECISION-MAKERS IN THE FIELD OF YOUTH**

### **WHAT IS THE AIM OF STRUCTURED DIALOGUE MEETINGS?**

This Action promotes the active participation of young people in democratic life and fosters debate around topics centred on the themes and priorities set by the Structured Dialogue and the renewed political framework in the youth field. Structured Dialogue is the name used for discussions between young people and youth policy-makers in order to obtain results which are useful for policy-making. The debate is structured around priorities and timing and foresees events where young people discuss the agreed themes among themselves and with policy-makers, youth experts and representatives of public authorities in charge of youth. More information about Structured Dialogue is available on the European Commission's website.

In addition, in line with the annual Work Programme adopted by the Commission, priority will be given to projects that pursue one or more of the relevant priorities described in the introduction chapters on "Youth" in Part B of this Guide.

### **WHAT ARE STRUCTURED DIALOGUE MEETINGS?**

Structured Dialogue projects can take the form of meetings, conferences, consultations and events. These events promote the active participation of young people in democratic life in Europe and their interaction with decision-makers. As a concrete result of these events, young people are able to make their voice heard (through the formulation of positions, proposals and recommendations) on how youth policies should be shaped and implemented in Europe.

A Structured Dialogue project has three phases:

- planning and preparation;
- implementation of the activities;
- evaluation (including reflection on a possible follow-up).

### **WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?**

Under this Action, the participating organisations have the opportunity to carry out the following activities:

- national meetings and transnational seminars that offer space for information, debate and active participation of young people – in dialogue with youth decision-makers - on issues which are relevant to Structured Dialogue or to the EU Youth Strategy
- national meetings and transnational seminars that prepare the ground for the official Youth Conferences organised during each semester by the Member State holding the turn of Presidency of the European Union
- events that promote debates and information on youth policy themes linked to the activities organised during the European Youth Week
- consultations of young people, with a view to find out their needs on matters relating to participation in democratic life (online consultations, opinion polls, etc.)
- meetings and seminars, information events or debates between young people and decision-makers/youth experts around the theme of participation in democratic life
- events simulating the functioning of the democratic institutions and the roles of decision-makers within these institutions

The activities are led by young people; the young participants must be actively involved in all the stages of the project, from preparation to follow-up. Non-formal learning principles and practices are reflected throughout the implementation project.

The following activities are not eligible for grants under Structure Dialogue: statutory meetings of organisations or networks of organisations; politically influenced events.

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS THIS PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that the project must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Eligible participating organisations</b>	<p>A participating organisation can be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a non-profit organisation, association, NGO;</li> <li>▪ a European Youth NGO;</li> <li>▪ a public body at local level;</li> </ul> <p>established in a Programme Country or in a Partner Country neighbouring the EU (see section "Eligible Countries" in Part A of this Guide). Organisations from eligible Partner Countries can only take part in the project as partners (not as applicants).</p>
<b>Who can apply?</b>	Any participating organisation established in a Programme Country can be the applicant. In case of projects realised by two or more participating organisations, this organisation applies on behalf of all participating organisations involved in the project.
<b>Number of participating organisations</b>	<p>International meetings: the activity must involve at least two participating organisations from at least two different countries, of which at least one is a Programme Country.</p> <p>National meetings: the activity involves one organisation from a Programme Country.</p>
<b>Eligible participants</b>	<p>Young participants: young people aged between 13 and 30 from the countries involved in the project.</p> <p>Decision-makers: if the project foresees the participation of decision-makers or experts in the youth policy field, these participants can be involved regardless of their age and geographical provenance.</p>
<b>Number of participants</b>	Minimum 30 young participants must be involved in the project.
<b>Venue(s)</b>	<p>The project must take place in the country of the applicant organisation.</p> <p><b>Exception:</b> in case of projects submitted by European NGOs, the activities may take place in any of the Programme Countries involved in the project.</p>
<b>Duration of project</b>	From 3 to 24 months.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the National Agency of the country in which the applicant organisation is established.
<b>When to apply?</b>	<p>Applicants have to submit their grant application by the following dates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>30 April at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1 August of the same year and 28 February of the following year;</li> <li>▪ <b>1 October at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting between 1<sup>st</sup> January and 30 September of the following year.</li> </ul>
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.



## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (Please see section "What are meetings between young people and decision-makers?" above )</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the individual participants</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal is suitable of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- producing high-quality outcomes for participants</li> <li>- reinforcing the capacities of the participating organisations</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the project involves young people with fewer opportunities</li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 40 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of all the phases of the project proposal (preparation, implementation of mobility activities, and follow-up)</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives and activities proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality of the practical arrangements, management and support modalities</li> <li>▪ The quality of the non-formal learning participative methods proposed and the active involvement of young people during all the stages of the project</li> <li>▪ The appropriateness of measures for selecting and/or involving participants in the activities</li> <li>▪ If appropriate, the quality of cooperation and communication between the participating organisations, as well as with other relevant stakeholders</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on participants and participating organisations during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 20 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation").

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

**Maximum grant awarded for a Structured Dialogue meeting: 50 000 euro**

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Travel</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of participants, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 10 and 99KM: 20 EUR per participant	Based on the travel distance per participant. Travel distances must be calculated using the distance calculator supported by the European Commission.
			For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 80 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 170 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 270 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 400 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 620 EUR per participant	
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 830 EUR per participant	
<b>Organisational support</b>	Grant contribution to all other costs directly linked to the preparation, implementation and follow-up of the activity	Unit costs	€1.1 per day of activity per participant	Based on the duration of the stay per participant
<b>Special needs support</b>	Additional costs directly related to participants with disabilities	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover special needs support must be motivated in the application form
<b>Exceptional costs</b>	Costs connected to (online) consultations and opinion polls of young people in so far as necessary for the participation in this Action. Visa and visa-related costs, residence permits, vaccinations	Portion of eligible costs	100% of eligible costs	Conditional: the request for financial support to cover exceptional costs must be motivated in the application form

**TABLE A - ORGANISATIONAL SUPPORT (AMOUNTS IN EURO PER DAY)**

The amounts depend on the country where the activity takes place.

	<b>Organisational Support</b>
	<b>C1.1</b>
<b>Belgium</b>	37
<b>Bulgaria</b>	32
<b>Czech Republic</b>	32
<b>Denmark</b>	40
<b>Germany</b>	33
<b>Estonia</b>	33
<b>Ireland</b>	39
<b>Greece</b>	38
<b>Spain</b>	34
<b>France</b>	37
<b>Croatia</b>	35
<b>Italy</b>	39
<b>Cyprus</b>	32
<b>Latvia</b>	34
<b>Lithuania</b>	34
<b>Luxembourg</b>	36
<b>Hungary</b>	33
<b>Malta</b>	37
<b>Netherlands</b>	39
<b>Austria</b>	39
<b>Poland</b>	34
<b>Portugal</b>	37
<b>Romania</b>	32
<b>Slovenia</b>	34
<b>Slovakia</b>	35
<b>Finland</b>	39
<b>Sweden</b>	39
<b>United Kingdom</b>	40
<b>former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia</b>	28
<b>Iceland</b>	39
<b>Liechtenstein</b>	39
<b>Norway</b>	40
<b>Switzerland</b>	39
<b>Turkey</b>	32
<b>Partner Country neighbouring the EU</b>	29



## JEAN MONNET ACTIVITIES

### WHICH ACTIONS ARE SUPPORTED?

Jean Monnet Activities support the following Actions:

- Jean Monnet Modules (teaching and research);
- Jean Monnet Chairs (teaching and research);
- Jean Monnet Centres of Excellence (teaching and research);
- Jean Monnet Support to Institutions and Associations;
- Jean Monnet Networks (policy debate with the academic world);
- Jean Monnet Projects (policy debate with the academic world);

The following sections of this Guide provide detailed information on the criteria and funding rules applying to the Jean Monnet Actions.

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF JEAN MONNET?

The Jean Monnet Actions aim at promoting excellence in teaching and research in the field of European Union studies worldwide. These Actions also aim at fostering the dialogue between the academic world and policy-makers, in particular with the aim of enhancing governance of EU policies.

European Union studies comprise the study of Europe in its entirety with particular emphasis on the European integration process in both its internal and external aspects. The discipline also covers the role of the EU in a globalised world and in promoting an active European citizenship and dialogue between people and cultures.

The core subject areas are the following:

- EU and Comparative Regionalism Studies;
- EU Communication and Information Studies;
- EU Economic Studies;
- EU Historical Studies;
- EU Intercultural Dialogue Studies;
- EU Interdisciplinary Studies;
- EU International Relations and Diplomacy Studies;
- EU Legal Studies;
- EU Political and Administrative Studies.

However, different subject areas (such as sociology, philosophy, religion, geography, literature, art, sciences, environmental studies, global studies, etc.) may also be associated with this field of study when they include an element of teaching, research or reflection on the EU and contribute, in general, to the Europeanization of the curricula.

Comparative studies will only be considered where they relate to the different integration processes throughout the world.

In relation to the general objectives of the Erasmus+ Programme, Jean Monnet aims to:

- promote excellence in teaching and research in EU studies;
- equip students and young professionals with knowledge of European Union subjects relevant for their academic and professional lives and enhance their civic skills;
- foster the dialogue between the academic world and policy-makers, in particular to enhance governance of EU policies;
- promote innovation in teaching and research (e.g. cross-sectoral and/or multi-disciplinary studies, open education, networking with other institutions);
- mainstream and diversify EU-related subjects throughout the curricula proposed by higher education institutions to their students;
- improve the quality of professional training on EU subjects (with modules that deal with EU subjects more in-depth or extend to new subjects);
- foster the engagement of young academics in teaching and research on European subjects.

Jean Monnet is expected to bring positive and long-lasting effects to the participants involved, to the promoting organisations, as well as to the policy systems within which they are framed.

As regards the participants directly or indirectly involved in the Actions, Jean Monnet aims to produce the following outcomes:

- enhanced employability and improved career prospects for young graduates, by including or reinforcing a European dimension in their studies;
- increased interest in understanding and participating in the European Union, leading to a more active citizenship;
- support for young researchers (i.e. who have obtained a PhD degree in the last five years) and professors who want to carry out research and teaching on EU subjects;
- increased opportunities for academic staff in terms of professional and career development.

Activities supported under Jean Monnet are also expected to produce the following outcomes on participating organisations:

- increased capacity to teach and research on EU matters: improved or innovative curricula; increased capacity to attract excellent students; reinforced cooperation with partners from other countries; increased allocation of financial resources to teaching and research on EU subjects within the institution;
- more modern, dynamic, committed and professional environment inside the organisation: promoting the professional development of young researchers and professors; ready to integrate good practices and new EU subjects into didactic programmes and initiatives; open to synergies with other organisations.

Jean Monnet is expected in the long run to encourage the promotion and diversification of EU studies worldwide as well as to enhance and extend the participation of staff from more faculties and departments in European Union teaching and research.

## JEAN MONNET MODULES

### WHAT IS A JEAN MONNET MODULE?

A Jean Monnet Module is a short teaching programme (or course) in the field of European Union studies at a higher education institution. Each Module has a minimum duration of 40 teaching hours per academic year. Teaching hours are taken to include direct contact hours in the context of group lectures, seminars, tutorials and may include any of the aforementioned in a distance learning format but do not include individual instruction. Modules may concentrate on one particular discipline in European studies or be multidisciplinary in approach and therefore call upon the academic input of several professors and experts.

Erasmus+ supports Jean Monnet Modules with the aim to:

- promote research and first teaching experience for young researchers and scholars and practitioners in European Union issues;
- foster the publication and dissemination of the results of academic research;
- create interest in the EU and constitute the basis for future poles of European knowledge, particularly in Partner Countries;
- foster the introduction of a European Union angle into mainly non EU related studies;
- deliver tailor-made courses on specific EU issues relevant for graduates in their professional life.

The Jean Monnet Module anchors and mainstreams teaching on EU matters in curricula which so far have included EU-related content only to a limited extent. They also bring facts and knowledge on the European Union to a broad spectrum of learners and interested citizens.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

Jean Monnet Modules must take one of the following forms:

- general or introductory courses on European Union issues (in particular at institutions and faculties that do not yet have a highly developed course offering in the field);
- specialised teaching on European Union developments (in particular at institutions and faculties that do already have a highly developed course offering in the field);
- summer and intensive courses that are fully recognised.

### WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN A JEAN MONNET MODULE?

Higher education institutions have the role of supporting and promoting the Module coordinators by ensuring that the largest possible public benefits from their activities both inside and outside the institution.

Higher education institutions support Module coordinators in their teaching, research and reflection activities: they recognise the teaching activities developed; they monitor the activities, give visibility and valorise the results obtained by their staff involved in Jean Monnet.

Higher education institutions are required to maintain the activities of a Jean Monnet Module during the entire duration of the project, including replacing the academic coordinator if the need arises. The institution is obliged to replace Module coordinators with another member of its teaching staff with the same level of specialisation in European Union studies. However, the replacement of the original Module coordinator is accepted only in exceptional cases (e.g. if the academic coordinator leaves the institution) and requires the submission of a written request for approval to the Executive Agency, which verifies the academic profile of the nominated Module coordinator.

### WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A JEAN MONNET MODULE?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Jean Monnet Module must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

#### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	A higher education institution (HEI) established in any country of the world. HEIs established in Programme Countries must hold a valid Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE). An ECHE is not required for participating HEIs in Partner Countries.
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<b>Duration of project</b>	Three years. Holders of three-year term contracts for Jean Monnet Centres, Chairs and Modules (awarded since 2011) must wait until one academic year has elapsed following the end of the previous contractual period before submitting a new application for the same Action type. This obligatory pause does not apply if the new proposal is for a different Action type e.g. a former Chair holder applying for a Module. Furthermore, the holder of an on-going Module may apply for a new Module if the content is different.
<b>Duration of activity</b>	A Jean Monnet Module must be taught for a minimum of 40 hours per academic year (for three consecutive years) in the field of European Union studies at the applicant higher education institution.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>26 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 September of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will also be assessed against **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

### AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project</b> (Maximum 25 points)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see sections "What are the aims of Jean Monnet " and "What is a Jean Monnet Module" )</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the academics involved</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- is suitable for fostering the development of new teaching, research or debating activities</li> <li>- includes the use of new methodologies, tools and technologies</li> <li>- demonstrates evidence of academic added value</li> <li>- promotes European studies at the institution hosting the Jean Monnet activities</li> <li>- gives greater visibility to this field of study both within the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action and at a national level</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to priority target groups of the Action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- institutions established in countries not covered by the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- institutions or academics not yet in receipt of Jean Monnet funding</li> <li>- specific EU related subjects in studies which have had limited exposure to but are increasingly affected by European aspects</li> <li>- students who do not automatically come into contact with European studies (in such fields as science, engineering, medicine, education, arts and languages, etc.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project design and implementation</b> (Maximum 25 points)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, evaluation, follow-up and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives, activities and the budget proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project team</b> (Maximum 25 points)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal involves key academic staff demonstrating an excellent profile and qualifications in specific fields of European Union studies, documented by evidence of high-level activities</li> <li>▪ The pertinence of the profile and expertise of key academic staff involved with the activities carried out in the project</li> </ul>



<p><b>Impact and dissemination</b> (Maximum 25 points)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the teaching activities</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on the students and learners benefiting from the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on other organisations and individuals involved at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the activities within and outside the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Activities</li> <li>▪ If relevant, the extent to which the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain any disproportionate limitations.</li> </ul>
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To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least 13 points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above.

## WHAT ELSE SHOULD YOU KNOW ABOUT A JEAN MONNET MODULE?

### BUDGET ALLOCATION

Up to 20% of the budget allocated to support Modules will be granted to Jean Monnet Modules for which the coordinators are researchers who have obtained a PhD degree in the last five years. This measure will support young researchers starting their academic careers.

### DISSEMINATION AND IMPACT

Jean Monnet Modules are required to disseminate and exploit the results of the organised teaching and research activities beyond the scope of the stakeholders directly involved. This will considerably increase the impact and contribute to a systemic change.

To increase their impact they should include in their dissemination activities the creation and offer of open educational resources (OER) and involve open education activities to respond to technological progress. This will foster more flexible and creative ways of learning and reach out to an increasing number of students, professionals, policy makers and other interested groups.

All coordinators of Jean Monnet Modules will be asked to update their respective section of the Erasmus+ specific online tool where all the information about the Jean Monnet Activities will be hosted. They will be encouraged strongly to use the relevant existing platforms and tools (i.e. the Jean Monnet directory, the Jean Monnet virtual community). These sections, which are part of the general IT tool for Erasmus+, will keep the wider public informed about the institutions and their Jean Monnet courses. Grant holders will be asked to regularly update the tool with the results of their work.

Coordinators of Jean Monnet Modules are encouraged to:

- publish at least one peer reviewed article during the grant period. The grant will cover part of the publication and, if need be, of the translation costs;
- participate in dissemination and information events at national and European level;
- organise events (lectures, seminars, workshops, etc.) with policy makers at local, regional and national level as well as with organised civil society and schools;
- disseminate the results of their activities via the organisation of seminars or lectures geared and adapted to the general public and civil society representatives;
- network with other coordinators of Modules, Centres of Excellence, Jean Monnet Chairs and supported Institutions;
- apply open educational resources (OER), publish the summaries, content and schedule of their activities as well as the expected outcomes.



## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The maximum grant that can be awarded is 30 000 EUR that can represent the maximum of 75% of the total cost of the Jean Monnet Module.

A system based on a combination of scales of unit costs and flat-rate financing for the awarding of grants under the Jean Monnet Activities applies. This system is determined on the basis of a calculated national teaching cost per hour. The following method is used:

- **Teaching Costs** (scale of unit cost): the calculated national teaching cost per hour D.1 is multiplied by the (minimum) number of hours required (120 hours);
- **Additional Costs** (flat-rate financing): a 'top-up' percentage of 40% for a Jean Monnet Module is added to the above mentioned costs basis. This top-up percentage takes account of the additional academic activities included in a Module such as staff costs, travel and subsistence costs, dissemination costs, costs for teaching materials and indirect costs, etc.

The final grant is then obtained by applying the maximum 75% EU funding of total calculated grant and by respecting the maximum grant ceiling for a Jean Monnet Module (30 000 EUR).

The specific amounts applying to Jean Monnet Modules can be found in the section "Jean Monnet unit costs" at the end of the Jean Monnet chapter in this Part of the Guide.

## JEAN MONNET CHAIRS

### WHAT IS A JEAN MONNET CHAIR?

A Jean Monnet Chair is a teaching post with a specialisation in European Union studies for university professors or senior lecturers. A Jean Monnet Chair must be held by only one professor, who must provide the minimum of 90 teaching hours per academic year. Teaching hours are taken to include direct contact hours in the context of group lectures, seminars, tutorials and may include any of the aforementioned in a distance learning format but do not include individual instruction and/or supervision. If the higher education institution has established a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence, the Jean Monnet Chair must assume the academic responsibility of the Centre.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

A Jean Monnet Chair can carry out one or more of the following activities:

- deepen teaching in European Union studies embodied in an official curriculum of a higher education institution;
- conduct, monitor and supervise research on EU subjects, also for other educational levels such as teacher training and compulsory education;
- provide in-depth teaching on European Union matters for future professionals in fields which are in increasing demand on the labour market ;
- encourage, advise and mentor the young generation of teachers and researchers in European Union studies subject areas.

### WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN A JEAN MONNET CHAIR?

Jean Monnet Chairs are an integral part of the higher education institution that concludes the grant agreement/decision.

Jean Monnet Chairs are inscribed in their institution's official academic activities. The higher education institutions are requested to support Jean Monnet Chair holders in their teaching, research and reflection activities, allowing the widest possible range of curricula to benefit from the courses; they should recognise the teaching activities developed.

Higher education institutions have the final responsibility for their applications. They are obliged to maintain the activities of a Jean Monnet Chair during the entire duration of the project including replacing the Chair holder if the need arises. The institution is obliged to replace him or her with another member of its teaching staff with the same level of specialisation in European Union studies. However, the replacement of the original Chair holder is accepted only in exceptional cases (e.g. if the original Chair holder leaves the higher education institution) and requires the submission of a written request for approval to the Executive Agency, which verifies the academic profile of the nominated Chair holder.

Exceptionally, higher education institutions may file applications for outstanding professionals and/or renowned personalities to be integrated in official curricula.

### WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A JEAN MONNET CHAIR?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Jean Monnet Chair must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

#### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	A Higher Education Institution (HEI) established in any country of the world. HEIs established in Programme Countries must hold a valid Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE). An ECHE is not required for participating HEIs in Partner Countries.  Individuals cannot apply directly for a grant.
<b>Profile of Jean Monnet Chairs</b>	Jean Monnet Chair holders must be permanent staff members at the applicant institution and have the rank of professor/senior lecturer. They may not be a "visiting professor" at the HEI applying for the grant.

<b>Duration of project</b>	Three years. Holders of three-year term contracts for Jean Monnet Centres, Chairs and Modules (awarded since 2011) must wait until one academic year has elapsed following the end of the previous contractual period before submitting a new application for the same Action type. This obligatory pause does not apply if the new proposal is for a different Action type e.g. a former Chair holder applying for a Module. Furthermore, the holder of an on-going Module may apply for a new Module if the content is different.
<b>Duration of activity</b>	Jean Monnet Chair holders must teach a minimum of 90 hours per academic year (for three consecutive years) in the field of European Union studies at the applicant higher education institution.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>26 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 September of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will also be assessed against **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

### AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project</b> (Maximum 25 points)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see sections "What are the aims of Jean Monnet Actions" )</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the academics involved</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- is submitted in favour of an academic with an excellent profile in a specific field of European Union studies</li> <li>- is suitable for fostering the development of new teaching, research or debating activities</li> <li>- includes the use of new methodologies, tools and technologies</li> <li>- demonstrates evidence of academic added value</li> <li>- promotes European studies at the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- gives greater visibility to this field of study both within the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action and at a national level</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to priority target groups of the Action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- institutions established in countries not covered by the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- institutions or academics not yet in receipt of Jean Monnet funding</li> <li>- specific EU related subjects in studies which have had limited exposure to but are increasingly affected by European aspects</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project design and implementation</b> (Maximum 25 points)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, evaluation, follow-up and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives, activities and the budget proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> </ul>

<p><b>Quality of the project team</b> (Maximum 25 points)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal involves key academic staff demonstrating an excellent profile and qualifications in specific fields of European Union studies, documented by evidence of high-level activities</li> <li>▪ The pertinence of the profile and expertise of key academic staff involved with the activities carried out in the project</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination</b> (Maximum 25 points)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the teaching activities</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on the students and learners benefiting from the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on other organisations and individuals involved at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the activities within and outside the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>▪ If relevant, the extent to which the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences and does not contain disproportionate limitations.</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least 13 points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above.

## WHAT ELSE SHOULD YOU KNOW ABOUT A JEAN MONNET CHAIR?

### DISSEMINATION AND IMPACT

Jean Monnet Chairs are required to disseminate and exploit the results of the organised teaching and research activities beyond the stakeholders directly involved. This will considerably increase the impact and contribute to a systemic change.

To increase their impact the Chair holders should include in their dissemination activities the creation and offer of open educational resources (OER) and involve open education activities to respond to technological progress. This will foster more flexible and creative ways of learning and reach out to a considerably increasing number of students, professionals, policy makers and other interested groups.

Jean Monnet Chairs will be asked to update their respective section of the Erasmus+ specific online tool where all the information about the Jean Monnet Activities will be hosted. They will be strongly encouraged to use the relevant existing platforms and tools (i.e. the Jean Monnet directory, the Jean Monnet virtual community). These functions, as part of the general IT tool for Erasmus+, will ensure that the wider public is informed about the institutions and their Jean Monnet courses. Grant holders will be asked to regularly update the tool with the results of their work.

Jean Monnet Chairs are encouraged to:

- publish at least one book within the University Press during the grant period. The grant will cover part of the publication and, if need be, part of the translation costs;
- participate in dissemination and information events at national and European level;
- organise events (lectures, seminars, workshops, etc.) with policy makers at local, regional and national level as well as with organised civil society and schools;
- disseminate the results of their activities via the organisation of seminars or lectures geared and adapted to the general public and civil society representatives;
- network with other Jean Monnet Chairs, coordinators of Modules, Centres of Excellence and supported Institutions;
- apply open educational resources (OER), publish the summaries, content and schedule of their activities as well as the expected outcomes.



## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The maximum grant that can be awarded is 50 000 EUR that can represent the maximum of 75% of the total cost of the Jean Monnet Chair.

A system based on a combination of scales of unit costs and flat-rate financing for the awarding of grants under the Jean Monnet Activities applies. This system is determined on the basis of a calculated national teaching cost per hour. The following method is used:

- **Teaching Costs** (scale of unit cost): the calculated national teaching cost per hour D.1 is multiplied by the (minimum) number of hours required for a Jean Monnet Chair (270 hours);
- **Additional Costs** (flat-rate financing): a 'top-up' percentage of 10% for a Jean Monnet Chair is added to the above mentioned costs basis. This top-up percentage takes account of the additional academic activities included in a Chair such as staff costs, travel and subsistence costs, dissemination costs, costs for teaching materials and indirect costs, etc.

The final grant is then obtained by applying the maximum 75% EU funding of total calculated grant and by respecting the maximum grant ceiling for a Jean Monnet Chair (50 000 EUR).

The specific amounts applying to Jean Monnet Chairs can be found in the section "Jean Monnet unit costs" at the end of the Jean Monnet chapter in this Part of the Guide.

## **JEAN MONNET CENTRES OF EXCELLENCE**

### **WHAT IS A JEAN MONNET CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE?**

A Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence is a focal point of competence and knowledge on European Union subjects.

The academic responsibility of a Centre must be assumed by a Jean Monnet Chair holder. A Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence gathers the expertise and competences of high-level experts (including Jean Monnet Chairs and/or Jean Monnet Module coordinators) and aims at developing synergies between the various disciplines and resources in European studies, as well as at creating joint transnational activities and structural links with academic institutions in other countries. It also ensures openness to civil society.

Jean Monnet Centres of Excellence have a major role in reaching out to students from faculties not normally dealing with European Union issues as well as to policy makers, civil servants, organised civil society and the general public at large.

### **WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?**

A Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence can carry out one or more of the following activities:

- organising and coordinating human and documentary resources related to European Union studies;
- leading research activities in specific European Union subjects (research function);
- developing content and tools on EU subjects to update and complement the current courses and curricula (teaching function);
- enhancing the debate and exchange of experiences about the EU (think-tank function);
- systematic publication of the results of research activities.

### **WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN A JEAN MONNET CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE?**

Higher education institutions planning to establish a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence are expected to reflect on its strategic development. They should provide guidance and a vision for the best experts available among the teaching and research staff for creating synergies allowing high-level collaborative work on specific EU subjects. They should support and promote the initiatives of the Centre and assist their development.

Higher education institutions are obliged to maintain the activities of a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence during the entire duration of the project including replacing the academic coordinator if the need arises. The new academic coordinator must also hold a Jean Monnet Chair. The replacement of the original academic coordinator will be accepted only in highly exceptional cases and requires the submission of a written request for approval to the Executive Agency, which verifies the academic profile of the nominated academic coordinator. The Institution should support the Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence in implementing the teaching, research and reflection activities.

A Centre of Excellence may involve the co-operation of several institutions/organisations established in the same city or region. In any case, it must be a clearly labelled institute or structure specialised in European Union studies and must be hosted by a higher education institution.

### **WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A JEAN MONNET CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE?**

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	A higher education institution (HEI) established in any country of the world. HEIs established in Programme Countries must hold a valid Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE). An ECHE is not required for participating HEIs in Partner Countries.
<b>Duration of project</b>	Three years. Holders of three-year term contracts for Jean Monnet Centres, Chairs and Modules (awarded since 2011) must wait until one academic year has elapsed following the end of the previous contractual period before submitting a new application for the same type of project. This obligatory pause does not apply if the new proposal is for a different project type e.g. a former Chair holder applying for a Module. Furthermore, the holder of an on-going Module may apply for a new Module if the content is different.
<b>Duration of activity</b>	Three years.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>26 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 September of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.
<b>Other criteria</b>	The HEI applying to set up a Centre of Excellence must designate a Jean Monnet Chair holder to assume the academic responsibility of the Centre. Therefore, only HEIs that have already been granted a Jean Monnet Chair under a previous call for proposals can apply for a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence.  Only one Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence can be supported in any given higher education institution.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the project</b> (Maximum 25 points)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see sections "What are the aims of Jean Monnet" and "What is a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence" )</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the academics involved</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- is suitable for fostering the development of new teaching, research or debating activities</li> <li>- demonstrates evidence of academic added value</li> <li>- promotes European studies at the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- gives greater visibility to this field of study both within the institution hosting the Jean Monnet activities and at a national level</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to priority target groups of the Action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- institutions established in countries not covered by the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- institutions or academics not yet in receipt of Jean Monnet funding</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
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<b>Quality of the project design and implementation</b> (Maximum 25 points)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, evaluation, follow-up and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives, activities and budget proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project team</b> (Maximum 25 points)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal involves key academic staff demonstrating an excellent profile and qualifications in specific fields of European Union studies, documented by evidence of high-level activities</li> <li>▪ The pertinence of the profile and expertise of key academic staff involved with the activities carried out in the project</li> </ul>
<b>Impact and dissemination</b> (Maximum 25 points)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the teaching activities</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on the students and learners benefiting from the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on other organisations and individuals involved at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the activities within and outside the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>▪ If relevant, the extent to which the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least 13 points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above.

## WHAT ELSE SHOULD YOU KNOW ABOUT A JEAN MONNET CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE?

### DISSEMINATION AND IMPACT

Jean Monnet Centres of Excellence are required to disseminate and exploit the results of the organised teaching and research activities beyond the stakeholders directly involved. This will considerably increase the impact and contribute to a systemic change.

To increase their impact they should include in their dissemination activities the creation and offer of open educational resources (OER) and involve open education activities to respond to technological progress. This will foster more flexible and creative ways of learning and reach out to a considerably increasing number of students, professionals, policy makers and other interested groups.

Jean Monnet Centres of Excellence will be asked to update their respective section of the Erasmus+ specific online tool where all the information about the Jean Monnet Activities will be hosted. They will be strongly encouraged to use the relevant existing platforms and tools (i.e. the Jean Monnet directory, the Jean Monnet virtual community). These functions, as part of the general IT tool for Erasmus+, will ensure that the wider public is informed about the institutions and their Jean Monnet courses. Grant holders will be asked to regularly update the tool with the results of their work.

Centres of Excellence are encouraged to:

- participate in dissemination and information events at European and national level;
- organise events (lectures, seminars, workshops, etc.) with policy makers at local, regional and national level as well as with organised civil society and schools;
- disseminate the results of their activities via the organisation of seminars or lectures geared and adapted to the general public and civil society representatives;
- network with other Centres of Excellence, Jean Monnet Chairs, coordinators of Modules and supported Institutions;
- apply open educational resources (OER), publish the summaries, content and schedule of their activities as well as the expected outcomes.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

If the project is selected, the following funding rules will apply to the grant:

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Activity costs</b>	<p>Eligible direct costs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Staff costs</li> <li>▪ Travel and subsistence costs</li> <li>▪ Subcontracting costs (maximum 30% of eligible direct costs)</li> <li>▪ Equipment costs (maximum 10% of eligible direct costs)</li> <li>▪ Teaching costs</li> <li>▪ Other costs</li> </ul> <p>Eligible indirect costs</p> <p>A flat-rate amount, not exceeding 7% of the eligible direct costs of the project, is eligible under indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs which can be regarded as chargeable to the project (e.g. electricity or internet bills, costs for premises, cost of permanent staff, etc.)</p>	Portion of eligible costs	80% of the total eligible costs (unless a lower % of grant is requested by the applicant) Maximum € 100 000	Conditional: objectives and work programme must be clearly outlined in the application form

## **JEAN MONNET SUPPORT TO INSTITUTIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS**

### **WHAT IS JEAN MONNET SUPPORT TO INSTITUTIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS?**

This Jean Monnet Action consists of the following:

- Support to institutions

Jean Monnet supports institutions that enhance teacher and training activities on European Union subjects at the postgraduate level and/or for other relevant stakeholders. It also fosters activities aimed at elaborating, analysing and popularizing European Union subjects and their teaching.

- Support to associations

Jean Monnet supports associations that have as their explicit purpose to contribute to the study of the European integration process. Such associations should be interdisciplinary and open to all interested professors, teachers and researchers specialising in European Union issues in the relevant country or region. They should be representative of the academic community in European Union studies at regional, national or supranational level. Support will be given only to associations that are officially registered and have independent legal status.

### **WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?**

Over the lifetime of the grant, institutions and associations may typically realise a broad range of activities, such as for example:

For institutions:

- collect, elaborate, analyse and disseminate European Union facts and knowledge
- organise Master level courses on European Union issues or professional advanced training for practitioners, civil servants of local and regional authorities.

For associations:

- organise and carry out statutory activities of associations dealing with European Union studies and European Union issues (e.g. the publication of a newsletter, the setting up of a dedicated website, the organisation of the annual board meeting, the organisation of specific promotional events aimed at providing greater visibility to European Union subjects, etc.);
- publicize European Union facts among a wider public enhancing active citizenship.

### **WHAT IS THE ROLE OF INSTITUTIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS?**

Jean Monnet Institutions and Associations should become reference points in the European Union subject areas they cover.

They will assume the role of multipliers and they will disseminate knowledge; they will also contribute to collecting and capitalizing information as well as providing analysis and visions on specific subjects.

Institutions and associations are ultimately responsible for their proposals. They are obliged to implement the activities described in their work programme during the entire duration of the grant.

### **WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A JEAN MONNET SUPPORT TO INSTITUTIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS?**

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Jean Monnet support to institutions and associations must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	<p><b>Jean Monnet institutions:</b></p> <p>Institutions active in the European Union subject area, established in any country of the world. The designated European institutions pursuing an aim of European interest (identified in the legal basis of the Erasmus+ Programme) as well as the higher education institutions that are eligible for a Jean Monnet Centre of Excellence or a Jean Monnet Chair are not eligible to apply for this type of support.</p> <p><b>Jean Monnet associations:</b></p> <p>Any association of professors and researchers specialising in European Union Studies, established in any country of the world. The explicit purpose of the association must be to contribute to the study of the European integration process at national or transnational level. The association must have an interdisciplinary character.</p>
<b>Duration of project</b>	Three years.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>26 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 September of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will also be assessed against **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (Maximum 25 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (Please see sections "What is the aim of Jean Monnet " and "What is Jean Monnet support to institutions and associations")</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the academics involved</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- is suitable for fostering the development of new teaching, research or debating activities</li> <li>- demonstrates evidence of academic added value</li> <li>- promotes European Union studies at the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- gives greater visibility to this field of study both within the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action and at a national level</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to priority target groups of the Action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- institutions established in countries not covered by the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- institutions or associations not yet in receipt of Jean Monnet funding</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project design and implementation (Maximum 25 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, evaluation, follow-up and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives, activities and budget proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> </ul>

<b>Quality of the project team (Maximum 25 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal involves key academic staff demonstrating an excellent profile and qualifications in specific fields of European Union studies, documented by evidence of high-level activities</li> <li>▪ The pertinence of the profile and expertise of key academic staff involved with the activities carried out in the project</li> </ul>
<b>Impact and dissemination (Maximum 25 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the teaching activities</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on the students and learners benefiting from the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on other organisations and individuals involved at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the activities within and outside the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>▪ If relevant, the extent to which the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least 13 points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above.

## WHAT ELSE SHOULD YOU KNOW ABOUT A JEAN MONNET SUPPORT TO INSTITUTIONS?

### DISSEMINATION AND IMPACT

Institutions and associations selected under this Action are required to disseminate and exploit the results of their teaching and research activities beyond the stakeholders directly involved. This will considerably increase the impact and contribute to a systemic change.

To increase their impact they should include in their dissemination activities the creation and offer of open educational resources (OER) and involve open education activities to respond to technological progress. This will foster more flexible and creative ways of learning and reach out to a considerably increasing number of students, professionals, policy makers and other interested groups.

All Institutions and Associations, awarded a Jean Monnet grant, will be asked to update their respective section of the Erasmus+ specific online tool where all the information about the Jean Monnet Activities will be hosted. They will be strongly encouraged to use the relevant existing platforms and tools (i.e. the Jean Monnet directory, the Jean Monnet virtual community). These functions, as part of the general IT tool for Erasmus+, will ensure that the wider public is informed about the institutions and their Jean Monnet courses. Grant holders will be asked to regularly update the tool with the results of their work.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

If the project is selected, the following funding rules will apply to the grant:

	<b>Eligible costs</b>	<b>Financing mechanism</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Rule of allocation</b>
<b>Activity costs</b>	<p>Eligible direct costs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Staff costs</li> <li>▪ Travel and subsistence costs</li> <li>▪ Subcontracting costs (maximum 30% of eligible direct costs)</li> <li>▪ Equipment costs (maximum 10% of eligible direct costs)</li> <li>▪ Teaching costs</li> <li>▪ Other costs</li> </ul> <p>Eligible indirect costs A flat-rate amount, not exceeding 7% of the eligible direct costs of the project, is eligible under indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs which can be regarded as chargeable to the project (e.g. electricity or internet bills, costs for premises, cost of permanent staff, etc.)</p>	Portion of eligible costs	<p>For institutions: No maximum ceiling.</p> <p>For associations: Maximum <b>€ 50 000</b></p> <p>All projects: 80% of the total eligible costs (unless a lower % of grant is requested by the applicant).</p>	Conditional: objectives and work programme must be clearly outlined in the application form

## JEAN MONNET NETWORKS (POLICY DEBATE WITH THE ACADEMIC WORLD)

### WHAT IS A JEAN MONNET NETWORK?

Jean Monnet Networks foster the creation and development of consortia of international players (HEIs, Centres of Excellence, departments, teams, individual experts, etc.) in the area of European Union studies.

They contribute to gathering information, exchanging practices, building knowledge and promoting the European integration process across the world. This Action can also support the enhancement of existing networks supporting specific activities, notably fostering the participation of young researchers in EU-related themes.

These projects will be based on unilateral proposals, focused on activities that cannot be achieved successfully at a national level and require the involvement of a minimum of five partner institutions (including the applicant institution) from five different countries. Their aim is to undertake projects that have a multinational rather than a national dimension.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

Over the lifetime of a project, networks may typically realise a broad range of activities, such as for example:

- gathering and promoting information and results on methodologies applied to high-level research and teaching on EU studies;
- enhancing cooperation between different higher education institutions and other relevant bodies throughout Europe and around the world;
- exchanging knowledge and expertise with a view to mutually enhancing good practices;
- fostering cooperation and creating a high knowledge exchange platform with public actors and the European Commission services on highly relevant EU subjects.

### WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN A JEAN MONNET NETWORKS?

Jean Monnet Networks should become reference points in the European Union subject areas they cover. They will take the role of multipliers and disseminate knowledge; they will also contribute to collect and capitalize information as well as provide analysis and visions on specific subjects.

Higher education institutions coordinating Jean Monnet Networks have the final responsibility for their proposals. They are obliged to implement the activities described in their work programme during the entire duration of the grant.

### WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A JEAN MONNET SUPPORT TO NETWORKS?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Jean Monnet Network must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

#### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	A higher education institution (HEI) or other organisation active in the European integration area, established in any country of the world. The applicant must be the coordinator of the network that comprises a minimum of five participating institutions from five different countries. The designated European institutions (identified in the legal basis of the Erasmus+ Programme) pursuing an aim of European interest are not eligible to apply under this Action.
<b>Duration of project</b>	Three years.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>26 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> For projects starting as of 1 September of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will also be assessed against **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<p><b>Relevance of the project (Maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see sections "What are the aims of Jean Monnet" and "What is a Jean Monnet Network")</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the academics involved</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- is suitable for fostering the development of new teaching, research or debating activities</li> <li>- demonstrates evidence of academic added value</li> <li>- promotes European studies at the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action as well as the member institutions of the Network</li> <li>- gives greater visibility to this field of study within the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action, at the member institutions of the Network as well as at national and transnational level</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to priority target groups of the Action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- institutions established in countries not covered by the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- institutions or academics not yet in receipt of Jean Monnet funding</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project design and implementation (Maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, evaluation, follow-up and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives, activities and budget proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> <li>▪ The design and management of Network activities including communication channels between the members</li> </ul>
<p><b>Quality of the project team (Maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal involves key academic staff demonstrating an excellent profile and qualifications in specific fields of European Union studies, documented by evidence of high-level activities</li> <li>▪ The pertinence of the profile and expertise of key academic staff involved with the activities carried out in the project</li> <li>▪ The composition of the Network in terms of geographical coverage and complementarity of competencies</li> </ul>



<p><b>Impact and dissemination (Maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the teaching activities</li> <li>▪ The potential impact and multiplier effect of the project:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action and on the member institutions of the Network</li> <li>- on the students and learners benefiting from the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on other organisations and individuals involved at local, regional, national, transnational and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the activities within and outside the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>▪ If relevant, the extent to which the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations.</li> </ul>
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To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least 13 points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above.

## **WHAT ELSE SHOULD YOU KNOW ABOUT A JEAN MONNET SUPPORT TO NETWORKS?**

### **DISSEMINATION AND IMPACT**

Networks selected under this Action are required to disseminate and exploit the results of their activities beyond the participants directly involved. This will considerably increase the impact and contribute to a systemic change.

To increase their impact they should include in their dissemination activities the creation of tools and events adapted to their objectives.

All Jean Monnet Networks will be asked to update their respective section of the Erasmus+ specific online tool where all the information about the Jean Monnet Activities will be hosted. They will be strongly encouraged to use the relevant existing platforms and tools (i.e. the Jean Monnet directory, the Jean Monnet virtual community). These functions, as part of the general IT tool for Erasmus+ will ensure that the wider public is informed about the Jean Monnet Network activities. Grant holders will be asked to regularly update the tool with the results of their work.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

If the project is selected, the following funding rules will apply to the grant:

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount	Rule of allocation
<b>Activity costs</b>	<p>Eligible direct costs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Staff costs</li> <li>▪ Travel and subsistence costs</li> <li>▪ Subcontracting costs (maximum 30% of eligible direct costs)</li> <li>▪ Equipment costs (maximum 10% of eligible direct costs)</li> <li>▪ Teaching costs</li> <li>▪ Other costs</li> </ul> <p>Eligible indirect costs A flat-rate amount, not exceeding 7% of the eligible direct costs of the project, is eligible under indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs which can be regarded as chargeable to the project (e.g. electricity or internet bills, costs for premises, cost of permanent staff, etc.)</p>	Portion of eligible costs	<p><b>Maximum € 300 000</b></p> <p>80% of the total eligible costs (unless a lower % of grant is requested by the applicant).</p>	Conditional: objectives and work programme must be clearly outlined in the application form

## JEAN MONNET PROJECTS (POLICY DEBATE WITH THE ACADEMIC WORLD)

### WHAT IS A JEAN MONNET PROJECT?

Jean Monnet Projects support innovation, cross-fertilisation and the spread of European Union content. These projects will be based on unilateral proposals - although the proposed activities may involve other partners - and may last between 12 and 24 months.

- **"Innovation"** projects will explore new angles and different methodologies in view of making European Union subjects more attractive and adapted to various kinds of target populations (e.g. projects on Learning EU @ School);
- **"Cross-fertilisation"** projects will promote discussion and reflection on European Union issues and enhance knowledge about the Union and its processes. These projects will aim at boosting EU knowledge in specific contexts;
- **"Spread content"** projects will mainly concern information and dissemination activities.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER JEAN MONNET PROJECTS?

Over their lifetime, Jean Monnet Projects may typically realise a broad range of activities, such as for example:

- development and testing newly designed methodologies, content and tools on specific European Union topics;
- development of academic content and tools specifically designed for students of faculties/schools not normally dealing with EU issues (e.g. EU consumer protection policy for students in veterinary/health care/medicine);
- creation of virtual classrooms on specific subject areas and testing them in different contexts;
- design, production and implementation of self-training tools promoting active citizenship in the EU;
- developing and delivering appropriate pedagogical content and new/adapted didactic material for the teaching of European Union issues at the level of primary and secondary education (Learning EU @ School);
- design and implementation of teacher training and continuing education for teachers, providing them with the appropriate knowledge and skills to teach European Union subjects;
- provision of specifically designed activities on the European Union to pupils at the level of primary and secondary schools and in vocational education and training institutions;
- boosting the level of knowledge and/or enhance the dynamic of a "department/chair/research team" in a given faculty/school which has expressed a specific interest/need via joint academic activities;
- Joint development of content and co-teaching for students involving several institutions. Participating institutions may organise common activities, preparation of tools supporting courses, delivery of courses on EU issues particularly in those disciplines not traditionally associated with this field of study;
- supporting information and dissemination activities for staff of the public administration, for experts in specific subjects and for civil society as a whole;
- organisation of conferences, seminars and/or roundtables in relevant European Union issues.

### WHAT IS THE ROLE OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN A JEAN MONNET PROJECT?

The institution proposing the project is required to prepare a clear and sustainable strategy with a detailed work programme including information about the expected results. It should justify the need of the activities proposed, the direct and indirect beneficiaries, it should guarantee the active role of all the participating organisations.

Proposals are signed by the legal representative of the higher education institutions (or other eligible organisations) and provide information about the legal status, objectives and activities of the applicant institution. Higher education institutions (or other eligible organisations) have the final responsibility for their proposals. They are obliged to implement the activities described in their projects during the entire duration of the project.

### WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A JEAN MONNET PROJECT?

Here below are listed the formal criteria that a Jean Monnet Project must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

## ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	Higher education institutions or other organisations active in the European Union subject area, established in any country of the world. The designated institutions (identified in the legal basis of the Erasmus+ Programme) pursuing an aim of European interest are not eligible to apply under this Action. Primary and secondary education establishments are not eligible to apply, although they may actively contribute to the realisation of the activities.
<b>Number of participating organisations</b>	The number of organisations in the application form is one (the applicant) The project may involve other organisations at a later stage.
<b>Duration of project</b>	From 12 to 24 months.
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.
<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>26 March at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 September of the same year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will also be assessed against **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (Maximum 25 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives and priorities of the Action (see sections "What are the aims of the Jean Monnet" and "What is a Jean Monnet Project")</li> <li>- the specific objectives of the "Jean Monnet Projects" ("Innovation", "Cross-fertilisation", "Spread content")</li> <li>- the needs and objectives of the participating organisations and of the academics involved</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- is suitable for fostering the development of new teaching, research or debating activities</li> <li>- demonstrates evidence of academic added value</li> <li>- promotes European studies at the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- gives greater visibility to this field of study both within the institution hosting the Jean Monnet activities and at a national level</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to priority target groups of the Action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- institutions established in countries not covered by the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- institutions or academics not yet in receipt of Jean Monnet funding</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project design and implementation (Maximum 25 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, evaluation, follow-up and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives, activities and budget proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> </ul>

<p><b>Quality of the project team (Maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The extent to which the proposal involves key academic staff demonstrating an excellent profile and qualifications in specific fields of European Union studies, documented by evidence of high-level activities</li> <li>▪ The pertinence of the profile and expertise of key academic staff involved with the activities carried out in the project</li> <li>▪ For projects targeting primary and secondary school students: the involvement of project staff with relevant pedagogical skills</li> </ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (Maximum 25 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the teaching activities</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on the students and learners benefiting from the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>- on other organisations and individuals involved at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at disseminating the outcomes of the activities within and outside the institution hosting the Jean Monnet Action</li> <li>▪ If relevant, the extent to which the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least 13 points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above.

## WHAT ELSE SHOULD YOU KNOW ABOUT A JEAN MONNET PROJECT?

### DISSEMINATION AND IMPACT

Jean Monnet Projects are required to disseminate and exploit the results of the activities beyond the stakeholders directly involved. This will considerably increase the impact and contribute to a systemic change.

Jean Monnet Projects will be asked to update their respective section of the Erasmus+ specific online tool where all the information about the Jean Monnet Activities will be hosted. They will be strongly encouraged to use the relevant existing platforms and tools (i.e. the Jean Monnet directory, the Jean Monnet virtual community). These functions, as part of the general IT tool for Erasmus+, will ensure that the wider public is informed about the results. Grant holders will be asked to regularly update the tool with the results of their work.

Jean Monnet Projects are encouraged to:

- participate in dissemination and information events at national and European level;
- organise events (lectures, seminars, workshops, etc.) with policy makers at local, regional and national level as well as with organised civil society and schools;
- disseminate the results of their activities via the organisation of seminars or lectures geared and adapted to general public and civil society representatives;
- network with Centres of Excellence, Jean Monnet Chairs, coordinators of Modules and supported Institutions and Associations;
- apply open educational resources (OER), publish the summaries, content and schedule of their activities as well as the expected outcomes.

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

**Maximum grant awarded for a Jean Monnet Project: 60 000 EUR (representing maximum of 75% of the total costs)**

Eligible costs		Financing mechanism	Amount
<b>Participation in conferences</b>	Contribution to costs linked to the organisation of conferences, seminars, workshops, etc., excluding costs linked to the participation of non-local speakers	Unit costs	D.2 per day per participant
<b>Travel (non-local speakers)</b>	Contribution to the travel costs of non-local speakers attending the conferences, from their place of origin to the venue of the activity and return	Unit costs	For travel distances between 100 and 499 KM: 180 EUR per participant
			For travel distances between 500 and 1999 KM: 275 EUR per participant
			For travel distances between 2000 and 2999 KM: 360 EUR per participant
			For travel distances between 3000 and 3999 KM: 530 EUR per participant
			For travel distances between 4000 and 7999 KM: 820 EUR per participant
			For travel distances of 8000 KM or more: 1100 EUR per participant
<b>Subsistence (non-local speakers)</b>	Contribution to the subsistence costs of non-local speakers attending the conferences	Unit costs	D.3 per day per participant
<b>Complementary activities</b>	Contribution to any additional peripheral cost related to complementary activities developed in this Action: e.g. academic follow-up of the event, creation and maintenance of a website, design, printing and dissemination of publications; interpretation costs; production costs	Lump sum	25.000 EUR

The specific amounts applying to Jean Monnet Projects can be found in the section "Jean Monnet unit costs" at the end of the Jean Monnet chapter in this Part of the Guide.

## JEAN MONNET UNIT COSTS

### D.1 – NATIONAL TEACHING COSTS (IN EURO PER TEACHING HOUR)

The amounts depend on the country where the teaching activity takes place.

Programme Countries	
Belgium	200
Bulgaria	80
Czech Republic	107
Denmark	200
Germany	200
Estonia	107
Ireland	172
Greece	129
Spain	161
France	184
Croatia	96
Italy	166
Cyprus	151
Latvia	98
Lithuania	106
Luxembourg	200
Hungary	104
Malta	138
Netherlands	200
Austria	200
Poland	104
Portugal	126
Romania	81
Slovenia	136
Slovakia	114
Finland	193
Sweden	200
United Kingdom	184
former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	80
Iceland	159
Liechtenstein	80
Norway	200
Switzerland	200
Turkey	87

Partner Countries	
Antigua and Barbuda	92
Australia	200
Bahrain	110
Barbados	94
Brunei	200
Canada	200
Chile	83
Equatorial Guinea	131
Hong Kong	200
Israel	144
Japan	178
Korea, Republic of	153
Kuwait	200
Libya	90
Mexico	86
New-Zealand	153
Oman	131
Qatar	200
Russian Federation	109
Saint Kitts and Nevis	84
Saudi Arabia	126
Seychelles	126
Singapore	200
Trinidad and Tobago	115
United Arab Emirates	200
United States of America	200
Other	80

## D.2 – NATIONAL CONFERENCE COSTS (IN EURO PER DAY)

The amounts depend on the country where the activity takes place.

Programme Countries	
Belgium	88
Bulgaria	40
Czech Republic	55
Denmark	94
Germany	90
Estonia	47
Ireland	75
Greece	56
Spain	70
France	80
Croatia	42
Italy	73
Cyprus	66
Latvia	43
Lithuania	47
Luxembourg	144
Hungary	46
Malta	60
Netherlands	97
Austria	94
Poland	45
Portugal	55
Romania	40
Slovenia	59
Slovakia	50
Finland	84
Sweden	95
United Kingdom	81
former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	40
Iceland	69
Liechtenstein	40
Norway	138
Switzerland	118
Turkey	40

Partner Countries	
Argentina	44
Australia	90
Bahrain	43
Barbados	41
Brunei	115
Canada	89
Equatorial Guinea	57
Hong Kong	117
Israel	63
Japan	78
Korea, Republic of	67
Kuwait	110
Macao	154
New-Zealand	67
Oman	57
Qatar	194
Russian Federation	48
Saudi Arabia	55
Seychelles	55
Singapore	133
Trinidad and Tobago	50
United Arab Emirates	107
United States of America	109
Other	40



### D.3 - SUBSISTENCE: NON-LOCAL SPEAKERS (IN EURO PER DAY)

The amounts depend on the country where the activity takes place.

Programme Countries	
Belgium	232
Bulgaria	227
Czech Republic	230
Denmark	270
Germany	208
Estonia	181
Ireland	254
Greece	222
Spain	212
France	245
Croatia	180
Italy	230
Cyprus	238
Latvia	211
Lithuania	183
Luxembourg	237
Hungary	222
Malta	205
Netherlands	263
Austria	225
Poland	217
Portugal	204
Romania	222
Slovenia	180
Slovakia	205
Finland	244
Sweden	257
United Kingdom	276
former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	210
Iceland	245
Liechtenstein	175
Norway	220
Switzerland	220
Turkey	220

Partner Countries	
Afghanistan	125
Albania	210
Algeria	170
Andorra	195
Angola	280
Antigua and Barbuda	225
Argentina	285
Armenia	280
Australia	210
Azerbaijan	270
Bahamas	190
Bahrain	275
Bangladesh	190
Barbados	215
Belarus	225
Belize	185
Benin	150
Bhutan	180
Bolivia	150
Bosnia and Herzegovina	200
Botswana	185
Brazil	245
Brunei	225
Burkina Faso	145
Burundi	165
Cambodia	165
Cameroon	160
Canada	230
Cape Verde	125
Central African Republic	140
Chad	210
Chile	245
China	210
Colombia	170
Comoros	135

Congo (Democratic Republic of the)	245
Congo (Republic of)	185
Cook Islands	185
Costa Rica	190
Cuba	225
Djibouti	235
Dominica	215
Dominican Republic	230
East Timor	160
Ecuador	190
Egypt	205
El Salvador	180
Equatorial Guinea	145
Eritrea	130
Ethiopia	195
Fiji	170
Gabon	190
Gambia	170
Georgia	295
Ghana	210
Grenada	215
Guatemala	175
Guinea, Republic of	185
Guinea-Bissau	140
Guyana	210
Haiti	190
Honduras	175
Hong Kong	265
India	245
Indonesia	195
Iran	200
Iraq	145
Israel	315
Ivory Coast	190
Jamaica	230
Japan	405
Jordan	195

Kazakhstan	245
Kenya	225
Kiribati	205
Korea, DPR	230
Korea, Republic of	300
Kosovo, under UNSC 1244/1999	220
Kuwait	280
Kyrgyzstan	255
Laos	195
Lebanon	260
Lesotho	150
Liberia	235
Libya	225
Macao	150
Madagascar	155
Malawi	215
Malaysia	250
Maldives	185
Mali	155
Marshall Islands	185
Mauritania	125
Mauritius	200
Mexico	255
Micronesia	190
Moldova	250
Monaco	170
Mongolia	160
Montenegro	220
Morocco	205
Mozambique	200
Myanmar	125
Namibia	135
Nauru	185
Nepal	185
New-Zealand	185
Nicaragua	185
Niger	125
Nigeria	235
Niue	185
Oman	205
Pakistan	180
Palau	185
Palestine	170

Panama	210
Papua New Guinea	190
Paraguay	190
Peru	210
Philippines	210
Qatar	200
Russian Federation	365
Rwanda	225
Saint Kitts and Nevis	270
Sainte-Lucia	215
Saint-Vincent and the Grenadines	265
Samoa	185
San Marino	175
Sao Tome and Principe	155
Saudi Arabia	280
Senegal	200
Serbia	220
Seychelles	225
Sierra Leone	190
Singapore	225
Solomon Islands	170
Somalia	175
South Africa	195
Sri Lanka	155
Sudan	270
Suriname	180
Swaziland	140
Syria	225
Tajikistan	185
Taiwan	255
Tanzania	250
Thailand	205
Togo	155
Tonga	155
Trinidad and Tobago	175
Tunisia	145
Turkmenistan	230
Tuvalu	185
Uganda	235
Ukraine	270
United Arab Emirates	265
United States of America	280
Uruguay	215

Uzbekistan	230
Vanuatu	170
Vatican City State	175
Venezuela	210
Vietnam	255
Yemen	225
Zambia	185
Zimbabwe	165
Other	205

## SPORT

### WHICH ACTIONS ARE SUPPORTED?

The following Actions in the field of sport are implemented through this Programme Guide:

- Collaborative Partnerships;
- Not-for-profit European sport events.

In addition, Erasmus+ also supports Actions to strengthen the evidence base for policy making (studies, data gathering, surveys, etc.), to promote the dialogue with relevant European stakeholders (the EU Sport Forum, conferences, meetings, seminars, etc.) and policy dialogue among Member States (EU Presidency events). These Actions will be implemented by the European Commission either directly or through the Executive Agency. For more information, visit the websites of the Commission and of the Executive Agency.

The specific objectives pursued by the Erasmus+ Programme in the field of sport are to:

- tackle cross-border threats to the integrity of sport, such as doping, match fixing and violence, as well as all kinds of intolerance and discrimination;
- promote and support good governance in sport and dual careers of athletes;
- promote voluntary activities in sport, together with social inclusion, equal opportunities and awareness of the importance of health-enhancing physical activity, through increased participation in, and equal access to sport for all.

As provided by the Erasmus+ Regulation, the sport Actions will be carried out with focus on the grassroots sports.

The Actions in the field of sport are expected to result in the development, transfer and/or implementation of innovative practices at European, national, but also at regional and local levels.

For the participating organisations, the Erasmus+ projects supported in the field of sport are intended to produce the following outcomes:

- increased capacity and professionalism to work at EU/international level: improved management competences and internationalisation strategies; reinforced cooperation with partners from other countries; increased allocation of financial resources (other than EU funds) to organise EU/international projects in the field of sport; increased quality in the preparation, implementation, monitoring and follow-up of EU/international sport projects; increased capacities to encourage citizens to participate in sport and health-enhancing physical activity and to involve those who are at risk of social exclusion;
- a more dynamic, committed and professional environment inside the organisation: ready to integrate good practices and new methods into daily activities; open to synergies with organisations active in different fields or in other socio-economic sectors; promoting the socio-educational development of professionals and volunteers in sport, in line with European policy objectives in the sport field.

At systemic level, sport Actions are expected to contribute to the development of the European dimension in sport, in line with the general objective of the Programme in the sport field.

From an individual's perspective, sport projects supported through Erasmus+ should ultimately lead to increased levels of participation in sport and physical activity.



## COLLABORATIVE PARTNERSHIPS

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A COLLABORATIVE PARTNERSHIP?

Collaborative Partnerships offer the opportunity to develop, transfer and/or implement innovative practices in different areas relating to sport and physical activity between various organisations and actors in and outside sport, including in particular public authorities at local, regional, national and European levels, sport organisations, sport-related organisations and educational bodies. Collaborative Partnerships are, in particular, innovative projects aimed to:

- combat doping at grassroots level, notably in recreational environments such as amateur sport and fitness;
- support prevention and raise awareness among stakeholders involved in the fight against match-fixing;
- support prevention, educational and innovative approaches to tackle violence, racism and intolerance in sport;
- support the implementation of EU policy documents in the field of sport and other relevant policy areas such as recommendations, guidelines, policy strategies, etc. (e.g. EU Physical Activity Guidelines, EU Guidelines on Dual Careers of Athletes, Principles on good governance in sport, etc.).

A particular focus will be put on projects that address grassroots sports.

Collaborative Partnerships should promote the creation and development of European networks in the field of sport. The EU can thereby provide opportunities for cooperation among stakeholders, which would not have existed without EU action. Collaborative Partnerships should also foster synergy with, and between, local, regional, national and international policies to promote sport and physical activity and to address sport-related challenges.

Within the framework of Collaborative Partnerships, Erasmus+ intends to support the testing and development of new project formats and new forms of transnational cooperation in the field of sport that are likely to inspire the development, on a larger scale of initiatives supported with national funding schemes or other European funds, such as the European Structural and Investment Funds.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

Erasmus+ offers a large flexibility in terms of activities that Collaborative Partnerships can implement, as long as a proposal demonstrates that these activities are the most appropriate to reach the objectives defined for the project. Collaborative Partnerships may typically cover a broad range of activities, such as for example:

- networking among key stakeholders;
- identification and sharing of good practices;
- development and implementation of training and educational modules;
- activities to increase the competences of multipliers in the field of sport and to develop monitoring and benchmarking of indicators, notably as regards the promotion of ethical behaviours and codes of conduct among sportspeople;
- awareness-raising activities on the value of sport and physical activity in relation to the personal, social and professional development of individuals;
- activities to improve the evidence-base of sport to tackle societal and economic challenges (collection of data, surveys, consultations, etc.);
- activities to promote innovative synergies between the field of sport and the fields of health, education, training and youth;
- conferences, seminars, meetings, events and awareness-raising actions underpinning the aforementioned activities.

### WHO CAN TAKE PART IN A COLLABORATIVE PARTNERSHIP?

Collaborative Partnerships are open to any type of non-profit organisations and public bodies. Depending on the objective of the project, Collaborative Partnerships should involve an appropriate and diverse range of partners in order to benefit from different experiences, profiles and expertise and to produce relevant and high quality project results.

As a general rule, Collaborative Partnerships target the cooperation between organisations established in Programme Countries. However, organisations from Partner Countries can be involved in a Collaborative Partnership, as partners (not as applicants), if their participation brings an essential added value to the project.

A Collaborative Partnership should be composed of:

- applicant/coordinator: organisation that submits the project proposal on behalf of all the partners. When the project is granted, the applicant/coordinator will become the main EU grant beneficiary and will sign a multi-beneficiary grant agreement on behalf of the consortium. Its coordinating role stands for the following duties:
  - represents and acts on behalf of the participating organisations vis-à-vis the European Commission,
  - bears the financial and legal responsibility for the proper operational, administrative and financial implementation of the entire project,
  - coordinates the Collaborative Partnership in cooperation with all other project partners.
- full partners: organisations that contribute actively to the preparation, implementation and evaluation of the Collaborative Partnership. Each full partner must sign a mandate by which the signatory grants power of attorney to the coordinator to act in his name and for his account during the implementation of the project.
- associated partners (optional): other organisations partially involved in the project. These organisations contribute to the implementation of specific project tasks/activities or support the dissemination and sustainability of the Collaborative Partnership. For contractual management issues, “associated partners” are not considered as part of the Collaborative Partnership consortium.

## WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A COLLABORATIVE PARTNERSHIP?

The list hereafter includes the formal criteria that a Collaborative Project must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<p><b>Eligible participating organisations</b></p>	<p>Any non-profit organisation or public body, established in a Programme or in any Partner Country of the world (see section "Eligible Countries" in Part A of this Guide). For example, such organisation can be (non-exhaustive list):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a public body in charge of sport at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ a National Olympic Committee or National Sport confederation;</li> <li>▪ a sport organisation at local, regional, national, European or international level;</li> <li>▪ a national sports league;</li> <li>▪ a sport club;</li> <li>▪ an organisation or union representing athletes;</li> <li>▪ an organisation or unions representing professionals and volunteers in sport (such as coaches, managers, etc);</li> <li>▪ an organisation representing the 'sport for all' movement;</li> <li>▪ an organisation active in the field of physical activity promotion;</li> <li>▪ an organisation representing the active leisure sector;</li> <li>▪ an organisation active in the field of education, training or youth.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Who can apply?</b></p>	<p>Any participating organisation established in a Programme Country can be the applicant. This organisation applies on behalf of all participating organisations involved in the project.</p>
<p><b>Number and profile of participating organisations</b></p>	<p>A Collaborative Partnership is transnational and involves at least five organisations from five different Programme Countries. All participating organisations must be identified at the time of applying for a grant.</p>
<p><b>Duration of project</b></p>	<p>From 12 to 36 months. The duration must be chosen at application stage (12, 18, 24, 30 or 36 months), based on the objective of the project and on the type of activities foreseen over time.</p>
<p><b>Venue(s) of the activity</b></p>	<p>Activities must take place in the countries (one or more) of the organisations involved in the Collaborative Partnership.</p>
<p><b>Where to apply?</b></p>	<p>To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.</p>

<b>When to apply?</b>	Applicants have to submit their grant application by <b>15 May at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 January of the following year.
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for more details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Indicatively 50 % of the budget will be dedicated to projects addressing the following objectives:

- support the implementation of the EU Guidelines on Dual Careers of Athletes;
- support the implementation of the EU Physical Activity Guidelines.

Indicatively 50% of the budget will be dedicated to other objectives mentioned in the above section "What is a Collaborative Partnership".

Within these categories, projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives of European policies in the field of sport</li> <li>- the objectives and the priorities of this Action (see section "What are the aims of a Collaborative Partnership")</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the proposal is based on a genuine and adequate needs analysis</li> <li>- the objectives are clearly defined, realistic and address issues relevant to the participating organisations and target groups</li> <li>- the proposal is innovative and/or complementary to other initiatives already carried out by the participating organisations</li> <li>- the proposal brings added value at EU level through results that would not be attained by activities carried out solely in a single country</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project design and implementation (max 20 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, monitoring, evaluation and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives, methodology, activities and budget proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> <li>▪ The existence and quality of management arrangements (timelines, organisation, tasks and responsibilities are well defined and realistic)</li> <li>▪ The existence and relevance of quality control measures to ensure that the project implementation is of high quality, completed in time and on budget</li> <li>▪ The extent to which the project is cost-effective and allocates appropriate resources to each activity</li> </ul>



<p><b>Quality of the project team and the cooperation arrangements (maximum 20 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• The extent to which:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- where appropriate, the project involves an appropriate mix of complementary participating organisations with the necessary profile, experience and expertise to successfully deliver all aspects of the project</li><li>- the projects includes people with expertise in appropriate fields such as sports policy and practice (training, competitions, coaching, etc.), academic expertise as well as the ability to reach out wider audiences</li><li>- the distribution of responsibilities and tasks demonstrates the commitment and active contribution of all participating organisations</li></ul></li><li>▪ If applicable, the extent to which the involvement of a participating organisation from a Partner Country brings an essential added value to the project (if this condition is not fulfilled, the project will not be considered for selection)</li></ul>
<p><b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project</li><li>▪ The potential impact of the project:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- on participants and participating organisations, during and after the project lifetime</li><li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li></ul></li><li>▪ The quality of the dissemination plan: the appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at sharing the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li><li>▪ If relevant, the extent to which the proposal describes how the materials, documents and media produced will be made freely available and promoted through open licences, and does not contain disproportionate limitations</li><li>▪ The quality of the plans for ensuring the sustainability of the project: its capacity to continue having an impact and producing results after the EU grant has been used up</li></ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 10 points for the categories "quality of the project design and implementation" and "quality of the project team and the cooperation arrangements").



## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

	<b>Eligible costs</b>	<b>Financing mechanism</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Rule of allocation</b>
<b>Activity costs</b>	<p>Any cost directly linked to the implementation of the complementary activities of the project, including:</p> <p>Eligible direct costs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Personnel</li> <li>▪ Travel and subsistence</li> <li>▪ Equipment</li> <li>▪ Consumables and supplies</li> <li>▪ Subcontracting</li> <li>▪ Duties, taxes and charges</li> <li>▪ Other costs</li> </ul> <p>Indirect costs:</p> <p>A flat-rate amount, not exceeding 7% of the eligible direct costs of the project, is eligible under indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs which can be regarded as chargeable to the project (e.g. electricity or internet bills, costs for premises, cost of permanent staff, etc.)</p>	Portion of eligible costs	<p>Maximum grant awarded: <b>500 000 EUR</b></p> <p>Maximum 80% of the total eligible costs.</p>	<p>Conditional: the budget requested is justified in relation to the planned activities.</p>



## NOT-FOR-PROFIT EUROPEAN SPORT EVENTS

### WHAT ARE THE AIMS OF A NOT-FOR-PROFIT EUROPEAN SPORT EVENT?

This Action is aimed to:

- support the implementation, in the field of sport, of EU strategies in the areas of social inclusion and equal opportunities, notably the EU Gender Equality Strategy and the EU Disability Strategy;
- support the implementation of the EU Physical Activity Guidelines, to encourage participation in sport and physical activity;
- support the possible organisation of the European Week of Sport.

### WHAT IS A NOT-FOR-PROFIT EUROPEAN SPORT EVENT?

This Action provides financial support for the organisation of European-wide sport events. In addition, it may finance national events - organised simultaneously in several European countries by not-for-profit organisations or public bodies - in the context of European events in the field of sport. The expected results of these events are:

- increased visibility and awareness of events aimed at promoting social inclusion, equal opportunities and health-enhancing physical activity;
- increased participation in sport, physical activity and volunteering activity.

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE SUPPORTED UNDER THIS ACTION?

Support for events will imply assigning EU grants to individual organisations in charge of the preparation, organisation and follow-up to a given event. The transnational element will be ensured by the participation in the event of sportspeople coming from at least twelve Programme Countries. The following standard activities will be supported under this Action (non-exhaustive list):

- organisation of training activities for athletes, coaches, organisers and volunteers in the run-up to the event;
- organisation of the event;
- organisation of side-activities to the sporting event (conferences, seminars);
- implementation of legacy activities (evaluations, drafting of future plans).

### WHICH ACTIVITIES ARE NOT ELIGIBLE UNDER THIS ACTION?

- Sport competitions regularly organised by international, European or national sport federations/leagues on an annual basis;
- Professional sport competitions.

### WHAT ARE THE CRITERIA USED TO ASSESS A NOT-FOR-PROFIT EUROPEAN SPORT EVENT?

The list hereafter includes the formal criteria that a not-for-profit European sport event must respect in order to be eligible for an Erasmus+ grant:

#### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

<b>Who can apply?</b>	Any public body or non-profit organisation active in the field of sport, established in a Programme Country. For example, such organisation can be (non-exhaustive list): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ a public body in charge of sport at local, regional or national level;</li> <li>▪ a sport organisation at local, regional, national, European or international level;</li> <li>▪ the coordinator of a national event organised in the framework of a European event in the field of sport.</li> </ul>
<b>Profile of participants</b>	A not-for-profit European sport event involves participants from at least 12 different Programme Countries.
<b>Duration of project</b>	Up to 1 year (from preparation to follow-up).
<b>Where to apply?</b>	To the Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency, located in Brussels.

<b>When to apply?</b>	<p>Applicants have to submit their grant application by the following dates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ <b>14 March, at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 June of the same year;</li> <li>▪ <b>15 May, at 12pm (midday Brussels time)</b> for projects starting as of 1 January of the following year.</li> </ul>
<b>How to apply?</b>	Please see Part C of this Guide for more details on how to apply.

Applicant organisations will be assessed against the relevant **exclusion and selection criteria**. For more information please consult Part C of this Guide.

## AWARD CRITERIA

Projects will be assessed against the following criteria:

<b>Relevance of the project (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The relevance of the proposal to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the objectives of European policies in the field of sport</li> <li>- the objectives and the priorities of this Action (see section "What are the aims of a not-for-profit European Sport event?" )</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The extent to which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the proposal is based on a genuine and adequate needs analysis</li> <li>- the objectives are clearly defined, realistic and address issues relevant to the participating organisations and target groups</li> <li>- the proposal is innovative and/or complementary to other initiatives already carried out by the participating organisations</li> <li>- the proposal brings added value at EU level through results that would not be attained by activities carried out solely in a single country</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Quality of the project design and implementation (maximum 40 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The clarity, completeness and quality of the work programme, including appropriate phases for preparation, implementation, monitoring, evaluation and dissemination</li> <li>▪ The consistency between project objectives, methodology, activities and budget proposed</li> <li>▪ The quality and feasibility of the methodology proposed</li> <li>▪ The extent to which the project includes people with expertise in different areas such as sports practice (training, competitions, coaching, etc.)</li> <li>▪ The existence and quality of management arrangements (timelines, organisation, tasks and responsibilities are well defined and realistic)</li> <li>▪ The existence and relevance of quality control measures to ensure that the project implementation is of high quality, completed in time and on budget</li> <li>▪ The extent to which the project is cost-effective and allocates appropriate resources to each activity</li> </ul>
<b>Impact and dissemination (maximum 30 points)</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The quality of measures for evaluating the outcomes of the project</li> <li>▪ The potential impact of the project: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- on participants and participating organisations, during and after the project lifetime</li> <li>- outside the organisations and individuals directly participating in the project, at local, regional, national and/or European levels</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ The quality of the dissemination plan: the appropriateness and quality of measures aimed at sharing the outcomes of the project within and outside the participating organisations</li> <li>▪ The quality of measures to ensure visibility and media coverage of the event and of the EU support</li> </ul>

To be considered for funding, proposals must score at least 60 points. Furthermore, they must score at least half of the maximum points in each of the categories of award criteria mentioned above (i.e. minimum 15 points for the categories "relevance of the project" and "impact and dissemination"; 20 points for the category "quality of the project design and implementation").

## WHAT ARE THE FUNDING RULES?

The budget of the project must be drafted according to the following funding rules (in euro):

	<b>Eligible costs</b>	<b>Financing mechanism</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Rule of allocation</b>
<b>Activity costs</b>	<p>Any cost directly linked to the implementation of the complementary activities of the project, including:</p> <p>Eligible direct costs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Personnel</li> <li>▪ Travel and subsistence</li> <li>▪ Equipment</li> <li>▪ Consumables and supplies</li> <li>▪ Subcontracting</li> <li>▪ Duties, taxes and charges</li> <li>▪ Other costs</li> </ul> <p>Indirect costs: A flat-rate amount, not exceeding 7% of the eligible direct costs of the project, is eligible under indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs which can be regarded as chargeable to the project (e.g. electricity or internet bills, costs for premises, cost of permanent staff, etc.)</p>	Portion of eligible costs	<p>Maximum grant awarded: <b>2 000 000 EUR</b> Maximum 80% of the total eligible costs.</p>	Conditional: the budget requested is justified in relation to the planned activities.

## PART C - INFORMATION FOR APPLICANTS

All those organisations (including informal groups) who intend to submit a project proposal in order to receive financial support from the EU under the Erasmus+ Programme are invited to read carefully this section which is drafted in accordance with the provisions of the Title VI of the Financial Regulation<sup>26</sup> applicable to the general budget of the European Union (hereafter defined "EU Financial Regulation") and with its rules of application.

Individuals are not entitled to submit project proposals in the framework of the Erasmus+ Programme, except for individuals applying on behalf of a group of young people active in youth work but not necessarily in the context of a youth organisation (hereafter defined "informal group of young people").

### WHAT TO DO IN ORDER TO SUBMIT AN ERASMUS+ PROJECT?

To submit an Erasmus+ project, applicants must follow the four steps described below:

- register in the Participant Portal;
- check the compliance with the Programme criteria;
- check the financial conditions;
- fill in and submit the application form.

#### STEP 1: REGISTER IN THE PARTICIPANT PORTAL

All organisations who intend to participate in the Erasmus+ Programme must register and provide their basic legal and financial data in the Unique Registration Facility (URF) of the European Commission's Participant Portal.

To do so, the person representing an organisation (or an informal group of young people) must follow the following steps:

- Get a login and password for secure access to URF: register in the European Commission Authentication Service (ECAS) available at <https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/cas/eim/external/register.cgi>. A user manual explaining all necessary steps is available at <http://eeas.europa.eu/media/subscribe/ecas-user-manual.pdf>;
- Access the Participant Portal and register the organisation or group of young people. The detailed process and needed information is available at [http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/ShowDoc/Participant+Portal/portal\\_content/help/URF\\_USER\\_MANUAL.pdf](http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/ShowDoc/Participant+Portal/portal_content/help/URF_USER_MANUAL.pdf).

#### PROOF OF LEGAL STATUS AND FINANCIAL CAPACITY

At the time of the registration, organisations must also upload the following documents in the Participant Portal:

- the Legal Entity form (this form can be downloaded from the European Commission's website at: [http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts\\_grants/info\\_contracts/legal\\_entities/legal\\_entities\\_en.cfm](http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts_grants/info_contracts/legal_entities/legal_entities_en.cfm));
- the Financial Identification form. Please fill in the form relating to the country in which the bank is located, even if the applicant organisation is officially registered in another country (this form can be downloaded at: [http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts\\_grants/info\\_contracts/financial\\_id/financial\\_id\\_en.cfm](http://ec.europa.eu/budget/contracts_grants/info_contracts/financial_id/financial_id_en.cfm)).

For grants exceeding 60 000 EUR, applicants may need to upload specific documents to give proof of their financial capacity. For more details, see the section "Selection Criteria" below.

#### PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION CODE (PIC)

Once the registration in the Participant Portal is completed, the organisation/group will obtain a nine-digit PIC number. The PIC is a unique identifier which enables the organisation/group to take advantage of some features

<sup>26</sup> The EU Financial Regulation can be found at: <http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2012:298:0001:0096:EN:PDF>

of the electronic application forms and will serve as a reference for the National or Executive Agency in any further correspondence with the applicant/beneficiary.

## STEP 2: CHECK THE COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROGRAMME CRITERIA

When developing their project and before applying for EU support, participating organisations must verify that the project respects the following criteria: eligibility, exclusion, selection and award.

### ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

The eligibility criteria mainly relate to the type of project and activities (including, where relevant, duration, participating organisations, etc.), the target group (e.g. status and number of participants involved) and the conditions for submitting a grant request for such a project (e.g. deadlines for submission, completeness of the application form, etc.).

To be eligible, the project must meet all the eligibility criteria relating to the Action under which the proposal is submitted. If the project does not meet these criteria at application stage, it will be rejected without being further evaluated. As an exception, in case of mobility activities and JMD Scholarships supported under Key Action 1 or Key Action 2, some eligibility criteria (e.g. duration, profile of participants, etc.) may be verified during the stage of project implementation or at final report stage; if these criteria are not fulfilled, the participants or the activity may be considered ineligible with a consequent reduction of the EU grant initially awarded to the project.

The specific eligibility criteria applying to each of the Actions implemented through the Erasmus+ Programme Guide are described in Part B of the Guide.

### EXCLUSION CRITERIA

In accordance with articles 106 and 107 of the EU Financial Regulation, applicants will be excluded from participating in the Erasmus+ Programme if they are in any of the following situations:

- they are bankrupt or being wound up, are having their affairs administered by the courts, have entered into an arrangement with creditors, have suspended business activities, are the subject of proceedings concerning those matters, or are in any analogous situation arising from a similar procedure provided for in national legislation or regulations;
- they or persons having powers of representation, decision-making or control over them have been convicted of an offence concerning their professional conduct by a judgment of a competent authority of a Member State which has the force of *res judicata*;
- they have been guilty of grave professional misconduct proven by any means which the contracting National or Executive Agency can justify including by decisions of the EIB and international organisations;
- they are not in compliance with their obligations relating to the payment of social security contributions or the payment of taxes in accordance with the legal provisions of the country in which they are established or with those of the country of the contracting National or Executive Agency or those of the country where the contract is to be performed;
- they or persons having powers of representation, decision-making or control over them have been the subject of a judgment which has the force of *res judicata* for fraud, corruption, involvement in a criminal organisation, money laundering or any other illegal activity, where such illegal activity is detrimental to the EU's financial interests;
- they are subject to an administrative penalty referred to in Article 109(1) of the Financial Regulation.

Applicants will not be granted financial assistance if, on the date of the grant award procedure, they:

- are subject to a conflict of interests;
- are guilty of misrepresenting the information required by the contracting National or Executive Agency as a condition of participation in the grant award procedure or fail to supply that information;
- find themselves in one of the situations described above.

These exclusion criteria apply to applicants under all Actions of the Erasmus+ Programme. To comply with these provisions, applicants for an EU grant exceeding 60 000 EUR must provide a declaration on their honour certifying that they are not in any of the situations referred to in Articles 106(1) and 107 of the Financial Regulation. This declaration on honour constitutes a specific section or an annex of the application form.

In case of proposals submitted on behalf of a consortium of partners, the criteria described above apply to all participating organisations involved in the project.



In accordance with Articles from 106 to 109 of the EU Financial Regulation, administrative and financial penalties may be imposed on applicants who are guilty of misrepresentation or are found to have seriously failed to meet their contractual obligations under a previous grant award procedure.

Furthermore, the Commission considers that for the implementation of Actions covered by the Programme Guide, the following organisations are in a situation of conflict of interest and therefore are not eligible to participate:

- national authorities in charge of supervising National Agencies and the implementation of the Erasmus+ Programme in their country: cannot apply or participate in any Action managed by National Agencies in any country, but may apply for participation (as applicants or partners) in Actions managed by the Executive Agency unless that is explicitly excluded for the Action concerned (as indicated in Part B of the Guide);
- National Agencies or other structures and networks of the Erasmus+ Programme, receiving a direct grant from the Commission in accordance with the legal basis of the Programme: cannot apply or participate in any Action implemented through this Guide;
- the legal entities hosting the Erasmus+ National Agencies or the structures and networks mentioned above, as well as entities affiliated to these legal entities: cannot apply or participate in any Action managed by National Agencies in any country, but may apply for participation in Actions managed by the Executive Agency unless that is explicitly excluded for the Action concerned (as indicated in Part B of the Guide).

Finally, applicants and beneficiaries who have made false declarations, have made substantial errors or committed irregularities or fraud, or have been found in serious breach of their contractual obligations may be excluded from all grants financed by the European Union budget for a maximum of five years from the date on which the infringement is established as confirmed following a contradictory procedure. That period may be extended to 10 years in the event of a repeated offence within five years of the date referred to above.

## SELECTION CRITERIA

Through the selection criteria, the National or Executive Agency assesses the applicant's financial and operational capacity to complete the proposed project.

### FINANCIAL CAPACITY

Financial capacity means that the applicant has stable and sufficient sources of funding to maintain its activity throughout the period during which the project is being carried out or the year for which the grant is awarded and to participate in its funding.

The verification of the financial capacity does not apply to:

- public bodies;
- international organisations.

In case of EU grant requests submitted by other types of organisations (i.e. other than those mentioned above) and not exceeding 60 000 EUR, applicants must provide a declaration on their honour certifying that they have the financial capacity to implement the project. This declaration on honour constitutes a specific section of the application form.

In case of EU grant requests submitted by other types of organisations and exceeding 60 000 EUR, the applicant must submit, in addition to the declaration on honour, the following documents through the Participant Portal:

- For **Actions managed by the National Agencies: the applicant's profit and loss account and the balance sheet** for the last financial year for which accounts were closed.
- For Actions managed by the Executive Agency: a Financial Capacity Form, including the **applicant's profit and loss account and the balance sheet** for the last two financial years for which accounts were closed.
- For entities which cannot provide the above documents because they are newly created, a financial declaration or an insurance declaration stating the applicant's professional risks may replace the above documents.

Organisations must upload these documents in the Participants Portal either at the time of their registration in the Portal (see section "Step1: Register in the Participants Portal" above) or, at the latest, before applying for an Erasmus+ grant.

The criteria described above apply to all participating organisations involved in a project, in cases where proposals are submitted on behalf of a consortium of partners.

Where the application concerns grants for a project for which the amount exceeds 750 000 EUR, an audit report produced by an approved external auditor may be requested. That report shall certify the accounts for the last financial year available.

If, following the analysis of these documents, the National or Executive Agency concludes that the required financial capacity has not been proved or is not satisfactory, then they may:

- ask for further information;
- offer a grant agreement or decision with a pre-financing covered by a financial guarantee;
- offer a grant agreement or grant decision without pre-financing or with a reduced pre-financing;
- offer a grant agreement or grant decision with pre-financing based on several instalments;
- reject the application.

## **OPERATIONAL CAPACITY**

Operational capacity means that the applicant has the necessary professional competencies and qualifications to carry out the proposed project. Applicants must provide a declaration on their honour certifying that they have the operational capacity to implement the project. In addition, if required in the application form, applicants may be asked to submit the CVs of the key persons involved in the project to demonstrate their relevant professional experience.

For recurrent beneficiaries, the performance demonstrated in managing and implementing previous Erasmus+ or previous European Programmes in the fields of education, training and youth, projects will also be considered by the National or Executive Agency when assessing the applicant's operational capacity.

## **AWARD CRITERIA**

The award criteria allow the National or Executive Agency to evaluate the quality of the project proposals submitted in the framework of the Erasmus+ Programme.

Within the limits of the budget available for each Action, grants will be awarded to those projects which respond to these qualitative criteria in the best way.

The full set of award criteria applying to each of the Actions implemented through the Erasmus+ Programme Guide are described in Part B of the Guide.

## **STEP 3: CHECK THE FINANCIAL CONDITIONS**

### **TYPES OF GRANT**

The grant may be any of the following types:

- grant of a specified portion of the eligible costs: e.g. the amount awarded under the framework of Strategic Partnerships to cover additional costs linked to the participation of persons with special needs;
- grant on the basis of unit costs: e.g. the amount awarded for the individual support in the framework of mobility projects in the field of education, training and youth;
- lump sum: e.g. the amount awarded to contribute to the implementation of complementary activities under Jean Monnet Projects;
- flat-rate financing: e.g. the amount awarded to cover indirect costs for profit sport events;
- a combination of the above.

The financing mechanism applied under the Erasmus+ Programme in most cases provide grants based on unit costs. These types of grant help applicants to easily calculate the requested grant amount and facilitate a realistic financial planning of the project.

To know which type of grant is applied to each funding item under each Erasmus+ Action covered by this Guide, please see the column "financing mechanism" in the "funding rules" tables in Part B.

## **PRINCIPLES APPLYING TO EU GRANTS**

### **NON RETROACTIVITY**

No EU grant may be awarded retroactively for projects already completed.

An EU grant may be awarded for a project which has already begun only where the applicant can demonstrate the need to start the project before the grant agreement has been signed or the grant decision has been notified. In such cases, the expenditure eligible for financing or the event generating the financing must not have been incurred prior to the date of submission of the application.

If the beneficiary starts implementing the project before the grant agreement is signed or the grant decision is notified, this is done at the risk of the beneficiary.

### **NON-CUMULATIVE AWARD**

Each project financed at the EU level is entitled to receive only one grant from the EU budget to any one beneficiary. In no circumstances shall the same costs be financed twice by the European Union budget.

To avoid the risk of double-funding, the applicant must indicate in the relevant section of the application form, the sources and the amounts of any other funding received or applied for in the year, whether for the same project or for any other project, including operating grants.

Identical or very similar applications – submitted by the same applicant or by other partners of the same consortium – will be subject to a specific assessment in order to exclude the risk of double funding. Applications which are submitted twice or more times by the same applicant or consortium, either to the same Agency or to different Agencies will be all rejected. Where the same or very similar applications are submitted by other applicants or consortia, they will be carefully checked and may also all be rejected on the same grounds.

### **NO-PROFIT AND CO-FINANCING**

A grant from the European Union must not have the purpose or effect of producing a profit within the framework of the project carried out by the beneficiary. Profit is defined as surplus of the receipts over the eligible costs incurred by the beneficiary, when the request is made for payment of the balance<sup>27</sup>. The no-profit principle does not apply to grants provided in the form of a unit cost, a lump sum or a flat-rate financing, including scholarships, neither to grant requests that do not exceed 60 000 EUR. For the purpose of calculating the profit generated by the grant, co-financing in the form of contributions in kind will not be taken into account (for more details on contributions in kind, see section "eligible income" below).

Furthermore, an EU grant is an incentive to carry out a project which would not be feasible without the EU financial support, and is based on the principle of co-financing. Co-financing implies that the EU grant may not finance the entire costs of the project; the project must be funded by sources of co-financing other than the EU grant.

When the EU grant is provided in the form of a unit cost, a lump sum or a flat-rate financing - this is the case for most of the Actions covered by this Guide - the principles of no-profit and co-funding are ensured by the Commission for the Action as a whole in advance when it defines the rates or percentages of such units, lump sums and flat-rates. The respect of the no-profit and co-financing principles is generally assumed and therefore, applicants do not have to provide information about sources of funding other than the EU grant, nor they have to justify the costs incurred by the project.

However, the payment of the grant on the basis of unit costs, lump sums, or flat-rate financing is without **prejudice to the right of access to the beneficiaries' statutory records**. Where an ex post control reveals that the generating event has not occurred (e.g. project activities not realised as approved at application stage, participants not taking part in the activities, etc.) and an undue payment has been made to the beneficiary on a grant based on unit costs, lump sums, or flat-rate financing, the National or Executive Agency shall be entitled to recover up to the amount of the grant. Similarly, if the activities undertaken or the outputs produced are of insufficient quality, the grant may be reduced partly or in full even if the activities have taken place and are eligible.

<sup>27</sup> To this aim, the receipts are limited to income generated by the project, as well as financial contributions specifically assigned by donors to the financing of eligible costs. The profit (or the loss) as defined above is then the difference between:

- the provisionally accepted amount of the grant, the income generated by the action and the financial contributions specifically assigned by donors to the financing of eligible costs, and
- the eligible costs incurred by the beneficiary.

In addition, whenever a profit is made, it will be recovered. The National Agency or Executive Agency are entitled to recover the percentage of the profit corresponding to the Union contribution to the eligible costs actually incurred by the beneficiary to carry out the action. Further clarifications on the calculation of the profit will be provided for actions for which grants take the form of reimbursement of a specified proportion of eligible costs.

In addition, for statistical and monitoring purposes the European Commission may carry out surveys on samples of beneficiaries aimed at quantifying the actual costs incurred in projects funded on the basis of unit costs, lump sums, or flat-rate financing.

## **SPECIFIC PROVISIONS APPLYING TO GRANTS PAID ON THE BASIS OF REIMBURSEMENT OF A SPECIFIED PORTION OF ELIGIBLE COSTS**

When the EU grant is provided as a specified portion of eligible costs, the following provisions apply:

### **ELIGIBLE COSTS**

An EU grant must not exceed an overall amount which is established by the National or Executive Agency at the time of the project selection on the basis of the estimated eligible costs indicated in the application form. Eligible costs are costs actually incurred by the beneficiary of a grant which meet all of the following criteria:

- they are incurred during the lifetime of the project, with the exception of costs relating to final reports and audit certificates;
- they are indicated in the estimated overall budget of the project;
- they are necessary for the implementation of the project which is the subject of the grant;
- they are identifiable and verifiable, in particular being recorded in the accounting records of the beneficiary and determined according to the applicable accounting standards of the country where the beneficiary is established and according to the usual cost accounting practices of the beneficiary;
- they comply with the requirements of applicable tax and social legislation;
- they are reasonable, justified, and comply with the principle of sound financial management, in particular regarding economy and efficiency.

The following categories of costs are also considered eligible:

- costs relating to a pre-financing guarantee lodged by the beneficiary of the grant, where that guarantee is required by the National or Executive Agency;
- costs relating to external audits where such audits are required in support of the requests for payments by the National or Executive Agency;
- depreciation costs, provided they are actually incurred by the beneficiary.

The beneficiary's internal accounting and auditing procedures must permit direct reconciliation of the costs and revenue declared in respect of the project with the corresponding accounting statements and supporting documents.

### Value Added Tax (VAT)

Value added tax will be considered as an eligible cost only if it is not recoverable under the applicable national VAT legislation. The only exception relates to activities or transactions in which states, regional and local government authorities and other public bodies engage as public authorities<sup>28</sup>. In addition:

- deductible VAT not actually deducted (due to national conditions or to the carelessness of beneficiaries) is not eligible;
- the VAT Directive does not apply to non EU countries.

### Eligible indirect costs

For certain types of projects (for details of the funding rules for Actions, please consult Part B of this Guide) a flat-rate amount not exceeding 7% of the eligible direct costs of the project is eligible under indirect costs, representing the beneficiary's general administrative costs (e.g. electricity or Internet bills, cost for premises, cost of permanent staff, etc.) which can be regarded as chargeable to the project.

Indirect costs may not include costs entered under another budget heading. Indirect costs are not eligible where the beneficiary already receives an operating grant from the budget of the European Union (for example in the framework of the call for proposals on Civil Society Cooperation under the Erasmus+ Programme).

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<sup>28</sup> See article 13(1) of Directive 2006/112/EC

## INELIGIBLE COSTS

The following costs shall not be considered eligible:

- return on capital;
- debt and debt service charges;
- provisions for losses or debts;
- interest owed;
- doubtful debts;
- exchange losses;
- VAT, when it is considered as recoverable under the applicable national VAT legislation (see above paragraph on Value Added Tax);
- costs declared by the beneficiary and covered by another project or work programme receiving an EU grant (see also above paragraph on eligible indirect costs);
- excessive or reckless expenditure;
- in the case of renting or leasing of equipment, the cost of any buy-out option at the end of the lease or rental period;
- costs of opening and operating bank accounts (including costs of transfers from the National or Executive Agency charged by the bank of the beneficiary).

## INCOME

The applicant must indicate in the application form the contribution from sources other than the EU grant. External co-financing may take the form of the beneficiary's own resources, financial contributions from third parties or income generated by the project. If, at the time of the final report and request of payment of the balance, there is evidence that there is a surplus of the income over the eligible costs incurred by the project, the beneficiary may have to return amounts previously received. This provision does not apply to projects requesting a grant that does not exceed 60 000 EUR.

Contributions in kind are not considered as a possible source of co-financing.

## STEP 4: FILL IN AND SUBMIT THE APPLICATION FORM

To request an EU grant under the Erasmus+ Programme, applicants must use the forms specific for each Action and available on the websites of the European Commission, of the National Agencies or of the Executive Agency (for the contact details, see Annex IV of this Guide).

In case of projects submitted on behalf of consortia, the coordinating organisation or group submits a single application for the whole project on behalf of all the participating organisations. The application must be submitted to the appropriate National or Executive Agency (see sections "where to apply" for each Action, in Part B of this Guide).

## APPLICATION PROCEDURE

### ONLINE E-FORMS

For most Actions of the Programme, applicants are required to submit their application online to the appropriate National or Executive Agency using the correct electronic form and including all requested annexes.

The electronic form must be drawn up in one of the official languages used in Programme Countries. In case of Actions managed at centralised level by the Executive Agency, applicants must fill in the form in one of the EU official languages.

For more information, read the guidelines on how to fill in and submit an electronic form. These guidelines also provide information on what to do in case of technical problems; they are available on the websites of the National Agencies (specific for decentralised Actions), Executive Agency (specific for centralised Actions) and European Commission.

In case of multiple submissions of the same application IN the same selection round to the same National Agency or the Executive Agency, the National or Executive Agency will always consider valid the last version submitted before the deadline has expired. Applications sent by post, courier service, fax or email will not be accepted. In case of multiple submissions of the same or very similar applications of the same applicant organisation or consortium to different Agencies, all applications will be automatically rejected (see section on non-cumulative award).

## APPLICATION FORMS ON PAPER

Some centralised Actions of the Programme may not be supported by electronic forms. For these Actions, applications must be sent by post (date as a postmark) or courier service (date of receipt by the courier service) to the Executive Agency (see contact details in Annex IV of this Guide). Applications sent by fax or email will not be accepted.

Applicants cannot make any changes to their grant application after the submission deadline.

## RESPECT THE DEADLINE

The application must be submitted by the deadline set for each Action. The deadlines for the submission of projects are specified for each Action in the Part B "Eligibility Criteria" of this Guide.

**N. B.: irrespective of the day of the deadline, the submission of electronic forms is always set at 12pm (midday Brussels time). Applicants established in countries that have a different time zone should carefully consider the time differences to avoid rejections.**

## WHAT HAPPENS ONCE THE APPLICATION IS SUBMITTED?

All applications received by the National Agencies or by the Executive Agency undergo an evaluation procedure.

### THE EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Project proposals are assessed by the National or Executive Agency receiving the application, exclusively on the basis of the criteria described in this Guide. The assessment implies:

- a formal check to verify that the eligibility and exclusion criteria are respected;
- a quality assessment to evaluate the extent to which the participating organisations meet the selection criteria and the project meets the award criteria. Such quality assessment is in most cases carried out with the support of independent experts.

and in addition for certain Actions:

- a verification of the conditions under which a grant can be awarded;
- a verification, carried out also in cooperation with other National Agencies and/or Executive Agency, that the proposal does not present risks of double funding.

The National or Executive Agency will appoint an evaluation committee. On the basis of the assessment carried out by experts, the evaluation committee will establish a list of projects proposed for selection. In their assessment, experts will be supported by guidelines developed by the European Commission; these guidelines will be made available on the websites of the European Commission and of the Agencies responsible for the management of Erasmus+ projects.

During the evaluation process, applicants may be asked to provide additional information or to clarify the supporting documents submitted in connection with the application, provided that such information or clarification does not substantially change the proposal. Additional information and clarifications are particularly justified in case of obvious clerical errors made by the applicant, or in those cases where –for projects funded through multi-beneficiary agreements – one or more mandates of the partners are missing (for multi-beneficiary agreements, see section "grant agreement/decision below") .

### FINAL DECISION

At the end of the evaluation procedure, the National or Executive Agency decides on the projects to be granted on the basis of:

- the ranking list proposed by the evaluation committee;
- the budget available for any given Action.

After the completion of the selection procedure, the application files and accompanying material are not sent back to the applicant, irrespective of the outcome of the procedure.

## NOTIFICATION OF GRANT AWARD DECISIONS

The indicative calendar for the notification of selection results under each Action is indicated in the section "Project life-cycle deadlines and payment modalities" below.

## WHAT HAPPENS WHEN THE APPLICATION IS APPROVED?

### GRANT AGREEMENT/DECISION

If the project is selected for an EU grant under Erasmus+, the award decision can be formalised in the following ways:

- a grant decision - taken by the Executive Agency - is notified to the applicant of a selected project. Upon receipt/notification of the decision, the applicant becomes the beneficiary of an EU grant and can start the project<sup>29</sup>;
- a grant agreement is signed between the National or Executive Agency selecting the project and the applicant. The applicant will receive the grant agreement, to be signed by its legal representative and returned to the National or Executive Agency; the National or Executive Agency is the last party to sign. When the grant is signed by both parties, the applicant becomes beneficiary of an EU grant and can start the project<sup>30</sup>.

Depending on the type of Action, grant agreements may take the form of mono-beneficiary agreements, with the applicant being the single beneficiary, or multi-beneficiary agreements, where all partners of the consortium become beneficiaries of the agreement. However, all other organisations participating in a project (co-beneficiaries) sign a mandate to confer to the coordinating organisation the responsibility of acting as main beneficiary. As a general rule, the mandates of each partner to the applicant will have to be provided at application stage. If these mandates are provided at a later stage, they must be made available at the latest by the time of the grant agreement signature.

As an exception, for Strategic Partnerships supported under Key Action 2 and involving only schools, each participating organisation involved in a selected project will sign a grant agreement – specific for its share of the grant - with the National Agency established in its own country.

Models of grant agreements and grant decisions used under the Erasmus+ Programme will be made available in the course of the year on the websites of the European Commission and Executive Agency.

The indicative calendar for the receipt of grant agreements and grant decisions under each Action is indicated in the in the section "Project life-cycle deadlines and payment modalities" below.

### GRANT AMOUNT

The acceptance of an application does not constitute an undertaking to award funding equal to the amount requested by the applicant. The funding requested may be reduced on the basis of the specific financial rules applying to a given Action and/or as the result of an analysis of the past performance of the applicant organisation in terms of capacity to manage and absorb the community grant awarded in previous occasions.

The award of a grant in a given round of selection does not establish an entitlement for subsequent rounds.

It should be noted that the grant amount foreseen by the agreement is a maximum which cannot be increased, even if the beneficiary requests a higher amount.

Funds transferred by the Executive Agency or the National Agency must be identified within the account or sub-account indicated by the beneficiary for the payment of the grant.

### PAYMENT PROCEDURES

Depending on the type of Action, duration of the grant agreement/decision and the assessment of financial risk, projects supported under the Erasmus+ Programme will be subject to different payment procedures.

<sup>29</sup> For exceptions to this rule, see the section "non -retroactivity " in this part of the Guide.

<sup>30</sup> See footnote above.

Except for the first pre-financing payment, other payments or recoveries will be made on the basis of the analysis of reports or payment requests submitted by the beneficiary (the templates of these documents will be made available in the course of the year on the websites of National Agencies and Executive Agency). The payment procedures applied under Erasmus+ are described below.

## **PRE-FINANCING PAYMENT**

A pre-financing payment will be transferred to the beneficiary within 30 days of the date when the last of the two parties signs the grant agreement or when the grant decision is notified to the beneficiary, and where relevant, any appropriate guarantees are received (see section "financial guarantee" below). Pre-financing is intended to provide the beneficiary with a float. National Agencies or the Executive Agency may decide to split the first pre-financing payment into more instalments if the financial capacity of the beneficiary is not deemed satisfactory.

## **FURTHER PRE-FINANCING PAYMENTS**

Under some Actions, a second – and in some cases a third - pre-financing payment will be transferred to the beneficiary within 30 calendar days of the receipt, by the National or Executive Agency, of the further pre-financing payment requests advanced by the beneficiary or within 60 calendar days if the further pre-financing payment request is accompanied by a progress report. These further pre-financing payments may be requested when at least 70% of the previous pre-financing payment has been used up. Where the statement on the use of the previous pre-financing payment(s) shows that less than 70% of the previous pre-financing payment(s) has been used to cover costs of the action, the amount of the new pre-financing to be paid shall be reduced by the difference between the 70% threshold and the amount used.

## **INTERIM (OR TECHNICAL) REPORT**

Under some Actions, beneficiaries will be asked to submit an interim (or technical) report informing on the state of progress in the implementation of the project and in some cases accompanying the request of a further pre-financing payment. The interim (or technical) report must be submitted by the deadline indicated in the grant agreement or grant decision.

## **PAYMENT OR RECOVERY OF THE BALANCE**

The amount of the final payment to be made to the beneficiary will be established on the basis of a final report to be submitted by the deadline indicated in the grant agreement or grant decision. If a) the events generating the grant are not implemented or are implemented in a different way than planned; or b) the eligible costs actually incurred by the beneficiary are lower than those planned at application stage, or c) the quality of the realised activities/outputs is of insufficient quality, the funding may be reduced proportionally or, where applicable, the beneficiary will be required to repay any excess amounts already received as pre-financing payment.

Under some Actions, the National or Executive Agency transfers 100% of the grant awarded through the pre-financing instalments. In such cases a payment of the balance is not due. However, if - on the basis of a final report to be submitted by the beneficiary by the deadline indicated in the grant agreement - a) the events generating the grant are not implemented or are implemented in a different way than planned; or b) the eligible costs actually incurred by the beneficiary are lower than those planned at application stage, or c) the quality of the realised activities/outputs is of insufficient quality, the beneficiary will be required to repay any excess amounts already received as pre-financing payment.

As a general rule, the final payment or request for recovery of the balance will be issued within 60 calendar days of the receipt of the final report.

For more information, the detailed modalities of payment applying to each Action can be found in the section "Project life-cycle deadlines and payment modalities" below.

## **FINANCIAL PENALTIES**

Beneficiaries who have been found in serious breach of their contractual obligations may be subject to financial penalties representing 2% to 10% of the total value of the grant awarded. That rate may be increased to 4% to 20% in the event of a repeat infringement within five years of the date on which the infringement is established, as confirmed following a contradictory procedure with the beneficiary.



## PROJECT LIFE-CYCLE DEADLINES AND PAYMENT MODALITIES

	project life-cycle deadlines			payment modalities		
	Indicative date of notification of award decision	Indicative date for signing grant agreement	Date of final payment/request for reimbursement of the balance	N. of pre-financings	Interim (technical) report	% of grant provided at different stages
KA1 - Mobility of higher education students and staff	4 months from the submission deadline	4 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 calendar days from the receipt of the final report by NA	2	No	Prefin.: 80%-20% Balance: 0%
KA1 - Other types of mobility (VET, school education, adult education and youth)	4 months from the submission deadline	4 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 calendar days from the receipt of the final report by NA	1	No	Prefin.: 80% Balance: 20%
KA1 - Large scale European Voluntary Service Events	5 months from the submission deadline	6 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 days from the receipt of the final report by EACEA	1	No	Prefin.: 80% Balance: 20%
KA1 - Joint Master Degrees	5 months from the submission deadline	6 months from the submission deadline	No balance payment foreseen	3	No	Prefin.: 40%-30%-30% Balance: 0%
KA2 – Strategic Partnerships lasting up to 2 years	4 months from the submission deadline	5 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 calendar days from the receipt of the final report by NA	1	Yes	Prefin.: 80% Balance: 20%
KA2 – Strategic Partnerships lasting between 2 and 3 years	4 months from the submission deadline	5 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 calendar days from the receipt of the final report by NA	2	Yes	Prefin.: 40%-40% Balance: 20%
KA2 Knowledge and Sector Skills Alliances	5 months from the submission deadline	7 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 days from the receipt of the final report by EACEA	2	Yes	Prefin.: 40%-40% Balance: 20%
KA2 – Capacity Building in the youth field	5 months from the submission deadline	6 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 days from the receipt of the final report by EACEA	1	Yes	Prefin.: 80% Balance: 20%
KA3 – Structured Dialogue Meetings	4 months from the submission deadline	4 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 calendar days from the receipt of the final report by NA	1	No	Prefin.: 80% Balance: 20%

	project life-cycle deadlines			payment modalities		
	Indicative date of notification of award decision	Indicative date for signing grant agreement	Date of final payment/request for reimbursement of the balance	N. of pre-financings	Interim (technical) report	% of grant provided at different stages
Jean Monnet activities	5 months from the submission deadline	6 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 days from the receipt of the final report by EACEA	1	Yes	Prefin.: 70% Balance: 30%
Sport - Collaborative Partnerships	5 months from the submission deadline	6 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 days from the receipt of the final report by EACEA	2	Yes	Prefin.: 60% Balance: 40%
Sport – Not for profit sport events	5 months from the submission deadline	6 months from the submission deadline	Within 60 days from the receipt of the final report by EACEA	1	Yes	Prefin.: 60% Balance: 40%

Please note that the indicative dates provided in the table above are given for general information only and do not constitute a legal obligation for the National Agencies and the Executive Agency. Similarly as regards the payment modalities presented above, it should be noted that they will be applied in general, but depending on the individual situation of the applicant organisation or consortium concerned (e.g., depending on the financial capacity), different arrangements may be provided for in the grant agreement or grant decision. In case of a shortage of EU appropriations for a given budget year, the first pre-financing payment levels may be further reduced.

## **OTHER IMPORTANT CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS**

### **FINANCIAL GUARANTEE**

If the financial capacity is not considered satisfactory, the National or Executive Agency may require any beneficiary which has been awarded a grant exceeding 60 000 EUR to lodge a guarantee in advance in order to limit the financial risks connected with the pre-financing payment. This guarantee can be requested for up to the same amount of the pre-financing payment(s).

The purpose of such guarantee is to make a bank or financial institution stand as irrevocable collateral security or **first-call guarantor of the beneficiary's obligations deriving from the grant agreement or grant decision.**

This financial guarantee, in euro, shall be provided by an approved bank or financial institution established in an EU Member State. When the beneficiary is established in a non-EU country, the National or Executive Agency may agree that a bank or financial institution established in such country provides the guarantee, if it considers that the bank or financial institution offers equivalent financial security and characteristics as those offered in an EU Member State.

The guarantee may be replaced by a joint third-party guarantee, or from several third-party guarantees from the participating organisations who are parties to the same grant agreement.

The guarantee will be progressively released as the pre-financing is gradually cleared against an interim payment or payment of the balance to the beneficiary, in accordance with the conditions laid down in the grant agreement or grant decision.

### **SUB-CONTRACTING AND AWARD OF PROCUREMENT CONTRACT**

The beneficiary may resort to subcontracting for specific technical services requiring specialised skills (relating to the legal, accounting, tax, human resources fields, IT, etc.) or implementation contracts. The costs incurred by the beneficiary for this type of services may therefore be considered eligible costs provided they meet all the other criteria described in the grant agreement or grant decision.

Where implementation of the project requires the procurement of goods, works or services (implementation contract), beneficiaries must award the contract to the economically most advantageous offer, i.e. the bid offering the best value for money, or, as appropriate to the tender offering the lowest price, ensuring that there is no conflict of interests and that documentation is retained in case of audit.

In the event of implementation contract exceeding a value of 60 000 EUR, the National or Executive agency may impose special rules on the beneficiary, in addition to those referred to in the previous paragraph. Those special rules would be published on the websites of the National Agencies and Executive Agency.

### **INFORMATION ON THE GRANTS AWARDED**

Grants awarded in the course of a financial year must be published on the website of the Commission, the Executive Agency and/or the National Agencies during the first half of the year following the closure of the financial year for which they were awarded.

The information may also be published in any other appropriate medium, including the Official Journal of the European Union.

The National Agencies and the Executive Agency will publish the following information:

- name and locality of the beneficiary;
- amount of grant awarded;
- nature and purpose of the award.

Upon a reasoned and duly substantiated request by the beneficiary, the publication shall be waived if such disclosure risks threatening the rights and freedoms of individuals concerned as protected by the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union or harm the commercial interests of the beneficiaries.

As far as personal data referring to natural persons are concerned, the information published shall be removed two years after the end of the financial year in which the funds were awarded.

The same shall apply to personal data indicated in the official titles of legal persons (e.g. an association or company having as title the names of their founders).

This information shall not be published for scholarships paid to natural persons and other direct support paid to natural persons in most need (refugees and unemployed persons). Also the beneficiary organisations are not authorised to publish this type of information in relation to persons receiving a mobility grant under Erasmus+.

## **PUBLICITY**

Apart from the requirements regarding the visibility of the project and for the dissemination and exploitation of its results (which are award criteria), there is an obligation of minimal publicity for each granted project.

**Beneficiaries must clearly acknowledge the European Union's support in all communications or publications, in whatever form or whatever medium, including the Internet, or on the occasion of activities for which the grant is used.**

This must be done according to the provisions included in the grant agreement or grant decision. If these **provisions are not fully complied with, the beneficiary's grant may be reduced.**

Please refer to the Dissemination Guidelines for beneficiaries in Annex II of this Guide for further requirements regarding the visibility of the project.

## **CHECKS AND AUDITS**

The National or Executive Agency and/or the European Commission may carry out technical and financial checks and audits in relation to the use of the grant. They may also check the statutory records of the beneficiary (or co-beneficiary) for the purpose of periodic assessments of lump sum, unit cost or flat-rate financing. The beneficiary (or co-beneficiary) will undertake, with the signature of its legal representative, to provide proof that the grant has been used correctly. The European Commission, the Executive Agency, National Agencies and/or the European Court of Auditors, or a body mandated by them, may check the use made of the grant at any time up to five years, or for up to three years for grants not exceeding 60 000 EUR, following the last payment or recovery executed by the National or Executive Agency. Therefore, beneficiaries shall keep records, supporting documents, statistical records and other documents connected with the grant during this period.

For projects managed at centralised level by the Executive Agency, different types of audit procedures may be applied according to the type of Action concerned and the size of the grant awarded (if applicable, Audit Type I for grants between 60 000 and 750 000 EUR; Audit Type II for grants of 750 000 EUR or higher). More information is available on the website of the Executive Agency.

The detailed provisions concerning checks and audits are described in the grant agreement or grant decision.

## **DATA PROTECTION**

Any personal data included in the application form or in the grant agreement/decision shall be processed by the National or Executive Agency, or by the European Commission in accordance with:

- Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by the European Union institutions and bodies and on the free movement of such data;
- where applicable, the national legislation on personal data protection of the country where the application has been selected.

Unless marked as optional, the applicant's replies to the questions in the application form are necessary to evaluate and further process the grant application in accordance with the Erasmus+ Programme. Personal data may be transferred on a need to know basis to third parties involved in the evaluation of applications or in the grant management procedure, without prejudice of transfer to the bodies in charge of monitoring and inspection tasks in accordance with European Union law or to bodies mandated to undertake evaluations of the Programme or any of its Actions. The applicant shall have the right of access to his/her personal data and the right to rectify any such data. Should the applicant have any queries concerning the processing of his/her personal data, he/she shall address them to the Agency that has selected the project. In case of conflicts; the applicant also has the right of recourse at any time to the European Data Protection Supervisor. More information regarding the processing of personal data is included in the grant agreement or decision.

Concerning the processing of personal data under the Erasmus+ Programme, a detailed privacy statement, including contact information, is available on the website of the Commission and Executive Agency.

Applicants and, if they are legal entities, persons who have powers of representation, decision-making or control over them, are informed that, should they be in one of the situations mentioned in:

- the Commission Decision of 16.12.2008 on the Early Warning System (EWS) for the use of authorising officers of the Commission and the executive agencies<sup>31</sup>, or
- the Commission Regulation of 17.12.2008 on the Central Exclusion Database<sup>32</sup> (CED),

their personal details (name, given name if natural person, address, legal form and name and given name of the persons with powers of representation, decision-making or control, if legal person) may be registered in the EWS only or both in the EWS and CED, and communicated to the persons and entities listed in the above-mentioned Decision and Regulation, in relation to the award or the execution of a procurement contract or a grant agreement or decision.

## **OPEN LICENCE AND INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS**

An open licence is a way by which the owner of a work grants permission to everyone to use the resource. A licence is associated to each resource.

An open licence is not a transfer of copyrights or Intellectual Property Rights (IPR). Beneficiaries will remain the copyright holders and are allowed to use them as they wish. The only requirement for grant beneficiaries is to make educational resources (or other documents and media produced by the project) freely accessible through open licences. Beneficiaries can also commercialise their project outcomes and experience shows that open access brings visibility and may encourage interested users to buy the printed version or physical material, document or media.

## **RULES APPLICABLE**

Regulation (EU, Euratom) N° 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 October 2012 on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the EU and repealing Council Regulation N° 1605/2002.

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) N° 1268/2012 of 29 October 2012 on the rules of application of Regulation (EU, Euratom) N° 966/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the financial rules applicable to the general budget of the EU.

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<sup>31</sup> (OJ, L 344, 20.12.2008, p. 125)

<sup>32</sup> (OJ L 344, 20.12.2008, p. 12)



# ANNEX I

## **SPECIFIC RULES AND INFORMATION RELATING TO MOBILITY ACTIVITIES AND STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS**

This Annex contains additional criteria and important information concerning the preparation, implementation and follow-up of mobility projects and higher education degree mobility, as well as several concrete examples of activities which may be realised within the framework of Strategic Partnerships in the fields education, training and youth. Those organisations who intend to develop a project under these Actions are invited to read carefully the relevant parts of this Annex, before submitting their grant request. The Annex is divided in the following sections:

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# MOBILITY PROJECT FOR HIGHER EDUCATION STUDENTS AND STAFF

## 1. BEFORE MOBILITY

### a. ACCREDITATION OF PARTICIPATING ORGANISATIONS

#### ERASMUS CHARTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

The Erasmus Charter for Higher Education (ECHE) provides the general quality framework for European and international cooperation activities a higher education institution (HEI) may carry out within the Programme. The award of an Erasmus Charter for Higher Education is a pre-requisite for all HEIs located in a Programme Country and willing to participate in learning mobility of individuals and/or cooperation for innovation and good practices under the Programme. For HEIs located in Partner Countries, the ECHE is not required, and the quality framework will be established through inter-institutional agreements (see below) between HEIs.

A call for proposals for the award of the ECHE is launched by the Executive Agency in Brussels on an annual basis. If awarded, the Charter is valid for the entire duration of the Programme. The conditions for applying to receive an ECHE are described in the website of the Executive Agency at: [http://eacea.ec.europa.eu/funding/2014/call\\_he\\_charter\\_en.php](http://eacea.ec.europa.eu/funding/2014/call_he_charter_en.php).

HEIs must respect all the provisions of the ECHE during the implementation of the project. Their compliance will be monitored by the National Agency. Violation of any of its principles and commitments may lead to its withdrawal by the European Commission.

#### MOBILITY CONSORTIUM CERTIFICATE

A higher education mobility consortium can support any of the four eligible mobility activities within a higher education mobility project.

The purpose of mobility consortia is to facilitate the organisation of mobility activities and to offer added value in terms of quality of activities compared to what each individual sending higher education institutions would be able to deliver alone. The member organisations of a mobility consortium may pool or share services related to the organisation of mobility. Joint activities may include joint administrative, contractual and financial management of mobility, joint selection and/or preparation and mentoring of participants as well as, where relevant, a centralised point for finding enterprises and for matchmaking enterprises and participants. The mobility consortium can also act as a facilitator for incoming student and staff trainees. This includes finding a receiving organisation in the region where the mobility consortium partners are located and providing assistance in case of need.

The consortium coordinator, possibly together with other/intermediary organisations, can play an active role in fostering contacts with enterprises and finding opportunities for traineeships and training places for staff, in promoting these activities and providing information, etc.

Each sending HEI remains responsible for the quality, the contents and the recognition of the mobility periods. Each member of the consortium is required to sign an agreement with the consortium coordinator to specify the roles and responsibilities and the administrative and financial arrangements; the modalities of cooperation shall specify matters like the mechanisms for preparation, quality assurance and follow-up of mobility periods.

The mobility consortium can only get funding if it was awarded a Mobility Consortium Certificate. If the assessment of the mobility consortium is not successful, the consortium will have to reapply the following year.

Compliance with the Mobility Consortium Certificate shall be subject to the monitoring by the National Agency. Any major problems (e.g. misuse of funds, non-respect of obligations and weaknesses in the financial capacity) or any violation by the consortium of its commitments may lead to the withdrawal of the Certificate by the National Agency. The National Agency shall require the consortium coordinator to notify the National Agency without delay of any change in the composition, situation or status of the consortium which might necessitate changes to or withdrawal of the Certificate.

A HEI may apply for grants via two different channels: a) directly to the NA as an individual HEI, b) via a consortium of which it is a member. Both channels may be used simultaneously for mobility by an individual department or faculty. However, the HEI/department remains responsible to prevent double funding of a participant when the two channels are used in the same academic year.

## **b. INTER-INSTITUTIONAL AGREEMENT**

Student mobility for studies and staff mobility for teaching between HEIs shall take place as part of an inter-institutional agreement between HEIs. This inter-institutional agreement, in the case of mobility between Programme Countries and Partner Countries will lay out the general principles that are adhered to in an ECHE and both sides will commit to implementing them.

The inter-institutional agreement may also be extended to cover student mobility for traineeships and/or staff mobility for training, relying on their partner institutions' knowledge of enterprises to identify receiving enterprises/organisations abroad.

## **c. MOBILITY TOOL**

At the earliest when the participants are selected, the beneficiary organisation must encode general information regarding the participant and the type of mobility activity s/he will carry out (e.g. participant name, destination, duration of the mobility, etc.) into the Mobility Tool. The Mobility Tool will support the beneficiary in the management of the Erasmus+ mobility activities. The beneficiary organisation is also responsible for updating the Mobility Tool with any change occurred to participants or activities during the lifetime of the mobility project. Beneficiaries will be able to generate prefilled reports from Mobility Tool based on the information they have provided. The Mobility Tool will also generate reports to be filled in by the participants in mobility activities. More information about the Mobility Tool and how to access it will be provided in the grant agreement between the National Agency and the beneficiary.

## **d. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION OF STUDENTS**

### **SELECTION**

Students apply to their HEI who carries out the selection of participants in the mobility action. The selection of students - as well as the procedure for awarding them a grant - must be fair, transparent, coherent and documented and shall be made available to all parties involved in the selection process.

The HEI shall take the necessary measures to prevent any conflict of interest with regard to persons who may be invited to take part in the selection bodies or process of students' selection.

The selection criteria - such as for example: the academic performance of the candidate, the previous mobility experiences, the motivation, the previous experience in the receiving country (i.e. return to country of origin) etc. - shall be made public.

Once students are selected, they should receive from their sending institution the Erasmus+ student charter, setting out the student's rights and obligations with respect to her/his period of study or traineeship abroad, and explaining the different steps to be undertaken before, during and after mobility.

### **AGREEMENT WITH THE STUDENT**

Prior to their departure, each selected student must sign an agreement which includes also a "learning agreement" setting out the programme of studies and/or traineeship to be followed, as agreed by the student, the sending and the receiving organisation. This learning agreement defines the target learning outcomes for the learning period abroad and specifies the formal recognition provisions. The agreement also specifies the location of the study period and/or traineeship. In this learning agreement, the sending institution and the student should also agree on the language level (main language of instruction or workplace) to be reached by the student by the start of the study/traineeships period, in line with the recommended level specified in the inter-institutional agreement between sending and receiving institutions (or in line with the enterprise expectations in case of traineeships). Where applicable, the sending institution and the student will agree on the best suited linguistic support to be provided, so that the student can reach the agreed level (see next paragraph on online service for linguistic support).

### **GRANT FOR STUDENTS**

When signing the learning agreement, students are entitled to receive a "student grant" to support them during the period of study or traineeship abroad. Such grant may consist of one or both of the following:

- an EU grant, calculated per month and paid as a unit cost (see the "funding rules" section in Part B of this Guide); and/or
- a national, regional and local grant provided by a public or private donor, or loan scheme.

"Zero-grant Erasmus students" are allowed (both for study and traineeship mobility), i.e. students who fulfil all Erasmus student eligibility criteria and benefit from all advantages of being an Erasmus student without receiving an EU mobility grant. The rules stated in this Programme Guide, except those relating to the allocation of grants, also apply to such "zero-grant Erasmus students". Their number counts in the statistics for the performance indicator used to allocate the EU budget between the countries.

Students taking part in a higher education mobility project supported by the Erasmus+ Programme - whether or not they receive an Erasmus+ EU grant for their participation - are exempted from paying fees for tuition, registration, examinations and access to laboratory and library facilities at the receiving institution. However, small fees may be charged for costs such as insurance, student unions and the use of miscellaneous material such as photocopies, laboratory products, on the same basis as these are charged to local students. Outbound students shall not be liable to any additional fees or charges in connection with the organisation or administration of their mobility period.

In addition, the entitlement to any grant or loan awarded to students to study in their home institution must be maintained during the period abroad.

Students taking part in a higher education mobility project (either studying or doing a traineeship abroad) cannot at the same time be beneficiaries of a Joint Master Degree scholarship, and vice versa.

## **ONLINE LINGUISTIC SUPPORT**

By signing the Erasmus Charter for Higher Education, HEIs commit to provide all the necessary support to participants in mobility activities in terms of linguistic preparation. In this regard, an online linguistic support will be gradually implemented in the course of the Programme for all mobility activities lasting two months and longer. Such online support will be made available by the European Commission to selected students, with a view to assess their competence in the language they will use to study or carry out their traineeships abroad. This tool will also offer them, where necessary, the possibility to improve the knowledge of the language before and/or during the mobility period.

The online linguistic support will be provided as follows:

- National Agencies will, when the system is available, allocate online licences to higher education institutions according to general criteria specified by the European Commission;
- once selected by their higher education institution - and before signing their learning agreement - all students (except native speakers) benefiting from the online service will carry out an online test to assess their competences in the language they will use for studying or doing the traineeship abroad. The results of this test will be communicated to the student and to the sending HEI. This will allow the sending HEI to quantify the number of students that will potentially need an online language course;
- based on the number of online licences available, HEIs will distribute licences according to student needs. The students will assume the responsibility of following the online course, as described and agreed in the learning agreement;
- at the end of the mobility period, the student will carry out a second assessment to measure the progress made in the foreign language. The results will be communicated to the student and to the HEIs.

As soon as the online linguistic service is available, further details will be made available on the websites of the European Commission and National Agencies.

For all other types of mobility, or if the Commission's online service is not available for a given language, higher education institutions may provide other types of linguistic support to students, to be funded under the "organisational support" grant.

## **e. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION OF STAFF**

### **SELECTION**

Staff taking part in a higher education mobility project must be selected by their sending HEI in a fair and transparent way. Prior to their departure, they must have agreed on a mobility programme with the sending and receiving institutions/enterprise.

The selection of teachers and HEI staff shall be carried out by the HEI. The selection and grant award procedure must be fair, transparent, coherent and documented and shall be made available to all parties involved in the selection process. The selection criteria (for example priority given to staff going abroad for the first time, limitation

on the possible number of mobility activities per staff member during a given time period, etc.) shall be made public.

The HEI shall take the necessary measures to prevent any conflict of interest with regard to persons who may be invited to take part in the selection bodies or selection process of individual beneficiaries.

In the case of a mobility of staff from an enterprise to an HEI, it shall be arranged by an invitation of the institution to the staff member of the enterprise; the grant is managed by the receiving HEI.

## **MOBILITY AGREEMENT**

The selection of the HEI's staff will be made by the sending institution on the basis of a draft mobility programme submitted by the staff member after consultation with the receiving institution/enterprise. Prior to departure, the final mobility programme shall be formally agreed by both the sending institution/enterprise and the receiving institution/enterprise (by exchange of letters or electronic messages).

Both the sending institution/enterprise and receiving institution/enterprise shall be responsible for the quality of the mobility period abroad.

## **GRANT FOR STAFF**

The financial rules for the two types of staff mobility are the same. The grant is a contribution to the travel and subsistence costs for a period of teaching or training abroad (see the "funding rules" section in Part B of this Guide).

"Zero-grant" mobility of higher education staff is allowed.

## **2. DURING MOBILITY**

### **INTERRUPTION OF STUDENTS' MOBILITY**

For traineeships, the period of mobility abroad may be interrupted by the enterprise holidays if the enterprise is closed during this period. The grant is maintained during this period. The closure period does not count towards the minimum duration of a traineeship period.

### **PROLONGATION OF STUDENTS' MOBILITY**

A prolongation of an on-going mobility period may be agreed between the sending and the receiving organisations subject to the following:

- before the end of the mobility period initially planned, the grant agreement must be amended and all the arrangements related to the prolongation of the duration must be completed. Such amendment is particularly important in those cases where the prolongation also determines a request of extension of the monthly EU grant. In fact, although the duration of the mobility period shall be defined in the student's Certificate of Attendance (this is the period indicated by the HEIs in their final reports), the maximum number of months to be covered through the EU grant shall be the one set out in the grant agreement or its amendment(s). Beneficiaries should therefore amend the mobility grant agreement in case of extension of the duration of the stay abroad, when this has financial consequences;
- the additional period must follow immediately after the on-going mobility period. There can be no gaps (holidays and university/enterprise closures are not considered "gaps") unless duly justified and approved by the National Agency.

## **3. AFTER MOBILITY**

### **a. RECOGNITION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES**

At the end of the period abroad, the receiving institution/enterprise must provide the student and his HEI with a transcript of records or traineeship certificate ('transcript of work') confirming the results of the agreed programme.

The follow-up to the mobility period includes formal recognition, by the sending institution, of the credits awarded abroad for formal learning of newly acquired competences (using ECTS or an equivalent system) including for

traineeships, where applicable, and the documentation of outcomes resulting from non-formal and informal learning outside the classroom or workplace (using the Diploma Supplement). However this does not apply for traineeships carried out by recent graduate students.

The results of language assessment and online language courses will be reported centrally but will not provide any formal qualification.

As regards staff mobility, the sending institutions should ensure that the learning outcomes of participating staff are properly recognised, disseminated and widely used within the institution.

## **b. REPORTING**

At the end of the period abroad, all students and staff who have undertaken a mobility activity are required to complete and submit a final report. For mobility activities lasting two months or more, the report also includes a qualitative evaluation of the linguistic support received during the mobility period.

Those students and staff who fail to submit the report may be required by their sending HEI to partially or fully reimburse the EU grant received. Reimbursement shall not be requested when a student or staff member has been prevented from completing her/his planned activities abroad due to a case of force majeure. Such cases shall be reported by the sending institution and be subject to the written acceptance by the NA.



# MOBILITY PROJECT FOR VET LEARNERS AND STAFF

## 1. ORGANISATIONAL SUPPORT

The organisational support grant is a contribution to any costs incurred by the organisations in relation to activities to support student and staff mobility of high quality. For example:

- providing information and assistance to students and staff;
- selecting students and staff;
- **preparing the learning agreements to ensure full recognition of the students' educational components;** preparation and recognition of mobility agreements for staff;
- providing linguistic and intercultural preparation to both students and staff – especially sector-specific language courses for VET;
- general management around setting up and managing mobility project;
- ensuring an efficient mentoring and supervision arrangements of mobile participants;
- specific arrangements to ensure the quality of traineeships in enterprises.

The quality of the implementation and follow-up of the project by the institution will be taken into account when the final grant is decided. The quality implementation of the mobility project should follow the guidelines set out in this Annex on the Mobility for VET learners and staff.

## 2. BEFORE MOBILITY

### a. ACCREDITATION OF PARTICIPATING ORGANISATIONS

Project proposals submitted by applicants holding a LdV Mobility Certificate awarded during the Lifelong Learning Programme will benefit in 2014 from a fast-track procedure. A new accreditation process will be put in place in time for the year 2015; a specific call to award a VET Mobility Certificate will be launched during 2014. The process of accreditation of VET organisations will be managed by the National Agencies.

More detailed information will be made available in the websites of the European Commission and National Agencies in the course of 2014.

### b. EUROPEAN QUALITY CHARTER FOR MOBILITY

VET organisations that plan to organise mobility activities for VET learners and staff must organise their activities in line with the principles and criteria set out in the European Quality Charter for Mobility<sup>33</sup>.

The European Quality Charter for Mobility constitutes the quality reference document for education and training stays abroad. The Charter provides guidance on mobility arrangements for learning or other purposes, such as professional betterment, to both young learners and staff. The respect of the principles set out in the Charter should help to ensure that mobility participants always have a positive experience both in the host country and in their country of origin on their return, and that the number and depth of education and training exchanges are stepped up. The Charter is available at:

[http://europa.eu/legislation\\_summaries/education\\_training\\_youth/lifelong\\_learning/c11085\\_en.htm](http://europa.eu/legislation_summaries/education_training_youth/lifelong_learning/c11085_en.htm)

### c. ECVET - MEMORANDA OF UNDERSTANDING

VET organisations may decide to apply the European Credit system for Vocational Education and Training (ECVET) in the framework of their mobility activities (for more information, see below). In these cases, a precondition for using ECVET is the setting up of an ECVET partnership. This partnership needs to bring together the competent organisations involved in 1) identifying the suitable learning outcomes during mobility activities; 2) delivering VET programmes that are apt at satisfying these needs; 3) assessing the extent to which learning outcomes have been achieved by learners; and 4) validating and recognising learners' credits on their return to the home institution.

The partnership for ECVET mobility activities can be formalised through a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU).

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<sup>33</sup> Recommendation (EC) No 2006/961 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 on transnational mobility within the Community for education and training purposes: European Quality Charter for Mobility (Official Journal L 394 of 30.12.2006).

A MoU is an agreement between competent organisations which sets the framework for credit transfer. It formalises the ECVET partnership by stating the mutual acceptance of the status and procedures of competent organisations and institutions involved. It also establishes partnerships' procedures for cooperation.

MoUs can be developed by networks of competent organisation/institutions from several countries/systems, but they can also be bilateral, depending on the partnership needs and ambitions. For more information and guidance on the establishment of a MoU please refer to the ECVET User's Guide available on the website of the European Commission.

#### **d. MOBILITY CONSORTIUM**

Besides VET providers applying as a single organisation, a VET mobility consortium can also apply for a VET mobility project.

The purpose of mobility consortia is to facilitate the organisation of mobility activities and to offer added value in terms of quality of activities compared to what each individual sending VET institution (eg VET school) would be able to deliver alone. The member organisations of a VET mobility consortium are expected to pool or share services related to the organisation of mobility and develop their internationalisation together through mutual cooperation and sharing of contacts. Joint activities include typically joint administrative, contractual and financial management of mobility, joint selection and/or preparation and mentoring of participants as well as, where relevant, a centralised point for finding enterprises and for matchmaking enterprises and participants. The mobility consortium can also act as a facilitator for incoming trainees and staff. This includes finding a receiving organisation in the region where the mobility consortium partners are located and providing assistance in case of need.

The consortium coordinator, possibly together with other/intermediary organisations, has to play an active role in fostering contacts with enterprises and finding opportunities for traineeships and training places for staff, in promoting these activities and providing information, etc.

Each sending VET organisation remains responsible for the quality, the contents and the recognition of the mobility periods. Each member of the consortium is required to sign an agreement with the consortium coordinator to specify the roles and responsibilities and the administrative and financial arrangements; the modalities of cooperation shall specify matters like the mechanisms for preparation, quality assurance and follow-up of mobility periods.

#### **e. MOBILITY TOOL**

At the earliest when the participants are selected, the beneficiary organisation must encode general information regarding the participant and the type of mobility activity s/he will carry out (e.g. participant name, destination, duration of the mobility, etc.) into the Mobility Tool. The Mobility Tool will support the beneficiary in the management of the Erasmus+ mobility activities. The beneficiary organisation is also responsible for updating the Mobility Tool with any change occurred to participants or activities during the lifetime of the mobility project. Beneficiaries will be able to generate prefilled reports from Mobility Tool based on the information they have provided. The Mobility Tool will also generate reports to be filled in by the participants in mobility activities.

More information about the Mobility Tool and how to access it will be provided in the grant agreement between the National Agency and the beneficiary.

#### **f. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION OF VET LEARNERS**

##### **SELECTION**

The sending organisation carries out the selection of participants in the mobility activity. The selection of learners - as well as the procedure for awarding them a grant - must be fair, transparent, coherent and documented and shall be made available to all parties involved in the selection process.

The sending organisation shall take the necessary measures to prevent any conflict of interest with regard to persons who may be invited to take part in the selection bodies or selection process of individual participants.

##### **ACCOMPANYING PERSONS**

VET learners with special needs or disadvantaged backgrounds may be accompanied by a person that will support them during the mobility period. The involvement of the accompanying person should be proportional to the number of learners involved (usually one accompanying person per group of learners carrying out a traineeship in the same receiving organisation).



The duration of the stay abroad of accompanying persons should also be proportional to the needs of the learners (usually a stay for the whole duration of the activity is accepted only in cases where the learners are not autonomous or minors).

## AGREEMENT WITH THE LEARNER

Prior to their departure, VET learners must sign an agreement with the sending and receiving organisation which includes also the following:

- a "learning agreement" setting out the programme of training to be followed, as agreed by the learner, the sending and the receiving organisation. This agreement defines the target learning outcomes for the learning period abroad, specifies the formal recognition provisions (e.g. ECVET);
- a "Quality Commitment", annexed to the learning agreement, showing the rights and obligations of the trainees, the sending and receiving organisations and, when relevant, intermediary organisations.

When signing the learning agreement, VET learners are entitled to receive a grant to support them during the period of traineeship abroad. Such grant may consist of one or both of the following:

- an EU grant, calculated per day of activity (see the "funding rules" section in Part B of this Guide); and/or
- a local, regional and national grant provided by a public or private donor, or loan scheme.

"Zero-grant VET learners" are allowed, (i.e. learners who carry out traineeships which respect the Erasmus+ VET mobility criteria and benefit from the advantages of being an Erasmus+ learner without receiving an Erasmus+ mobility grant). The rules stated in this Programme Guide, except those relating to the allocation of grants, also apply to such "zero-grant VET learners".

## ONLINE LINGUISTIC SUPPORT

VET learners undertaking a mobility activity lasting one month or longer are eligible to receive linguistic support prior to departure or during the mobility activity. In this regard, the Commission plans to make available an online service for selected VET learners, with a view to assess their competence in the language they will use to carry out their traineeships abroad. This service will also offer them, where necessary, the possibility to improve the knowledge of the language before and/or during the mobility period. Such an online service will be gradually implemented in the course of the Programme. The linguistic support will be provided as follows:

- at the time of applying for a VET mobility project, the applicant organisation will estimate the need for linguistic support - in the main language of instruction or work - of the learners undertaking a traineeship in the framework of the mobility project;
- National Agencies will, when the system is available, allocate online licences to beneficiary organisations according to general criteria specified by the Commission;
- once selected by their sending organisation - and before signing their learning agreement - all learners (except native speakers) benefiting from the online service will carry out an online test to assess their competences in the language they will use for doing their traineeship. The results of this test will be communicated to the learner and, upon request, to the sending organisation. These results will not have any influence on the possibility for the learner to go abroad;
- based on the number of online licences available, those participants who need linguistic support may be offered the possibility to follow an online language course;
- at the end of their traineeship, VET learners will carry out a second assessment to measure the progress made in the language of instruction/work. The results will be communicated to the student and, upon request, to the sending organisation.

The online linguistic support offered by the European Commission is scheduled to be available in the course of 2014. In the initial stages of the Programme, the online assessment and courses will not be provided in all EU languages and language courses may not be available for all participants requesting them. As soon as the online linguistic service is available, further details will be made available at the websites of the Commission and National Agencies.

For languages not covered by the Commission's service, linguistic support must be arranged by the participating organisations in the VET mobility project; a specific grant for "linguistic support" may be provided for that purpose. Furthermore, organisations involved in a VET mobility project can use the "organisational support" grant to address the needs of participants in terms of pedagogical, intercultural or specific linguistic preparation (see the "funding rules" section in Part B of this Guide).

## **g. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION OF STAFF**

### **SELECTION**

The selection of staff shall be carried out by the sending organisation. The selection and grant award procedure must be fair, transparent, coherent and documented and shall be made available to all parties involved in the selection process.

The sending organisation shall take the necessary measures to prevent any conflict of interest with regard to persons who may be invited to take part in the selection bodies or selection process of individual beneficiaries.

The selection criteria (priority given to staff going abroad for the first time, limitation on the possible number of mobility activities per staff member during a given time period, etc.) shall be made public.

### **MOBILITY AGREEMENT**

The selection of the staff will be made by the sending organisation on the basis of a draft mobility programme submitted by the staff member after consultation with the receiving institution or enterprise/organisation. Prior to departure, the final mobility programme shall be formally agreed by both the sending and receiving organisations by exchange of letters or electronic messages.

Both the sending and the receiving organisations shall be responsible for the quality of the mobility period abroad.

## **3. DURING MOBILITY**

### **INTERRUPTION OF LEARNERS' MOBILITY**

For traineeships, the period of mobility abroad may be interrupted by the enterprise holidays if the enterprise is closed during this period. The grant is maintained during this period. The closure period does not count towards the minimum duration of a traineeship period.

### **PROLONGATION OF LEARNERS' MOBILITY**

A prolongation of an on-going mobility period may be agreed between the sending and the receiving organisations subject to the following:

- before the end of the mobility period initially planned, the grant agreement must be amended and all the arrangements relating to the prolongation of the duration must be completed. Such amendment is particularly important in those cases where the prolongation also determines a request of extension of the monthly EU grant. In fact, although the duration of the mobility period shall be defined in the student's Certificate of Attendance (this is the period indicated by the beneficiary organisations in their final reports), the maximum number of months to be covered through the EU grant shall be the one set out in the mobility agreement or its amendment(s). This will be the case, even if the duration indicated in the learning agreement is shorter than the one indicated in the Certificate of Attendance;
- the additional period must follow immediately after the on-going mobility period. There can be no gaps (holidays and VET school/enterprise closures are not considered "gaps") unless duly justified and approved by the National Agency.

## **4. AFTER MOBILITY**

### **a. RECOGNITION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES**

The sending and receiving organisations involved should agree on issuing a Europass mobility certificate at the end of the mobility. For more information on how to proceed, consult the Europass website: <http://europass.cedefop.europa.eu/en/home> .

### **ECVET**

VET organisations may decide to apply the ECVET system in the framework of their mobility activities. ECVET is a common methodological framework that facilitates the accumulation and transfer of credits for learning outcomes from one qualifications system to another. It aims to promote transnational mobility and access to lifelong learning. It is not intended to replace national qualification systems, but to achieve better comparability and

compatibility among them. ECVET applies to all outcomes obtained by an individual from various education and training pathways that are then transferred, recognised and accumulated in view of achieving a qualification. This initiative makes it easier for European citizens to gain recognition of their training, skills and knowledge in another Programme Country. More information about ECVET can be found on the Commission's website at: [http://europa.eu/legislation\\_summaries/education\\_training\\_youth/lifelong\\_learning/c11107\\_en.htm](http://europa.eu/legislation_summaries/education_training_youth/lifelong_learning/c11107_en.htm)

When ECVET is used, the credits accrued for learning outcomes acquired should be made transparent and should be specified in the Memorandum of Understanding between the participating organisations.

## **b. REPORTING**

At the end of the period abroad, all VET learners and staff who have undertaken a mobility activity are required to complete and submit a final report. For mobility activities lasting one month or more, the report also includes a qualitative evaluation of the linguistic support received during the mobility period.

Those students and staff who fail to submit the report may be required to partially or fully reimburse the EU grant received. Reimbursement shall not be requested when a learner or staff member has been prevented from completing her/his planned activities abroad due to a case of force majeure. Such cases shall be reported by the sending organisation and be subject to the written acceptance by the National Agency.



## MOBILITY PROJECT FOR SCHOOL EDUCATION STAFF

Mobility projects allow schools to give their teachers and other educational staff opportunities and incentives to acquire new competences linked to the needs of the school. School management should play an active role in planning, supporting and following up the mobility project.

In order to ensure and maximise the impact of these activities on professional development of all staff, schools should make sure that after the mobility the competences acquired by their staff are well disseminated across the school and integrated into the school teaching practice.

Before applying, schools should carefully think about how many of staff can realistically participate within the duration of the project (i.e. 1 or 2 years), what kind of activities they would engage in and how these activities could be effectively followed-up at home. At application stage, applicant schools will need to provide indicative numbers, types and destination countries of planned mobility activities.

If the National Agency selects the mobility project and confirms the budget requested, beneficiary schools can start the selection of participants and the detailed organisation of the activities.

### 1. ORGANISATIONAL SUPPORT

The organisational support grant is a contribution to costs incurred by the institutions in relation to activities in support of staff mobility. For example:

- preparation and follow-up of the European Development Plan;
- organisational arrangements with partner institutions (mainly in case of job-shadowing and teaching assignments);
- providing information and assistance to staff;
- selection of staff for mobility activities;
- preparation of mobility agreements to ensure the quality and recognition of mobility activities;
- linguistic and intercultural preparation for mobile staff;
- facilitating the integration of incoming mobile staff in the school;
- ensuring efficient mentoring and supervision arrangements of mobile participants;
- supporting the reintegration of mobile participants and building on their acquired new competences for the benefit of the school, teaching staff and pupils.

### 2. BEFORE MOBILITY

#### a. EUROPEAN DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Before applying, a school must develop a European Development Plan; this plan is part of the application form. This section indicates how the planned mobility activities are inscribed in a wider and long-term strategy of development and modernisation of the school.

This European Development Plan will be an important part of the evaluation of grant applications and should provide information on:

- the needs of the school in terms of quality development and internationalisation (e.g. as regards management competences, staff competences, new teaching methods or tools, European dimension, language competences, curriculum, organisation of teaching, training and learning, reinforcing links with partner institutions) and how the planned activities will contribute to meeting these needs;
- the impact expected on pupils, teachers and other staff, and on the school overall;
- the way schools will integrate the competences and experiences acquired by their staff into their curriculum and/or the school development plan;
- the way eTwinning is going to be used in connection with the planned mobility activities, if relevant (see the section below).

#### b. ETWINNING

eTwinning promotes school collaboration and school networking in Europe through the use of Information and Communication Technologies (ICT). It provides advice, ideas and tools to make it easy for schools to set up partnerships and start collaborative projects in any subject area.

In connection with a mobility project, eTwinning allows to:

- find potential partners/receiving organisations abroad and work together with them before applying for funding, in order to improve the quality and impact of the planned projects;
- use the available project tools to implement more strategic projects and better exploit the inputs from partners;
- prepare the outgoing staff, for instance through communication with the receiving organisation (learning more about the receiving country and receiving organisation, discussing and agreeing on activities to carry out), participate in online learning events related to their mobility;
- cooperate intensively among all schools involved during and after the staff mobility project.

No formal application is required to use eTwinning, all schools need to do is register in the eTwinning portal: <http://www.etwinning.net>. The European eTwinning portal is a fully multilingual website offering collaboration tools and services through which teachers register, find partners and work together with them. It also serves as a meeting point where all interested teachers can share resources, discuss and find partner schools.

eTwinning assists schools both at European level, through the Central Support Service, and at national level, through the National Support Services. All teachers can benefit from the services, training, recognition and tools provided by the eTwinning national and European Support Services. For more information about these Services, see the section "What other bodies are involved in the implementation of the Programme?" in Part A of this Guide.

## **C. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION OF STAFF**

### **SELECTION**

The sending school is responsible for selecting the staff undertaking mobility activities. The selection process must be fair, transparent, coherent and documented and shall be made available to all parties involved. The profile of participants must correspond to the eligibility criteria set out in part B of this guide. The sending school should define the selection procedure, i.e. how staff will be invited to apply, the documentation that the applicants need to submit and how it will be treated.

The school should define the criteria to be considered in the selection process. General criteria might be: motivation, clear goals for the mobility, willingness to share the experience upon return. It is strongly recommended to form a selection committee, which could also involve external people, rather than letting one staff member take the decision alone.

In addition to these general criteria, there may be specific criteria linked to the nature or purpose of the mobility project (i.e. relevance of the activities planned by an individual staff member to the needs of the school and other criteria defined by the school).

Both the general and the specific criteria must be agreed and shared by all those involved in the selection process and should be clearly communicated to the applicants. Sharing or discussing selection criteria and their rationale with the receiving organisation may facilitate preparation of the activities. There should be a written record of the selection process in case of possible internal complaints.

### **MOBILITY AGREEMENT**

When the participant is selected, s/he should, with the help of the sending school (and the partner organisation if the mobility is a teaching assignment or a job-shadowing) formally agree on the type of training to be undertaken and its content, clarify how s/he will prepare for this training, how the knowledge/competences acquired will be disseminated across the school and outside, and what will be the benefits of participation at institutional and individual level. They should also agree how the training will be evaluated and recognised by the sending school. This agreement should be established before the start of a mobility activity. Its main aim is that the sending school, the receiving organisation and the participant clarify expectations and ensure that the stay abroad is meaningful.

### **MOBILITY TOOL**

At the earliest when the participants are selected, the beneficiary organisation must encode general information regarding the participant and the type of mobility activity s/he will carry out (e.g. participant name, destination, duration of the mobility, etc.) into the Mobility Tool. The Mobility Tool will support the beneficiary in the management of the Erasmus+ mobility activities. The beneficiary organisation is also responsible for updating the Mobility Tool with any change occurred to participants or activities during the lifetime of the mobility project. Beneficiaries will be able to generate prefilled reports from Mobility Tool based on the information they have

provided. The Mobility Tool will also generate reports to be filled in by the participants in mobility activities. More information about the Mobility Tool and how to access it will be provided in the grant agreement between the National Agency and the beneficiary.

### **3. AFTER MOBILITY**

#### **a. RECOGNITION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES**

The sending and receiving organisations involved should agree on issuing a Europass mobility certificate at the end of the mobility. For more information on how to proceed, consult the Europass website: <http://europass.cedefop.europa.eu/en/home>.

#### **b. REPORTING**

At the end of the period abroad, all staff members who have undertaken a mobility activity are required to complete and submit a final report. Those who fail to submit the report may be required to partially or fully reimburse the EU grant received. Reimbursement shall not be requested when a staff member has been prevented from completing her/his planned activities abroad due to a case of force majeure. Such cases shall be reported by the sending school and be subject to the written acceptance by the National Agency.





## MOBILITY PROJECT FOR ADULT EDUCATION STAFF

Learning mobility for adult education staff aims at raising the key competences and skills of staff in adult education in order to increase the quality of teaching and learning in all forms and to make them relevant to the needs of the labour market and society at large. It is expected that adult education organisations use learning mobility of their staff strategically and in terms of internationalising their organisation and of raising the capacity of it.

### 1. ORGANISATIONAL SUPPORT

The organisational support grant is a contribution to costs incurred by the organisations in relation to activities of staff mobility. The purpose of the grant is to facilitate the organisation of high quality mobility activities with a view to raising the capacity of the adult education organisations. For example:

- preparation and follow-up of the European Development Plan;
- providing information and assistance to staff;
- selection of staff for mobility activities;
- organisational arrangements with partner institutions (in particular in case of job-shadowing and teaching assignments);
- preparation of mobility agreements to ensure the quality and recognition of mobility activities
- linguistic and intercultural preparation for mobile staff;
- ensuring efficient mentoring and supervision arrangements of mobile staff;
- supporting the reintegration of mobile participants and building on their acquired new competences to improve the quality of teaching and learning provisions of the adult education organisation.

The quality of the implementation and follow-up of the project by the organisation will be taken into account when the final grant is decided. The quality implementation of the mobility project should follow the guidelines set out in this Annex on Mobility for adult education staff.

### 2. BEFORE MOBILITY

#### a. EUROPEAN DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Before applying, an adult education organisation must develop a European Development Plan; this plan is part of the application form. This section indicates how the planned mobility activities are inscribed in a wider and long-term strategy of development and modernisation of the organisation.

This European Development Plan will be an important part of the evaluation of grant applications and should provide information on:

- the needs of the organisation in terms of quality development and internationalisation (e.g. as regards management competences, staff competences, new teaching/learning methods or tools, European dimension, language competences, curriculum, organisation of teaching, training and learning, reinforcing links with partner organisations) and how the planned activities will contribute to meeting these needs;
- the impact expected on adult learners, teachers, trainers and other staff, and on the organisation overall;
- the way the organisation will integrate the competences acquired by its staff into their curriculum and/or the organisation's development plan.

The purpose of the European Development Plan is to ensure that the planned activities are relevant both for the individual participants and for the organisation as a whole, as they will have a higher impact on the quality of teaching and learning if they are well integrated in the organisation's strategic development.

#### b. MOBILITY TOOL

At the earliest when the participants are selected, the beneficiary organisation must encode general information regarding the participant and the type of mobility activity s/he will carry out (e.g. participant name, destination, duration of the mobility, etc.) into the Mobility Tool. The Mobility Tool will support the beneficiary in the management of the Erasmus+ mobility activities. The beneficiary organisation is also responsible for updating the Mobility Tool with any change occurred to participants or activities during the lifetime of the mobility project. Beneficiaries will be able to generate prefilled reports from Mobility Tool based on the information they have provided. The Mobility Tool will also generate reports to be filled in by the participants in mobility activities.

More information about the Mobility Tool and how to access it will be provided in the grant agreement between the National Agency and the beneficiary.

## **C. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION OF STAFF**

### **SELECTION**

The selection of staff shall be carried out by the sending organisation. The selection and grant award procedure must be fair, transparent, coherent and documented and shall be made available to all parties involved in the selection process.

The sending organisation shall take the necessary measures to prevent any conflict of interest with regard to persons who may be invited to take part in the selection bodies or selection process of individual participants.

### **MOBILITY AGREEMENT**

It is recommended that the sending and receiving organisation, together with the participants, agree on the activities undertaken by staff members prior to the start of the mobility period by exchange of letters or electronic messages. This agreement will define the target learning outcomes for the period abroad, specify the recognition provisions and list the rights and obligations of each party.

Both the sending and the receiving organisations shall be responsible for the quality of the mobility period abroad.

## **3. AFTER MOBILITY**

### **a. RECOGNITION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES**

The sending and receiving organisations involved should agree on issuing a Europass mobility certificate at the end of the mobility. For more information on how to proceed, consult the Europass website: <http://europass.cedefop.europa.eu/en/home>.

### **b. REPORTING**

At the end of the period abroad, all staff members who have undertaken a mobility activity are required to complete and submit a final report. Those who fail to submit the report may be required to partially or fully reimburse the EU grant received. Reimbursement shall not be requested when a staff member has been prevented from completing her/his planned activities abroad due to a case of force majeure. Such cases shall be reported by the sending organisation and be subject to the written acceptance by the National Agency.

## MOBILITY PROJECT FOR YOUNG PEOPLE AND YOUTH WORKERS

The Actions supported by the Erasmus+ Programme in the field of youth provide many opportunities for young people to acquire competences and grow as individuals, through non-formal and informal learning.

Non-formal learning refers to the learning which takes place outside formal educational curriculum. It has a participative and learner-centred approach; it is carried out by learners on a voluntary basis and therefore is closely linked to young people's needs, aspirations and interests. By providing an additional source and new forms of learning, such activities are also important means to improve the attainment in formal education and training as well as to address young NEETs (i.e. young people not in employment, education or training) or young people with fewer opportunities and combat social exclusion.

Informal learning refers to the learning in daily life activities, in work, with peers, etc. It is mainly learning by doing. In the youth sector, informal learning can take place in youth initiatives, in peer group discussions, through voluntary activities and in a variety of other situations.

Non-formal and informal learning enable young people to acquire essential competences that contribute to their personal and socio-educational development and foster their active participation in society, thereby improving their employment prospects. Learning activities within the youth field are meant to have a significantly positive impact on young people as well as on the organisations involved, the communities in which these activities take place, the youth field itself and the European economic and societal sectors at large.

A high-quality non-formal and informal learning dimension is a key aspect of all youth projects supported under the Erasmus+ Programme. Youth projects funded by the Erasmus+ Programme must adhere to the following non-formal and informal learning principles:

- learning in non-formal contexts is intended and voluntary;
- young people and youth workers are actively participating in the planning, preparation, implementation and evaluation of the project;
- learning activities take place in a diverse range of environments and situations;
- the activities are carried out with the support of professional facilitators (such as trainers, youth workers, experts in the youth field) or volunteers (such as youth leaders, youth trainers, etc.);
- the activities usually document learning in a specific, field-oriented way.

The activities must also be planned in advance and be based on participatory methods that:

- offer space for interaction of participants, sharing of ideas, avoiding passive listening;
- allow participants to contribute to the activities with their own knowledge and skills, reversing the traditional roles of outside "experts" (a reversal of learning, from extracting to empowering);
- allow participants to undertake their own analyses, including reflections on competences acquired during the activity (i.e. their own learning outcomes);
- ensure that participants have influence over project decisions, not simply involvement.

Finally, the activities should have an intercultural/European dimension and:

- encourage participants to reflect on European topics and to involve them in the construction of Europe;
- offer participants the opportunity to identify common values with persons from different countries in spite of their cultural differences;
- challenge viewpoints that perpetuate inequality, discrimination;
- promote the respect of cultural diversity and fight against racism or xenophobia.

## 1. BEFORE MOBILITY

### a. AGREEMENT BETWEEN PROJECT PARTNERS

All participating organisations involved in a youth mobility project are strongly recommended to sign an internal agreement between them. Such an agreement has the purpose of clearly defining responsibilities, tasks and financial contribution for all parties involved in the project. It is up to the participating organisations to jointly decide on how the EU grant will be distributed and which costs it will cover.

An internal agreement constitutes a key instrument for ensuring a solid and smooth cooperation among partners in a youth mobility project as well as to avoid or manage potential conflicts. Indicatively, it should contain at least the following information:

- project title and reference of the grant agreement between the applicant participating organisation and the granting Agency;
- names and contacts of all the participating organisations involved in the project;
- role and responsibilities of each participating organisation; division of the EU grant (according to the above responsibilities);
- modalities of payments and budget transfers among participating organisations.

Although this practice is strongly recommended to safeguard the interests of each partner in a project, such an agreement remains an internal document among partners; it will not be requested by the granting National Agency.

## **b. ACCREDITATION OF ORGANISATIONS PARTICIPATING IN EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE**

Accreditation serves to gain access to European Voluntary Service and to ensure that the principles and minimum quality standards of EVS are met. These standards are set in the EVS Charter and in the EVS Accreditation Guidelines that are published on the website of the European Commission.

Any organisation from a Programme Country, from Western Balkans countries, Eastern Partnership countries or from the Russian Federation wishing to send or receive EVS volunteers or to coordinate an EVS project must be accredited. The accreditation of EVS organisations in Southern Mediterranean countries will also be progressively launched during 2014 and will become compulsory as of 2015. Organisations taking part in large-scale EVS events or organisations from other Partner Countries of the world involved in Capacity Building projects can participate in EVS activities without accreditation.

To be accredited, an organisation must submit an accreditation form. This form must be submitted to the relevant bodies responsible for accreditation (see below). The same organisation may request to be accredited for one or more purposes (as sending, as receiving and/or as coordinating organisation).

The applications for accreditation can be submitted at any time (no deadline). However, these requests must be submitted within reasonable time before the submission of the project application including EVS activities (at least 6 weeks before the submission) in order to avoid that the EVS activity is rejected due to the fact that some of the organisations involved are not yet accredited.

The accreditation of EVS organisations is carried out by:

- the National Agency of the country where the organisation is located, for organisations located in Programme Countries;
- SALTO SEE for organisations located in Western Balkans countries;
- SALTO EECA for organisations located in Eastern Partnership countries and the Russian Federation;
- SALTO Euromed (not compulsory in 2014) for organisations located in Southern Mediterranean countries.

The accreditation can be valid for the entire duration of the Erasmus+ Programme, or for a shorter period. The applicant enters the requested validity period in the accreditation form. The bodies in charge of accreditation may carry out regular or punctual controls to verify that the accredited organisations still meet the EVS quality standards. Following these controls, the accreditation may be temporarily suspended or withdrawn.

In order to facilitate partner-finding, project descriptions and profiles of all accredited organisations are published in a database of European Voluntary Service organisations. The database can be consulted on the Commission website.

## **c. SAFETY AND PROTECTION OF PARTICIPANTS**

### **EUROPEAN HEALTH INSURANCE CARD**

If applicable, it is strongly recommended that young people and youth workers taking part in youth mobility projects are in possession of a European Health Insurance Card. This is a free card that gives access to medically necessary, state-provided healthcare during a temporary stay in any of the 28 EU countries, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland, under the same conditions and at the same cost (free in some countries) as people insured in that country. More information on the card and on how to obtain it is available at <http://ec.europa.eu/social/main.jsp?catId=559>

## **YOUTH EXCHANGES**

All participants in a Youth Exchange must be insured against the risks linked to their participation in these activities. The Erasmus+ Programme does not define a unique format of insurance, nor does it recommend specific insurance companies. The Programme leaves it up to participating organisations to seek the most suitable insurance policy according to the type of activity carried out and to the insurance formats available at national level. Furthermore, it is not necessary to stipulate a project-specific insurance, if the participants are already covered by insurance policies previously stipulated by themselves or the participating organisations. In any circumstances, the following areas must be covered: third party liability for youth leaders (including, wherever appropriate, professional indemnity or insurance for responsibility); accident and serious illness (including permanent or temporary incapacity); death (including repatriation in case of activities carried out abroad); wherever relevant, medical assistance, including after care and special insurance for particular circumstances such as outdoor activities.

## **EUROPEAN VOLUNTARY SERVICE**

Every EVS volunteer must:

- hold a European Health Insurance Card (see information above);
- be enrolled in the EVS Insurance foreseen by the Erasmus+ Programme, which complements the coverage by the European Health Insurance Card and/or national social security systems.

Those volunteers who are not eligible for the European Health Insurance Card shall be entitled to receive a full coverage through the EVS Insurance provided by the European Commission.

The coordinating organisation, in cooperation with the sending and receiving organisations, is responsible for the enrolment of the volunteer(s). This enrolment must be done before the departure of the volunteer(s) and cover the duration of the EVS activity.

Information about the coverage and support available through the insurance for EVS volunteers, as well as instructions for enrolment, is available on the website of the Executive Agency.

### **d. VISA REQUIREMENTS**

Young people and youth workers taking part in youth mobility projects may need to obtain a visa for staying abroad in the Programme or Partner Country hosting the activity.

It is a collective responsibility of all the participating organisations to ensure that the authorisations required (short/long stay visas or residence permits) are in order before the planned activity takes place. It is strongly recommended that the authorisations are requested from the competent authorities well in advance, since the process may take several weeks. National Agencies and the Executive Agency may give further advice and support concerning visas, residence permits, social security, etc.

### **e. CONDITIONS OF PARTICIPATION OF EVS VOLUNTEERS**

#### **SELECTION**

The selection of volunteers can be carried out by any of the organisations involved in the project (usually this task is carried out by the sending or coordinating organisation).

The European Voluntary Service is open to all young people, including people with fewer opportunities. Volunteers are to be selected in a fair, transparent and objective way, regardless of their ethnic group, religion, sexual orientation, political opinion, etc. No previous qualifications, educational level, specific experience or language knowledge should be required. A more specific profile of the volunteer might be drawn up if justified by the nature of the tasks of the EVS activity or by the project context.

#### **AGREEMENT WITH THE VOLUNTEER**

Prior to their departure, each EVS volunteer must sign a volunteering agreement with the sending and the receiving organisation. This agreement defines the tasks s/he will carry out during the EVS, the intended learning outcomes. As part of the agreement, s/he will receive the EVS Info-kit, which contains information about what to expect from EVS and on how to use Youthpass and receive a certificate at the end of the activity. Such an agreement remains an internal document among partners and volunteers; it will not be requested by the granting National Agency.

## MOBILITY TOOL

When the volunteers are selected, the beneficiary organisation must encode general information regarding the volunteer and the type of EVS activity s/he will carry out (e.g. participant name, destination, duration of the EVS, etc.) into the Mobility Tool. The Mobility Tool will support the beneficiary in the management of the Erasmus+ mobility activities. The beneficiary organisation is also responsible for updating the Mobility Tool with any change occurred to participants or activities during the lifetime of the mobility project. Beneficiaries will be able to generate prefilled reports from Mobility Tool based on the information they have provided. The Mobility Tool will also generate reports to be filled in by the participants in mobility activities.

More information about the Mobility Tool and how to access it will be provided in the grant agreement between the National Agency and the beneficiary.

## LINGUISTIC SUPPORT

Young volunteers undertaking an EVS lasting two months or longer are eligible to receive linguistic support prior to departure or during the activity. In this regard, the Commission plans to make available an online tool for EVS volunteers with a view to assess their competence in the language they will use to carry out their volunteering abroad. This tool will also offer them, where necessary, the possibility to improve the knowledge of the language before and/or during the EVS. Such an online service will be gradually implemented in the course of the Programme. The linguistic support will be provided as follows:

- at the time of applying for an EVS project, the applicant organisation will estimate the need for linguistic support for their participants - in the main language that volunteers will use to carry out their tasks;
- National Agencies will, when the system is available, allocate online licences to beneficiary organisations according to general criteria specified by the European Commission;
- once selected, all volunteers (except native speakers) benefiting from the online service will carry out an online language test to assess their competences in the foreign language they will use during their EVS. The results of this assessment will be communicated to the volunteers and will not have any influence on their possibility to go abroad;
- based on the number of online licences available, the volunteers who need linguistic support may be offered the possibility to follow an online language course;
- at the end of their EVS, volunteers will carry out a second online language assessment to measure the progress made in the language used for volunteering. The results will be communicated to the volunteer, to the coordinating organisation upon request, and could thereafter be integrated in the Youthpass certificate.

The online linguistic support offered by the European Commission is scheduled to be available in the course of 2014. In the initial stages of the Programme, the online assessment and courses will not be provided in all EU languages and language courses may not be available for all participants requesting them. As soon as the online linguistic service is available, further details will be made available on the websites of the Commission and National Agencies.

For languages not covered by the online service and before the online service is available support for language learning must be arranged by the participating organisations in the youth mobility project. A specific grant for "linguistic support" may be provided for that purpose. Beneficiaries of this grant should encourage participants to start learning the language before their EVS. Furthermore, organisations involved in a youth mobility project can use the "organisational support" grant to address the needs of participants in terms of pedagogical, task-related, intercultural or specific linguistic preparation (see the "funding rules" section in Part B of this Guide).

## PRE-DEPARTURE TRAINING

Pre-departure training is the responsibility of the EVS organisations (usually the sending organisation or the coordinating organisation) and gives volunteers an opportunity to talk about their expectations, develop their motivation and learning objectives, and obtain information on their host country and on the Erasmus+ Programme. In addition, the National Agencies (or SALTO SEE and EECA) may organise a one-day pre-departure training aimed at establishing contacts with the outgoing volunteers.

## 2. DURING MOBILITY

### EVS TRAINING AND EVALUATION CYCLE

EVS volunteers have the right and obligation to participate in the following EVS training and evaluation sessions, organised in line with Volunteer Training: Guidelines and Minimum Quality Standards of the European Commission ([http://ec.europa.eu/youth/documents/evs\\_vol\\_training\\_minimum\\_standards.pdf](http://ec.europa.eu/youth/documents/evs_vol_training_minimum_standards.pdf)).

## **ON-ARRIVAL TRAINING (ONLY FOR EVS ACTIVITIES LASTING 2 MONTHS OR MORE)**

On-arrival training takes place upon arrival in the host country. It introduces volunteers to their host country and their host environment, helps them to get to know each other and supports them to create an environment that support learning and realising own project ideas. The duration is on average seven days.

## **MID-TERM EVALUATION (ONLY FOR EVS ACTIVITIES LASTING 6 MONTHS OR MORE)**

Mid-term evaluation provides volunteers with an opportunity to evaluate and reflect on their experience so far, as well as to meet other volunteers from different projects throughout the host country. Duration is on average two and a half days.

## **ANNUAL EVS EVENT**

In addition, former EVS volunteers may be invited to take part in the annual EVS event organised by the National Agencies in the sending country (or SALTO SEE and EECA in the respective regions). This event serves as an evaluation meeting, "alumni" meeting and promotion event. Duration is 1-2 days.

## **WHO ORGANISES THE EVS TRAINING AND EVALUATION CYCLE?**

The responsibility for organising the EVS Training and Evaluation Cycle depends on where the events are to take place:

- in Programme Countries: the training/evaluation is organised by the National Agencies;
- in Western Balkans countries, Eastern Partnership countries and the Russian Federation: the training/evaluation is organised respectively by SALTO SEE and SALTO EECA Resource Centres;
- in other Partner Countries: training and evaluation sessions are not organised by National Agencies or SALTOs. It is responsibility of the participating organisations to ensure that the volunteers receive an on-arrival training and that they are provided a space for carrying out a mid-term evaluation of their EVS experience. In this regard, for EVS activities organised within the framework of Capacity Building in the youth field, the costs linked to such preparation can be covered under the item "activity costs".

As soon as the acceptance of the projects selected by National Agency has been notified, the coordinating organisations should immediately contact the relevant National Agency or the SALTO Resource Centre in order to allow those structures to organise the Training and Evaluation sessions for the volunteers involved in their project.

In any case, beneficiaries are always encouraged to provide additional training and evaluation opportunities to the volunteers, even if no specific funds are allocated for that purpose within the project grant. All relevant providers of training and evaluation activities in EVS should provide information about Youthpass.

For projects lasting less than 2 months, participating organisations have the responsibility to organise preparation sessions that are adapted to the needs of the volunteers and/or to the type of EVS activity. Within the framework of mobility projects, the costs linked to such preparation can be covered under the item "exceptional costs" (see "funding rules" section in Part B of this Guide). Within the framework of large scale EVS, events the costs linked to such preparation can be covered under the item "activity costs".

## **3. AFTER MOBILITY**

### **RECOGNITION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES**

#### **YOUTHPASS**

Every young person, volunteer or youth worker taking part in a youth mobility project is entitled to receive a Youthpass certificate. Youthpass describes and validates the non-formal and informal learning experience acquired during the project (learning outcomes). Youthpass can also be used during the project activities as a tool to help participants to become more aware of their learning process. For support and more information on Youthpass, please consult the Youthpass guide and other relevant material at [www.youthpass.eu](http://www.youthpass.eu).

## **4. MOBILITY OF YOUNG PEOPLE AND YOUTH WORKERS OUTSIDE MOBILITY PROJECTS**

Beyond the mobility projects under Key Action 1, the Erasmus+ Programme supports mobility of young people and youth workers also under Large-scale EVS projects, Strategic Partnerships and Capacity Building in the field of youth. In these cases, if applicable, the participating organisations must follow the same principles and quality standards set for the activities funded within the framework of mobility projects.



# JOINT MASTER DEGREES

## 1. CONDITIONS RELATING TO THE DESIGN OF THE JOINT MASTER

A JMD must be fully developed at the time of the application and be ready to run for three consecutive editions as from the second academic year following the application. The first year will be a preparatory and promotion (/awareness-raising) year when the programme will be advertised and the first intake of students selected. JMDs must dispose of fully joint (/common) procedures for the students' admission requirements, the teaching/training activities, the quality assurance mechanisms, the students' examination and performance evaluation, consortium administrative and financial management, the nature/scope of services offered to the students (e.g. language courses, visa support), etc. All students must be covered by a health and insurance scheme chosen by the consortium. This scheme must respect the minimum JMD requirements as defined in the respective guidelines available on the Executive Agency website.

These elements are crucial in demonstrating genuine joint integration of a JMD course and its implementing consortium. It is furthermore expected that the applicant provides a draft Consortium Agreement at application stage which covers these and other important items in a clear and transparent manner. The existence of an up-to-date, comprehensive, and robust Consortium Agreement is a sign of readiness of the partners and maturity of the application in view of a successful JMD implementation phase.

In addition, applicants should note that the process of accreditation of a JMD course and the recognition of diplomas within the consortium can be a long-lasting process and must have been completed at JMD application stage (i.e. before the preparatory year and the first JMD student intake). Programme-country HEIs acting as full partners in the consortium must be degree-awarding institutions with the capacity to issue either a joint or a multiple degree (at least a double degree) for JMD graduates. Consortia must also ensure that all graduated students are provided with a joint Diploma Supplement at the end of their study period, covering the entire content of the Master programme.

The JMD study programme must be designed in a way that all students are in a position to carry out part of their study/training/research activities in two different Programme countries. Each of these periods must correspond to at least 20 ECTS for 60 ECTS Master programmes, and 30 ECTS for longer programmes.

The JMD consortium will need to design joint promotion and awareness-raising activities in order to ensure the worldwide visibility of the joint study programme as well as of the Erasmus+ scholarship scheme. These promotion and awareness-raising activities will necessarily include the development of an integrated and comprehensive course website (in English, as well as in the main teaching language if different) prior to their first scholarship application round, providing all the necessary information on the JMD for students and future employers. Visibility will be supported through the Commission and Executive Agency websites, via National Agencies and EU Delegations. Guidelines on JMD websites can be found on the Executive Agency website

## 2. CONDITIONS RELATING TO MASTER STUDENTS

Master students wishing to enrol in a JMD must have previously obtained a first higher education degree<sup>34</sup> or demonstrate a recognised equivalent level of learning according to national legislation and practices. Each JMD consortium will be responsible for defining its specific students' application procedure and selection criteria in accordance with the requirements and guidelines available on the Executive Agency website.

Erasmus+ JMD student scholarships can be offered to students from any region of the world taking geographical balance into account – i.e. no more than 3 candidates from the same country (/with the same nationality) should be awarded a JMD scholarship during the same intake. JMD consortia will also be encouraged to enrol self-funded students<sup>35</sup> representing approximately 25% of the Erasmus + scholarship holders.

Student scholarship candidates who have already benefited from a JMD scholarship or from an Erasmus Mundus Master Course scholarship are not eligible for another scholarship in the framework of a JMD programme. JMD student scholarships are awarded for a student's participation in the complete JMD programme. Scholarship holders cannot transfer university credits from course taken prior to their enrolment in their JMD for the purpose of reducing their mandatory activities in the joint programme. Furthermore, JMD scholarship holders cannot at the same time be beneficiaries of a grant for student or staff mobility in the framework of higher education credit mobility projects, and vice versa.

<sup>34</sup> While this condition must necessarily be fulfilled at the time of enrolment, JMD consortia may decide to accept scholarship applications from students in the last year of their first higher education degree

<sup>35</sup> Self-funded students are either self-paying students or students who have been awarded a scholarship from another scheme,

In order to guarantee full transparency in the JMD implementation rules, as well as to define the rights and responsibilities of enrolled students towards the JMD consortia, both parties (i.e. accepted students and JMD consortia) will have to sign a Student Agreement (see model on the Executive Agency website) prior to the student's enrolment in the JMD. This Student Agreement will cover all the academic, financial, administrative, behavioural, etc. aspects related to the JMD implementation and, for the scholarship holders, the scholarship management. It should include performance indicators for the successful acquisition of minimum ECTS credits (and the consequences in case of failure to acquire them), information about the services provided to the student, as well as details related to health/social security, mobility requirements, and thesis/exam/graduation rules, etc. For transparency reasons, the Student Agreement template must be published on the JMD website.

### 3. CONDITIONS RELATING TO MONITORING AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

In order to effectively monitor the implementation of JMD courses, the beneficiary consortia will need to apply a number of monitoring and Quality Assurance (QA) mechanisms:

- definition of a joint QA plan with common evaluation methods and criteria, agreed implementation timetable/milestones and follow-up actions. These QA mechanisms will need to be embedded in the JMD project design at application submission stage, notably internal and external evaluation exercises; feedback on indicators, etc. QA findings and conclusions drawn will need to be reported by the consortium in their regular reporting to the Executive Agency;
- submission of regular progress reports (some of which will condition the payment of the next grant instalments);
- quantitative and qualitative monitoring of the student mobility and performance (in terms of activities implemented, ECTS credits acquired and degree awarded) through the Executive Agency online Mobility Tool (EMT);
- liaison and cooperation (where applicable and expected) with the EM Alumni Association (EMA);
- joint meetings of the participating HEIs, students' representatives, Executive Agency Programme Officer(s), staff of the National Agencies concerned and, when needed, external experts; at least two of these meetings will have to be organised by the JMD consortium during the period covered by the grant agreement;
- appraisal reports by the enrolled students through the Executive Agency online Mobility Tool (EMT);
- participation in thematic cluster meetings organised by the Commission, the National Agencies of the Executive Agency to support exchange of good practice and mutual learning.

#### a. SELECTION PROCEDURE

The main objective of the JMD programme is to attract, select, and fund excellence; this should be understood both in terms of academic quality of the main actors (full partners and JMD Master students), as well as in terms of the implementation capacity of the consortia which are expected to carry out an integrated international study programme with students from Programme and Partner Countries. The main aim of the selection procedure for JMD projects will therefore focus on selecting excellent projects offering enhanced employment prospects to graduates. In order to be able to identify and concentrate on the best proposals in a highly competitive selection, a three-step quality peer review will be applied.

Step 1: In this first step, independent academic experts will assess the answers provided by the applicant consortium to the first award criterion (i.e. "Relevance of the project"; see part B) focusing on the pertinence of the proposal in its different aspects, such as: relevance of the content (thematic area) in relation with identified needs; relevance of the joint study programme structure; relevance of the consortia composition in delivering the expected content and providing the expected employability prospects to enrolled students; relevance of Quality Assurance and sustainability plans; etc. Only those proposals that have successfully passed this first assessment will go through the following steps of the selection.

Step 2: Under step 2 the independent academic experts will analyse and evaluate the answers provided to the other award criteria, covering issues such as: detailed curriculum and expected learning outcomes; course/training delivery and evaluation methods; detailed organisation of the JMD in the participating HEIs; the funding model and marketing aspects; etc. This will result in a ranking from which the best proposals (corresponding to a number equivalent to a maximum of 150% of the proposals expected to be selected) will be invited into a phase of structured interviews resulting in the final selection.

Step 3: Consortium representatives of those proposals having passed step 2 will be invited to an interview round with representatives of the Commission/Executive Agency/National Agency in order to discuss jointly any open questions, shortcomings and potential problem fields identified by the experts during step 2. These issues may relate to the content of the JMD as well as to the practical and managerial aspects of the JMD implementation.

At the end of this three-step selection procedure, the Evaluation committee composed of representatives of the Commission and the Executive Agency will analyse the results of the experts' assessment under steps 1 and 2 completed by the responses given by the consortium representatives during the interviews organised under step 3, in order to propose the final list of JMDs to be funded.



# STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

## 1. PROJECT FORMATS

Strategic Partnerships support a wide and flexible range of activities in order to implement innovative practices, promote development and modernisation of organisations, and support policy developments at European, national and regional level.

Depending on the objectives of the project, the participating organisations involved, the expected impact, and other elements, Strategic Partnerships can be of different sizes, and adapt their activities accordingly. In simplified terms, this action enables participating organisations to gain experience in international cooperation and to strengthen their capacities, but also to produce high quality innovative deliverables. The quality assessment of the project application will be proportional to the objectives of the cooperation and the nature of the organisations involved.

The section below provides ideas on the types of activities that can be carried out within a Strategic Partnership either promoting a cross-sectoral cooperation or addressing a given field of education, training and youth. This section is purely illustrative and does not prevent participating organisations planning their project in a different way.

### ACTIVITIES:

- curricula, courses, joint study programmes, common modules (including e-modules), integration of a greater variety of learning modes (distance, part-time, modular learning);
- learning, teaching, training, youth work materials and methods, pedagogical approaches and tools;
- project-based collaboration, peer-learning, workshops, virtual laboratories, virtual collaboration spaces;
- capacity building and networking activities;
- elaboration and implementation of strategic cooperation plans;
- information, guidance, coaching and counselling activities;
- surveys, comparative analyses, evidence-gathering, studies of real life cases;
- definition of qualitative standards and competence-based/occupational profiles;
- improvement of qualifications frameworks, credit transfer, quality assurance, recognition and validation;
- training, teaching and learning activities (see paragraph 2 below);

Furthermore, all Strategic Partnerships will be expected to undertake a targeted and wide dissemination of their results so as to encourage their wider use and increase their impact beyond the organisations directly participating in the project. The requirements for dissemination will be proportional to the objective and scope of the project.

Organisations, institutions from different fields of education, training and youth, as well as from other socio-economic sectors can jointly cooperate in order to achieve – through their projects – the objectives in one or in several fields of education, training and youth. The following typologies of activities are particularly meaningful in each given field to achieve the policy objectives described in Part B of the Guide, within or across sectorial boundaries.

### HIGHER EDUCATION:

- Develop, test, adapt and implement innovative practices relating to:
  - joint study programmes and joint curricula, intensive programmes and common modules – including e-modules – between partnership members from different countries, disciplines and economic sectors (public/private), ensuring the relevance towards the needs of the labour market;
  - project-based transnational collaboration between enterprises and students/staff at higher education institutions to study real life cases;
  - pedagogical approaches and methodologies especially those delivering transversal competences, entrepreneurship mindset and creative thinking, including by introducing multi-, trans- and interdisciplinary approaches, building learning mobility more systematically into curricula ('embedded mobility') and through a better exploitation of ICT;
  - the integration of a greater variety of study modes (distance, part-time, modular learning), notably through new forms of personalised learning, strategic use of open educational resources and virtual mobility and virtual learning platforms;
  - new approaches to facilitate permeability between education sectors (i.e. through validation of prior learning and possibility of flexible learning -modular studies, blended learning etc.);

- the engagement of HEIs with local/regional authorities and other stakeholders based on a collaborative work in an international setting to promote regional development and cross sectoral cooperation to build bridges and share knowledge between the different formal and informal education and training sectors;
  - cooperation and exchange of practice between staff responsible for support services, such as guidance counselling, coaching methods and tools, development of systems that help track student progress; or those involved in student support services, to increase quality (i.e. attract and retain non-traditional learners, e.g. adults, and underrepresented groups in higher education);
- Facilitate recognition and certification of skills and competences at national level through effective quality assurance based on learning outcomes and by referencing them to European and national Qualification Frameworks.

#### **VOCATIONAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING:**

- Develop, test, adapt and adopt/implement innovative practices relating to:
  - re-/definition of competence standards according to learning outcomes; adaptation or development of VET curricula and courses accordingly, also of accompanying learning material and tools;
  - VET learning and teaching methodologies and pedagogical approaches especially those delivering key competences and basic skills; language skills; focusing on the use of ICT;
  - new forms of practical training schemes and study of real life cases in business and industry; development and implementation of project-based transnational collaboration between enterprises and students/staff at VET institutions;
  - development and delivery of new VET teaching and training materials and methods, including work based learning, virtual mobility, open educational resources and better exploitation of the ICT potential, e.g. setting up virtual laboratories/workplaces adapted to labour market needs;
  - professional guidance and counselling and coaching methods and tools;
  - tools and methods for professionalization and professional development of VET teachers, trainers and staff; particular focus on improved initial education and in-service training for VET teachers and trainers;
  - management and leadership of VET organisations;
  - strategic cooperation between VET providers and local / regional business communities, including economic development agencies;
  - cooperation for developing creativity and innovation between VET providers, HEIs and design, art, research and innovation centres;
- Facilitate recognition and certification of skills and competences at national level by referencing them to European and national Qualification Frameworks and using EU validation instruments; develop flexible pathways for VET students and graduates, including validation of their prior learning;
- Implement credit transfer (ECVET) and quality assurance (EQAVET) by VET providers.

#### **SCHOOL EDUCATION:**

- Develop, test, adapt and adopt/implement innovative practices relating to:
  - new curricula, courses, learning materials and tools;
  - learning and teaching methodologies and pedagogical approaches, especially those delivering key competences and basic skills, language skills, and focusing on the use of ICT;
  - new forms of practical training schemes and study of real life cases in business and industry;
  - new forms of learning and providing education and training, notably strategic use of open and flexible learning, virtual mobility, open educational resources and better exploitation of the ICT potential;
  - guidance, counselling and coaching methods and tools;
  - tools and methods for professionalization and professional development of teachers, trainers, and other staff, with particular focus on improved initial education and in-service training for teachers;
  - management and leadership of education and training institutions;
  - outreach activities between organisations in different education, training and youth sectors;
  - strategic cooperation between learning providers on the one hand and local/regional authorities on the other hand;
- Exchange experiences and good practice, carry out peer learning activities and workshops;
- Carry out joint research, surveys, studies and analyses;
- Facilitate recognition and certification of skills and competences at national level by referencing them to European and national Qualification Frameworks and using EU validation instruments.

**ADULT EDUCATION:**

- Develop, test, adapt and adopt/implement innovative practices relating to:
  - new curricula, courses, and accompanying learning materials and tools for adult learners;
  - learning and teaching methodologies and pedagogical approaches for adult learners, especially those delivering key competences and basic skills; language skills; focusing on the use of ICT;
  - new forms of adult learning and providing adult education, notably strategic use of open and flexible learning, virtual mobility, open educational resources and better exploitation of the ICT potential;
  - guidance, counselling and coaching methods and tools for adult learners;
  - tools and methods for professionalization and professional development of adult education teachers and staff; particular focus on improved initial education and in-service training for adult education teachers;
  - management and leadership of adult education organisations;
  - outreach activities between organisations in different education, training and youth sectors;
  - strategic cooperation between adult learning providers on the one hand and local/regional authorities on the other hand;
- Providing flexible pathways for adult learners including validation of their prior learning:
  - comparative analysis of management or implementation models and approaches
  - practical application and testing of methods for valuing knowledge and competencies acquired through informal and non-formal learning
- Improving the accessibility of learning opportunities for adults:
  - promoting the development of multi-purpose learning centres and regional networks of learning providers
  - measures to develop the learning dimension of organisations not primarily concerned with education (e.g. cultural organisations)
  - development of training courses to improve the availability and quality of European training courses available to adult education teachers, managers or other adult education staff
- Facilitate recognition and certification of skills and competences at national level by referencing them to European and national Qualification Frameworks and using EU validation instruments.

**YOUTH:**

- Youth work cooperation activities for the development, testing, adaptation and/or implementation of innovative youth work practices. These activities may concern:
  - methods, tools and materials aimed at fostering young people's key-competences and basic skills as well as language and ICT skills;
  - methods, tools and materials for the professionalization and professional development of youth workers (e.g. curricula, training modules, resource materials, best practices, validation instruments etc.);
  - new forms of delivering youth work and providing training and support, notably strategic use of open and flexible learning, virtual mobility, open educational resources and better exploitation of the ICT potential;
  - youth work programmes and tools aimed at combating social exclusion and early school leaving
  - strategic networking and cooperation among youth organisations and/or with organisations in education and training fields as well as in the job market;
  - strategic cooperation with local/regional public authorities;
- Recognition and certification of skills and competences at national level by referencing them to European and national Qualification Frameworks and using EU validation instruments.
- Trans-national youth initiatives: cooperation activities, fostering social commitment and entrepreneurial spirit, jointly carried out by two or more groups of young people from different countries (see below).

**FOCUS ON:**

- creativity, innovation and modernisation;
- strategic use of Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs) methodologies and virtual collaboration;
- open educational resources (OER);
- quality of education, training and youth work;
- entrepreneurship education (including social entrepreneurship);
- equity and inclusion;
- basic skills and transversal skills (language skills, digital skills and entrepreneurship);
- recognition and validation of learning outcomes across formal, non-formal and informal learning;
- promotion of flexible learning pathways;
- professionalisation and professional development in education, training and youth work;

- management and leadership skills;
- active participation of young people in society;
- inter-institutional cooperation;
- inter-regional cooperation;
- synergies between policy and practice.

### **TARGETS AND PARTICIPANTS:**

- practitioners;
- staff active in education and training;
- youth workers;
- experts, specialists, professionals;
- students, trainees, apprentices, school pupils, adult learners, young people, volunteers;
- NEETs (people not in employment, education or training);
- young people with fewer opportunities;
- early school leavers;
- decision-makers;
- researchers.

### **PARTNERS THAT MAY BE INVOLVED IN THE SAME PROJECT**

- education, training and youth organisations;
- organisations that work across a range of fields and sectors (e.g. skills centres or chambers of commerce, etc.) public sector bodies;
- enterprises, companies, representatives of business and labour market;
- community organisations;
- research and innovation bodies;
- civil society organisations;
- social partners.

## **TRAINING, TEACHING AND LEARNING EMBEDDED IN STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS**

Strategic Partnerships may also organise training, teaching and learning activities of individuals, in so far as they bring added value in the achievement of the project's objectives.

### **LEARNERS**

#### **INTENSIVE STUDY PROGRAMMES (5 DAYS TO 2 MONTHS)**

An Intensive Study Programme (ISP) is a short programme of study which brings together students and teaching staff from participating higher education institutions as well as other relevant experts/specialist/professionals in order to:

- encourage efficient and multinational teaching of specialist topics;
- enable students and teachers to work together in multinational and multidisciplinary groups and so benefit from special learning and teaching conditions not available in a single institution, and to gain new perspectives on the topic being studied;
- allow members of the teaching staff to exchange views on teaching content, new curricula approaches, to test innovative teaching methods that could eventually become part of a newly devised joint course or curriculum in an international classroom environment.

Desirable features of an ISP are the following:

- ISPs should provide significantly new learning opportunities, skills development, access to information and to state-of-the art research results and other knowledge, etc. for the participating teachers and students;
- the workload of participating students should be recognised through ECTS (or equivalent system) credits;
- ISPs are expected to use ICT tools and services to support the preparation and follow-up of the ISP, thereby contributing to the creation of a sustainable learning community in the subject area concerned;
- the ratio of staff to students should guarantee active classroom participation;
- a balance should be kept between the participation of transnational and national students and staff;
- the ISP should present a strong multidisciplinary approach, fostering the interaction of students from different academic disciplines;
- in addition to the learning outcomes on subject-related competences, ISPs should favour the transfer of



transversal competences.

The selection of ISP participants (teaching staff and students) is carried out by the Strategic Partnership consortium.

The number of teaching and training hours must ensure that the majority of time spent abroad is related to education and training and not to research or any other activity.

### **BLENDED MOBILITY OF STUDENTS, TRAINEES, ADULT LEARNERS, YOUNG PEOPLE (5 DAYS TO 2 MONTHS OF PHYSICAL MOBILITY)**

Activities that combine one or more short periods of physical mobility (up to 2 months in total) with virtual mobility (i.e. the use of information and communication technologies such as collaborative workspaces, live streaming, videoconferencing, social media, etc. to complement or prolong the learning outcomes of physical mobility). It can be used to prepare, support and follow up physical mobility. It can also be organised to address people with special needs or with fewer opportunities to help them overcome the barriers to long-term physical mobility.

### **JOINT PROJECT WORK OF GROUPS OF SCHOOL PUPILS (5 DAYS TO 2 MONTHS)**

Joint project work of groups of pupils can be organised between schools from different countries participating in the same Strategic Partnership. During such events, pupils work together in one of the partner schools and are as a rule hosted in each others' families. Joint project work should be linked to the aims of the Strategic Partnership. Please note: the cooperation between schools in a partnership should not be limited to such events but also include common online and local activities. Schools are encouraged to use eTwinning in order to work together on the project before and after the mobility events.

Joint project work events should give pupils and teachers in different countries an opportunity to work together on one or more topics of mutual interest. They help pupils and teachers to acquire and improve skills not only in the topic or subject area on which the project is focused, but also in terms of teamwork, intercultural learning, social relations, planning and undertaking project activities and using information and communication technologies (ICT). Participating in joint project work with groups of pupils from partner schools from different countries also gives pupils and teachers the opportunity to practice foreign languages and increases their motivation towards language learning.

Project activities should ideally be integrated into the regular activities of the schools and be included in the curriculum of participating pupils. Pupils should be able to be involved in all phases of the project, including the planning, organisation and evaluation of activities.

### **LONG-TERM STUDY MOBILITY OF PUPILS (2 TO 12 MONTHS)**

The aim of the activity is to strengthen the cooperation between the schools involved in the same Strategic Partnership. The mobility activities should be linked to the aims of the Strategic Partnership and need to be embedded in the project design. Schools are encouraged to use eTwinning in order to work together on the project before, during and after the mobility activities of pupils. These measures should help in maximising the impact on participating schools. The activity also allows pupils to develop their understanding of the diversity of European cultures and languages, and helps them acquire competences necessary for their personal development. The schools involved in the partnership work together on developing learning agreements, recognising the studies undertaken at the partner school abroad and strengthening the European dimension in school education. This activity should also be a valuable international pedagogical experience for the teachers involved in the organisation and implementation of the mobility.

Participants are selected by the schools. They need to be pupils aged at least 14 and be enrolled full-time in a school participating in the Strategic Partnership. Selected pupils can spend between 2 and 12 months in a receiving school and a host family abroad.

A reciprocal exchange of pupils between schools/host families is encouraged but is not compulsory.

All actors involved in the study mobility – schools, pupils, their parents and host families – should consult the specific Guide to Study Mobility of Pupils which aims to help them in implementing the activity and ensure the safety and well-being of the pupils involved. The Guide specifies roles and responsibilities, gives guidance and provides the necessary templates and forms for participants. The Guide is available in English at the Europa website and in translation at the website of the relevant National Agency.

## **STAFF IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING AND YOUTH WORKERS**

### **JOINT STAFF TRAINING EVENTS (5 DAYS TO 2 MONTHS)**

Joint staff training events allow the participating organisations in the Strategic Partnership to organise short training events for education and training staff or youth workers linked to the topic or scope of the Strategic Partnership. These should be organised for small groups of staff from participating organisations from different countries in order to maximise the impact on each participating organisation.

They can have various formats, i.e. study visits combining on-site visits to relevant organisations, presentations, discussion workshops, training courses, etc. A balance should be kept between the participation of transnational and national participants.

### **TEACHING AND TRAINING ASSIGNMENTS (2 TO 12 MONTHS)**

The aim of the activity is to strengthen the cooperation between the organisations involved in the same Strategic Partnership. The activity allows staff to develop their knowledge and understanding of European education and training systems, and helps them share and acquire professional competences, methods and practices.

This activity allows teachers/professors and other educational staff in general school education, higher education, VET or adult education working in an educational institution participating in a Strategic Partnership to undertake an assignment of 2 to 12 months abroad, teaching in a partner institution or engaging in professional activities in another partner organisation related to the field of their expertise. The activity may consist of work in an educational institution/centre or other relevant organisation (e.g. enterprises, NGOs, school authorities, etc.), participation in structured courses or seminars (e.g. in teacher training colleges or research organisations), placements or observation periods in a company or organisation in the field of education, training or youth. The sending institution has to ensure a fair, transparent and open selection process, to develop the content of the activity with the participant and to ensure an internal and as far as possible external recognition of this long-term mobility abroad.

As regards teaching and training assignments in higher education, the following types of sending and receiving organisations are eligible:

- For long-term staff mobility for teaching, the sending organisation can be any participating organisation while the receiving organisation must be a participating HEI.
- For long-term staff mobility for receiving training, the sending organisation must be a participating HEI while the receiving organisation can be any participating organisation.
- The sending and receiving organisations must be located in different countries and the receiving country must be different from the country of residence of the participant.

The organisations involved in the Strategic Partnership work together on developing mobility agreements, recognising the work undertaken at the partner organisation abroad and strengthening the European dimension in education and training. This activity should also be a valuable international experience for those involved in the organisation and implementation of the mobility activity at both the sending and the receiving organisation.

### **MOBILITY OF YOUTH WORKERS (2 TO 12 MONTHS)**

This activity allows youth workers to experience a different working reality than the one in their home countries, increasing their professional, personal and intercultural competences. Youth workers have the possibility to work abroad for a period from 2 to 12 months actively contributing to the daily work of the receiving organisation, at the same time enriching their profile as professionals in the field. These activities also aim at strengthening the capacities of the organisations involved, benefiting from new perspectives and experiences. Mobility activities can be carried out either as individual activities (i.e. one youth worker being sent to a receiving organisation) or in pairs, as a mutual exchange of youth workers (simultaneously or not) between the two partner organisations.

## **TRANSNATIONAL YOUTH INITIATIVES**

Strategic Partnerships in the field of youth also support the development of transnational youth initiatives fostering social commitment and entrepreneurial spirit, jointly carried out by two or more groups of young people from different Programme Countries.

For example, these initiatives may concern:

- the establishment of (networks of) social enterprises, associations, clubs, NGOs,

- the development and delivery of courses and trainings on entrepreneurship education ( notably social entrepreneurship and use of ICTs);
- information, media literacy, sensitization actions, or actions stimulating civic commitment among young people (e.g. debates, conferences, events, consultations, initiatives around European topics, etc.);
- actions for the benefit of the local communities (e.g. support to vulnerable groups such as elderly people, minorities, migrants, disabled, etc.);
- artistic and cultural initiatives (theatre plays, exhibitions, music performances, discussion fora, etc.).

A Youth Initiative is a project initiated, set up and carried out by young people themselves. It gives young people the chance to try out ideas through initiatives, which give them an opportunity to be directly and actively involved in planning and carrying out a project. Participation in a Youth Initiative is an important non-formal learning experience. While implementing a Youth Initiative, young people have the opportunity to address specific challenges or problems encountered in their communities. They have the opportunity to discuss and reflect their chosen topic in a European context, to contribute to the construction of Europe.

A Youth Initiative must be transnational: a networking of local activities jointly carried out by two or more groups from different countries. Cooperation with international partners in transnational Youth Initiatives is based on similar needs or interests, in order to share practices and learn from peers.

Youth initiatives enable a large number of young people to become inventive and creative in their daily life and to speak out on their local needs and interests but also on the challenges faced by the communities they live in.

Young people can try out ideas by initiating, setting up and carrying out a project affecting various areas of life. Youth Initiatives can also lead to the self-employment or setting up of associations, NGOs or other bodies active in the area of social economy, no-profit and youth fields.

Young people carrying out transnational Youth Initiatives may be supported by a coach. A coach is a resource person who has youth work and/or Youth Initiatives experience to accompany groups of young people, facilitate the learning process and support their participation. S/he plays different roles depending on the needs of a given group of young people.

The coach remains outside the Youth Initiative but supports the group of young people in the preparation, implementation and evaluation of their project based on the needs of the group. Coaches support the quality of the learning process and they provide an on-going partnership designed to help a group or individuals produce fulfilling results in their projects. A coach is not: a project leader; a consultant/adviser; a member of the group carrying out the project; a professional trainer/expert providing only a technical support in a specific field; the legal representative of the project. If the Youth Initiative is carried out by minors, the support of a coach is compulsory.

## 2. EXAMPLES OF STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

### PROMOTION OF FLEXIBLE LEARNING PATHWAYS

Integrating practical and theoretical knowledge in higher education institutions' curricula can provide opportunities for students to gain the skills needed now and in the future on the labour market, and thus improve their future employability. A Strategic Partnership will support a project-based collaboration between enterprises and students and staff at HEIs, to develop, test and adapt a joint curriculum between participating HEIs, based **on an exhaustive needs analysis and focusing on a "real-life" transnational approach. This will also imply teaching/learning activities, including exchange of personnel between HEIs and enterprises, and integrated ("embedded") mobility, in which students follow a joint programme, the components of which are taught by different partners and on different locations.** The final result is the delivering of the joint curriculum and the dissemination to organisations beyond the partnership. The partnership consists of HEIs and enterprises, including SMEs and social enterprises, to ensure the necessary competence as well as the adequacy of the skills developed within the joint curriculum.

### INTEGRATED LOCAL/REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT

The elaboration of integrated local/regional development plans can hugely benefit from the involvement of all the relevant stakeholders. A Strategic Partnership will develop, test and implement innovative course packages enriching each curriculum of the partner HEIs in view of delivering double certificates or double degrees. The project will involve key stakeholders and rely on their continuous supervision in particular via a specific Steering Group to ensure that the needs of local/regional actors are conveniently met. The project will also imply teaching/learning activities, including exchange of personnel between HEIs and student "blended" mobility. The final result is the integration of these course packages into the curriculum and the delivery of a double certificate/degree. The partnership includes higher education institutions, as well as local actors and local level public authorities.

The involvement of less experienced partners in the activities carried out can be gradual, ensuring that, at the latest in the last year of the project, all partners are integrated into the whole package of activities.

## **CREATIVITY AND INNOVATION**

Small and medium-sized enterprises face the challenges of skill development and innovation without necessarily having adequate resources or the strategic vision to cope with fierce market competition. A Strategic Partnership supports the spread of a creative and innovative culture inside small businesses by transferring and implementing methodologies, tools and concepts that facilitate organisational development and product creation. Partners from the creative sectors and higher education institutions help the other partners to learn how to apply creative thinking successfully in their organisations and to develop the capacity for innovation and change.

One tangible outcome is the production of tailor-made action plans for creativity and innovation development based on previous analyses of success cases and methodologies. The partnership includes creative sectors, small- and medium-sized enterprises, employers' associations, chambers of commerce, industry or craft.

## **QUALITY OF EDUCATION**

Local school authorities in Sweden, Denmark and UK partner up to propose a Strategic Partnership. The local authorities have identified a need to improve the quality of education in science, maths and technology, and have designed a project aiming to develop a joint framework for supporting pupils' involvement in learning. The objectives of the project are to improve the quality of education in maths and the natural sciences, and to increase the take-up of these subjects in upper secondary and higher education. The project is led by the two local authorities, and involves all primary and lower secondary schools in the respective areas. In addition, the local authorities have involved other partners from their local communities: universities, a media centre as well as several enterprises and business associations in the fields of technology, science and the environment. The project activities involve staff exchange between the participating organisations, with the aim of exchanging experiences and good practice. The partners share materials and resources, and develop units of cross-curricular work in maths, science and technology that are tested/implemented in primary and secondary schools. The business partners invite school classes for study visits to give pupils insight into the various practical applications of the topics they are working on. University students contribute as "study buddies" for pupils, providing additional one-on-one help with the subjects as well as serving as role models, motivating pupils to study science and technology. The project results in university cooperation on initial teacher education as well as further pedagogical cooperation and new projects between the schools involved.

## **INCREASING EDUCATION ATTAINMENT**

Increasing the level of tertiary attainment, widening access and facilitating completion of higher education studies are major challenges in many countries. A Strategic Partnership will support the development of better progression routes into higher education and to graduation, with a specific focus on non-traditional learners, such as students from under-represented groups or with disadvantaged backgrounds, by transferring and testing innovative approaches. The Partnership will test how upper secondary students with specific backgrounds are prepared and guided before entering into higher education via collaboration between HEIs, schools and institutions active in the field of VET. Monitoring and support of this student population will also be tested, in particular via tailor-made services (guidance, counselling, coaching etc.) that aim at preventing drop-out and encouraging graduation within the expected time. The project will involve HEIs as well as upper secondary general and vocational education schools, ensuring that the services offered are adequate and match the identified needs. The project will also imply teaching/learning activities, including "blended" student mobility. The final result is the adaptation of the model, its implementation by participating HEIs and the dissemination to organisations beyond the partnership, aiming in particular at other education providers and key policy-makers.

## **INNOVATION**

A Strategic Partnership will support the development of new pedagogical approaches and in particular e-learning tools and on-line collaborative platforms where pupils, students and teachers will be able to learn, teach and co-create content of courses. The Partnership composed of universities, schools, research organisations and/or enterprises will develop together the tools that schools and higher education institutions will use to teach and learn specific disciplines at different levels. Research organisations and/or enterprises will have a key role either to develop the tools or to make the content more relevant and concrete. In addition, intensive study programmes will be organised to test the tools developed by the partnership with students and teachers. Joint staff training events will also allow training the teachers in using the tools.

## **LANGUAGE SKILLS**

A cross-sectoral Strategic Partnership aiming to support those families where more than one language is spoken, by developing language resources for children to show them the benefits of having two or more languages, both in terms of its intrinsic value and in view of concrete use they can make of it. This project addresses all stakeholders that work with bilingual families so that they can disseminate the project resources to them. Partners include a university, a language school, a small and medium-sized enterprise (SME), an NGO and an association of adult learning institutions.

## **INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES**

A cross-sectoral project aiming to develop a shared vision on how ICTs can help making lifelong learning a reality for all based on real-life scenarios and insights. The use of ICT for learning in Europe is gaining ground, but to unleash its potential as a driver of change for our economies and societies, there is a need to move from fragmentation and piloting to articulation and system adoption. Partners include a range of higher education institutions, skills organisations that work across a number of different educational fields.

## **COOPERATION BETWEEN REGIONS**

A Spanish, a Portuguese, an Italian and a Czech local authority partner up to explore the causes of early school leaving in their regions, and to develop new solutions to address it. They involve the secondary schools in their respective regions, as well as two teacher education institutions. Looking at the problem of early school leaving in a wider perspective, they want to address several aspects of young people's lives. Therefore, local youth organisations and parent associations are also invited to join the Strategic Partnership. The local authorities themselves are involved on a broad, cross-sectoral basis, including education departments, youth and social services.

The aim is to establish a permanent network in each region, bringing different actors and services together to create an effective support mechanism for young people.

The partner institutions work together through regular project meetings as well as an online community. First, they want to establish the extent of early school leaving in their area and explore its causes. Then they aim to find and implement effective ways of supporting young people at risk of exclusion. As part of the project activities they conduct surveys for pupils, teachers and families to investigate the reasons for early school leaving in their local context. They also organise workshops and seminars exploring a range of topics, for example the impact of informal learning opportunities.

As a result, they develop a common methodology which is implemented in the two regions. A guide for teachers, trainers and local authorities is published to support this. All results and materials are shared on the project website, through paper publications, and through a conference in each of the regions. In this way, the methodology and resources developed by the project are introduced to other schools and local authorities.

## **EQUITY AND INCLUSION**

Youth organisations, institutions, schools, VET providers and authorities in the youth field working with NEETs ("Not in Education, Employment, or Training") and drop-outs, come together with the aim of improving a methodology to have more young people back to education or work. In the frame of their Strategic Partnership they organise transnational meetings of staff to exchange practices and design the project, as well as carry out job shadowing and professional development activities of youth workers. At the same time, a research compilation in the field is conducted, and discussed during a transnational meeting where a final handbook is developed and plans the testing and evaluation of the improved methodology. To ensure sustainability and dissemination of project results, the Strategic Partnership foresees conferences at local, national and European level, as well as designs jointly a follow-up strategy.

## **OPEN EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES (OER)**

Fire fighters can be killed or injured when responding to fires inside burning buildings. Practical training tailored to address critical situations inside burning buildings could prevent lethal accidents. A Strategic Partnership creates a learning package based on state-of-the-art methodology and technology. The final result is a blended e-learning programme that provides supplementary training in firefighting strategy and tactics to address the initial phase of an intervention to create capability for early, efficient emergency response. The e-learning is combined with practical exercises. The Strategic Partnership includes fire and rescue services, public authorities responsible for public safety and of course VET providers.

## **ACTIVE PARTICIPATION OF YOUNG PEOPLE IN SOCIETY**

Three upper secondary schools from Finland, Germany and the Netherlands find each other on the eTwinning platform because they are all interested in developing a project on democracy in school. The three schools decide

to apply for funding for a Strategic Partnership. The aim of the project is to develop school leadership by involving teachers, pupils and also parents in the school decision-making. The project lasts three years and each year the participating schools look at how each of these groups is currently involved in the school decision-making and how their participation could realistically be improved on the basis of what they learn from their partners. The project is supported by and actively involves the school management, teachers and parents. Participating pupils develop their autonomy and critical thinking skills, as well as their understanding of concepts such as freedom, rights and obligations. They also reflect on how they can contribute to make their school more relevant for them. Throughout the project activities, pupils are given the opportunity to express their opinions, to listen to the opinions of others, to discuss using relevant arguments, and to explain decisions using valid reasons. The project activities take place both through the project TwinSpace on the eTwinning site and face to face in two meetings where a group of pupils from each school participate with their teachers. School management and representatives of parents also participate in the meetings. In between project meetings, the partners also use the eTwinning site to collaborate on developing the project activities, discuss and share resources. Pupils write a collaborative blog where they post pictures and updates on project activities, as well as opinions and reflections on the topics they are working on. The blog, the teaching plans and learning materials developed in the project, as well as some of the pupils' work, are published through eTwinning and made available as a resource for others who want to conduct a similar project.

## **TRANSVERSAL SKILLS / BASIC SKILLS**

With an aim of improving numeracy and financial literacy competences of disadvantaged adult groups (migrants, low-skilled, socio-economically disadvantaged, etc.), adult education organisations, in cooperation with local/regional authorities and social partners develop up-to-date training provisions by using new and adequate training methodologies and resources. Outputs, such as curricula, handbooks for trainers, kits/toolboxes for adult learners are tested by the partner organisations and validated by the relevant stakeholders. A targeted dissemination activity is a prerequisite for an impact not only on adult learners' competencies but at local/regional level as the project may offer tailored learning opportunities to disadvantaged groups leading to their integration into local society.

## **RECOGNITION AND VALIDATION OF LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Partner organisations in the field of adult education may give significant input to the process of validation of non-formal and informal learning. Considering the different situation in the partners, the exchange of ideas and experiences the Strategic Partnership may analyse the current state and propose recommendations for validation in their countries.

## **PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PROFESSIONALISATION IN YOUTH WORK**

Inspired by the priorities of the EU Youth Strategy, a group of experienced youth workers establish a Strategic Partnership with people responsible for youth work at institutional level, youth think tanks, educational institutions specialised in youth work, and researchers, in order to come up with a set of reference documents supporting youth workers in their activities dealing with mental health of young people. In the frame of the project, all partners come together to map and analyse key concepts as base for their research. They organise seminars with experts, meetings and study visits to document their work, as well as bring together young people and youth workers with experiences in the area of mental health in order to exchange best practices and ideas, with the final aim of publishing a book once the project is concluded and disseminating it among practitioners in the field.

# ANNEX II – DISSEMINATION AND EXPLOITATION OF RESULTS

## A PRACTICAL GUIDE FOR BENEFICIARIES

### INTRODUCTION

Activities serving the dissemination and exploitation of results are a way to showcase the work that has been done as part of the Erasmus+ project. Sharing results, lessons learned and outcomes and findings beyond the participating organisations will enable a wider community to benefit from a work that has received EU funding, as well as to promote the organisation's efforts towards the objectives of Erasmus+, which attaches fundamental importance to the link between Programme and policies. Therefore each of the projects supported by the Programme is a step towards achieving the general objectives defined by the Programme to improve and modernise education, training and youth systems.

Dissemination activities will vary between projects, and it is important to consider what kinds of dissemination activities are fitted to each participating organisations. Partners in smaller projects should undertake dissemination and exploitation appropriate to the level of their activity. Dissemination activities for a mobility project will trigger different requirements than those for a partnership project. The extent of dissemination and exploitation activities will increase with the size and strategic importance of the project. When applying, applicants will be asked to explain their intentions/plans for dissemination and exploitation activities, and if successful, required to carry them out.

**Section 1** defines some key terms and explains what can be achieved with dissemination and exploitation of results and how these activities will contribute to the overall objectives of the project.

**Section 2** outlines the requirements for Erasmus+ beneficiaries in terms of dissemination and exploitation of results.

# 1. DISSEMINATION AND EXPLOITATION OF PROJECT RESULTS: WHAT, WHY, WHO, WHEN, WHERE AND HOW.

## WHAT DO DISSEMINATION AND EXPLOITATION MEAN?

**Dissemination** means to spread widely. In terms of the Erasmus+ Programme this involves spreading the word about the project successes and outcomes as far as possible. Making others aware of the project will impact on other organisations in the future and will contribute to raising the profile of the organisation carrying out the project. To effectively disseminate results, an appropriate process at the beginning of the project needs to be designed. This should cover why, what, how, when, to whom and where disseminating results will take place, both during and after the funding period.

**Exploitation** means to use and benefit from something. For Erasmus+ this means maximising the potential of the funded activities, so that the results are used beyond the lifetime of the project. It should be noted that the project is being carried out as part of an international programme working towards lifelong learning and supporting European policies in the field of education, training, youth and sport. Results should be developed in such a way that they can be tailored to the needs of others; transferred to new areas; sustained after the funding period has finished; or used to influence future policy and practice.

## WHAT IS INTENDED BY "RESULTS OF THE ACTIVITY"?

**Results** are the outputs of the European activity or project funded. The type of result will vary depending on the type of project. Results can be accessible products like curricula, studies, reports, materials, events, or websites; results can also mean the knowledge and experience gained by participants, partners or other stakeholders involved in the project.

## WHAT DO IMPACT AND SUSTAINABILITY MEAN?

Impact is the effect that the activity carried out and its results have on people, practices, organisations and systems. Dissemination and exploitation of results plans can help to maximize the effect of the activities being developed so that they will impact on the immediate participants and partners for years to come. Benefits to other stakeholders should also be considered in order to make a bigger difference and get the most from the project.

**Sustainability** is the capacity of the project to continue and use its results beyond the end of the funding period. The project results can then be used and exploited in the longer-term, perhaps via commercialisation, accreditation or mainstreaming. Not all parts of the project or results may be sustainable and it is important to view dissemination and exploitation as a progression that extends beyond the duration of the project, and into the future.

## WHAT ARE THE AIMS AND OBJECTIVES OF DISSEMINATION AND EXPLOITATION?

The first goal of dissemination and exploitation is to **spread and embed the project's results**. The second goal is to contribute to the implementation and shaping of national and European policies and systems. Beneficiaries should develop their own way of achieving this aim. To develop ideas for dissemination and exploitation is important for every project funded by the Erasmus+ Programme. However, the type and intensity of dissemination and exploitation activities should be proportional and tailored to particular needs and type of project developed. This includes whether the project is process-oriented or aimed to produce tangible deliverables; if it is stand alone or part of a larger initiative; whether is developed by large or small-scale participating organisations, etc. Participating organisations should discuss the aims and objectives of the activities/plan and decide the best activities and approaches as well as share the tasks among partners taking into account the particular specifics of the project.

For structured cooperation projects such as Strategic Partnerships, Knowledge Alliances, Sector Skills Alliances, Sport, Collaborative Partnerships and Capacity Building projects, a good quality dissemination and exploitation plan should include measurable and realistic objectives, adhere to a timetable and provide a resource planning for the activities to be undertaken. Involving target groups in activities will also help to maximise the use of the **project's results**. It is important to get the strategy right as this is the main way that will help communicating with the target audiences. Such a requirement is not foreseen for mobility projects. However, project organisers are invited to communicate the learning outcomes reached by participants in such activities. They should also encourage participants to share with others what they have gained from taking part in the mobility activity.



Communication is a broader concept. It includes information and promotion activities to raise awareness and **enhance the visibility of the project's activities in addition to the dissemination and exploitation of the project results**. However, very often it is difficult to make a clear distinction between these areas. For this reason it can be more efficient to plan an overall strategy framework covering both fields so as to make the most of the available resources. Dissemination and exploitation of results should form a crucial part of any communication **activities taking place during the project's lifetime**.

## **WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO SHARE PROJECT RESULTS? WHAT ARE THE WIDER BENEFITS?**

Taking the time to develop a comprehensive dissemination and exploitation plan will be advantageous for both the beneficiary and its partners. As well as raising the profile of the organisation, dissemination and exploitation activities can often create new opportunities to extend the project and its results or develop new partnerships for the future. Successful dissemination and exploitation may also lead to external recognition of the work carried out adding further credit to it. Sharing the results will enable others to benefit from the activities and experiences of the Erasmus+ Programme. Project results can serve as examples and inspire others by showing what is possible to achieve under the Programme.

Dissemination and exploitation of project results can help to inform future policy and practice. Dissemination and exploitation of results activities carried out by beneficiaries will support the wider aim of improving the **European Union's systems**. **The impact of the Erasmus+ Programme is measured not only** by the quality of project results but also by the extent to which these results are known and used outside the project partnership. By reaching out to as many potential users as possible through effective dissemination, this will help to achieve a return on investment.

The dissemination and exploitation of project results also increases awareness of the opportunities offered by the Programme and highlights the European added value of activities supported by Erasmus+. This can contribute to a positive public perception and encourage wider participation in this new EU Programme. It is fundamental to consider the aims and objectives of the dissemination and exploitation plan. These should link to the project aims to ensure that the methods and approaches used are appropriate for the Erasmus+ project and its results, as well as for the identified target audiences. Dissemination and exploitation goals may be to:

- raise awareness;
- extend the impact;
- engage stakeholders and target groups;
- share a solution and a know how;
- influence policy and practice;
- develop new partnerships.

## **WHAT CAN BE DISSEMINATED AND EXPLOITED?**

The next step is to identify **what** to disseminate and exploit. The results of the project may be of diverse nature and consist of both concrete (tangible) results as well as of skills and personal experiences that both project organisers and participants to the activities have acquired (intangible results).

**Tangible results** may include for example:

- an approach or a model to solve a problem;
- a practical tool or product, such as handbooks, curricula, e-learning tools;
- research reports or studies;
- good practice guides or case studies;
- evaluation reports;
- newsletters or information leaflets.

In order to disseminate more widely experiences, strategies, processes, etc, it is recommended to document them.

**Intangible results** may include for example:

- knowledge and experience gained by participants, learners or staff
- increased skills or achievements;
- improved cultural awareness;
- better language skills.

Intangible results are often more difficult to measure. The use of interviews, questionnaires, tests, observations or self-assessment mechanisms may help to record this type of result.

## WHO ARE THE TARGET AUDIENCES?

Identifying target groups, both at different geographical levels (local, regional, national, European) and in the own field of the beneficiary (colleagues, peers, local authorities, other organisations leading the same type of activity, networks, etc.) is essential. Activities and messages have to be tailored appropriately taking into account audiences and target groups, for example:

- end-users of your activities and deliverables;
- stakeholders, experts or practitioners in the field and other interested parties;
- decision-makers at local, regional, national and European level;
- press and media;
- general public.

Your plans should be flexible enough to allow target groups and other stakeholders to become involved during the different stages of the project. This will help to ensure that the project remains on track in terms of their needs. Their participation will also highlight the potential value of your project as well as help to spread the news to other interested parties throughout Europe.

## HOW TO DISSEMINATE AND EXPLOIT RESULTS?

In order to reach as many people as possible, it is advisable to translate as many communication materials and project outputs in as many languages as possible. It is recommended to cover all languages of the partnership and English; the cost of these translations could be included in the grant request if necessary.

There are many different ways to disseminate and exploit results. Being creative and thinking of fresh ideas so that the Erasmus+ project and results really stand out will be appreciated. Beneficiaries could use:

- the EU Dissemination Platform (see below);
- project or organisational websites;
- meetings and visits to key stakeholders;
- dedicated discussion opportunities such as information sessions, workshops, seminars, training courses, exhibitions, demonstrations, or peer reviews;
- targeted written material such as reports, articles in specialised press, newsletters, press releases, leaflets or brochures;
- audiovisual media and products such as radio, TV, YouTube, Flickr, video clips, podcasts or apps;
- social media;
- public events;
- project branding and logos;
- existing contacts and networks.

In terms of exploitation it is important to think about how results can make a difference to the project, end-users, peers or to policy makers. Exploitation mechanisms include:

- positive reputational effects for the participating organisations;
- increased awareness on a theme, target or area of work;
- increased financial support by other supporters or donors;
- increased influencing on policy and practice.

## WHEN SHOULD DISSEMINATION AND EXPLOITATION ACTIVITIES BE CARRIED OUT?

Dissemination and exploitation of results are an integral part of the Erasmus+ project throughout its lifetime: from the beneficiary's initial idea, during the project and even after European funding has ended.

Setting up a timetable of activities together with the partners involved and allocating appropriate budget and resources will be necessary. The plan will also have to:

- agree realistic targets and deadlines with partners to monitor progress;
- align dissemination and exploitation activities with key stages of the project;
- offer sufficient flexibility to respond to the needs of the target group as well as wider developments in policy and practice.

Examples of activities at different stages of the project cycle are:

- **BEFORE** the project starts
  - drafting the dissemination and exploitation plan;

- definition of the expected impact and deliverables;
- consideration of how and to whom dissemination and exploitation outcomes will be disseminated.
- **DURING** the project
  - updating the dissemination platform with recent information on the project and results;
  - contacting relevant media e.g. at local or regional level;
  - conducting regular activities such as information sessions, training, demonstrations, peer reviews;
  - assessing the impact on target groups;
  - involving other stakeholders in view of transferring results to end users/ new areas/policies.
- **AFTER** the project
  - continuing further dissemination (as described above);
  - developing ideas for future cooperation;
  - evaluating achievements and impact;
  - contacting relevant media;
  - contacting policy-makers if relevant.

## HOW TO ASSESS SUCCESS?

The impact assessment is an essential part of the process. It evaluates achievements and generates recommendations for future improvements. Indicators could be used to measure progress towards goals. These are signs that help to measure performance. Indicators can be both quantitative relating to numbers and percentages as well as qualitative relating to the quality of the participation and experience. Questionnaires, interviews, observations and assessments could also be used to measure the impact. Defining indicators relating to the different project activities should be foreseen at the start of the project and part of the overall dissemination plan.

Some examples:

- Facts and figures related to the website of project organisers (updates, visits, consultation, cross referencing);
- Numbers of meetings with key stakeholders;
- Numbers of participants involved in discussions and information sessions (workshops, seminars, peer reviews); follow-up measures;
- Production and circulation of products;
- Media coverage (articles in specialised press newsletters, press releases, interviews, etc.);
- Visibility in the social media;
- Participation in public events;
- Links with existing networks and transnational partners; transfer of information and know-how;
- Impact on regional, national, EU policy measures;
- Feedback from end-users, other stakeholders, peers, policy-makers

## 2. REQUIREMENTS IN TERMS OF DISSEMINATION AND EXPLOITATION

### GENERAL QUALITATIVE REQUIREMENTS

Depending on the action, applicants for funding under Erasmus+ are required to consider dissemination and exploitation activities at the application stage, during their activity and after the activity has finished. This section gives an overview of the basic requirements laid down in the official documentation of the Erasmus+ Programme.

Dissemination and exploitation is one of the award criteria on which the application will be assessed. Depending on the project type, it will be given a different weight in the assessment of the application.

- For mobility projects, listing planned dissemination activities and identifying potential target groups will be requested in the application form.
- For cooperation projects, a detailed and comprehensive plan, describing targets, tools and outcomes will be requested and further assessed. Although generally one partner will take the responsibility for dissemination and exploitation coordination for the whole project, the responsibility for implementation should be shared among all partners. Each partner will be involved in these activities according to the needs and roles in the project.

For all project types, reporting on the activities carried out to share the results inside and outside participating organisation will be requested at final stage.

### VISIBILITY OF THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME

#### THE PROGRAMME LOGO

For any publication, poster, gadget, etc produced with Erasmus+ support, beneficiaries have the obligation to use the official logo and graphic identity related to the Erasmus+ Programme. In case of non-compliance, your final grant may be reduced.

All necessary information can be found on the following website:

[http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/education\\_culture/publ/graphics/identity\\_en.htm](http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/education_culture/publ/graphics/identity_en.htm)

#### THE WRITTEN MENTION

Beneficiaries have an obligation to publicly acknowledge the support received from the European Union. The preferred option to communicate about EU funding is to write **“Co-funded by the European Union”** as appropriate next to the EU emblem on the communication material where the EU emblem is used. The positioning of the text in relation to the EU emblem is not prescribed in any particular way but the text should not interfere with the emblem in any way.

For further requirements and examples, please refer to:

[http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/communication/services/visual\\_identity/pdf/use-emblem\\_en.pdf](http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/communication/services/visual_identity/pdf/use-emblem_en.pdf)

#### USE OF THE ERASMUS+ DISSEMINATION PLATFORM

A new platform established for Erasmus+ will offer a comprehensive overview of projects funded under the Programme and highlight best practices. It is meant to be a project database as well as a showroom for best practices. The platform will also make available products/deliverables/intellectual outputs which are the result of the projects funded.

Best practices will be the object of an annual selection by each National Agency and at European level by the Executive Agency.

The new platform serves different purposes:

- information tool for the public to provide relevant and interesting content;
- project database (project summaries, work in progress, links,);
- database of project tangible deliverables giving access to end-users and practitioners to main outcomes;
- showcasing of best practices among Erasmus+ beneficiaries that will be selected every year at national and European level.

## **PROJECT SUMMARY**

For all types of projects, at application stage, beneficiaries will be required to provide a summary describing their project in English.

The project summary is of particular importance as it provides a description for the general public. It should therefore be drafted in a plain language and clear style so that the actual content of the project can be quickly understood, also by outsiders.

The following elements are to be part of the summary: context/background of project; objectives of project; number and profile of participants; description of activities; methodology to be used in carrying out the project; a short description of the results and impact envisaged and finally the potential longer term benefits. It should be no longer than one A4 page.

For all types of projects, a summary in English describing how the project was carried out (ex-post) will also be required.

Once the grant agreement will be signed or grant decision notified to the beneficiary, the project summary will be automatically published in the Dissemination Platform.

## **USE OF THE DISSEMINATION PLATFORM TO SHARE INFORMATION**

In case of mobility projects, during the project lifetime beneficiaries are encouraged to update the project if relevant. For that purpose, limited editing facilities will be granted to the platform.

Updating the project summary during the project lifetime will be a formal requirement for cooperation projects. For that purpose, limited editing facilities will be granted to the platform. Moreover, the availability of the final summary as well as the requirement of uploading the results of the funded project will be made a condition for the payment of the final balance.



## ANNEX III – GLOSSARY OF KEY TERMS

<b>Accreditation</b>	process that ensures that the organisations wishing to receive funding under an Action of the Erasmus+ Programme respect a set of qualitative standards or pre-requisites defined by the European Commission for that given Action. Depending on the type of Action or on the country where the requesting organisation is located, the accreditation is carried out by the Executive Agency, a National Agency or a SALTO Resource Centre. The accreditation process is in place for organisations wishing to participate in higher education projects (including mobility) or in mobility activities in the field of VET and youth.
<b>Action</b>	a strand or measure of the Erasmus+ Programme. Examples of Actions are: Strategic Partnerships in the field of education, training and youth, Joint Master Degrees, Sectors Skills Alliances, etc.
<b>Activity</b>	a set of tasks carried out as part of a project. An activity can be of different types (mobility activities, cooperation activities, etc.). In the framework of Jean Monnet, an Activity is equivalent to an Action (see definition above).
<b>Adult education organisation</b>	any public or private organisation active in the field of adult learning, established in a participating country.
<b>Adult learner</b>	any person who, having completed or is no longer involved in initial education or training, returns to some forms of continuing learning (formal, non-formal or informal).
<b>Applicant</b>	participating organisation or informal group that submits grant application. Applicants may apply either individually or on behalf of a consortium of partners. In the latter case, the applicant is also defined as coordinator.
<b>(Application) deadline</b>	final date by when the application form must be submitted to the National or Executive Agency to be considered eligible.
<b>Apprenticeship (Apprentice)</b>	Apprenticeship-type schemes are understood as those forms of Initial Vocational Education and Training (IVET) that formally combine and alternate company based training (periods of practical work experience at a workplace) with school based education (periods of theoretical/practical education followed in a school or training centre), and whose successful completion leads to nationally recognised initial VET qualifications.
<b>Beneficiary</b>	if the project is selected, the applicant becomes beneficiary of an Erasmus+ grant. The beneficiary signs a grant agreement with – or is notified of a grant decision by – the National or Executive Agency that has selected the project. If the application was made on behalf of a consortium, the consortium partners may become co-beneficiaries of the grant.
<b>Certificate</b>	in the context of Erasmus+, a document issued to a person having completed a learning activity in the field of education, training and youth, where relevant. Such document certifies the attendance and, where applicable, the learning outcomes of the participant in the activity.
<b>Co-financing</b>	the co-financing principle implies that part of the costs of a project supported by the EU must be borne by the beneficiary, or covered through external contributions other than the EU grant.
<b>Company</b>	legal persons established under civil or commercial law, including cooperative societies, and other legal persons governed by public or private law, except those which are non-profit-making.
<b>Consortium</b>	two or more participating organisations teaming up to prepare, implement and follow up a project or an activity within a project. A consortium can be national (i.e. involving organisations located in the same country) or transnational (involving participating organisations from different countries).
<b>Coordinator/Coordinating organisation</b>	a participating organisation applying for an Erasmus+ grant on behalf of a consortium of partner organisations.

<b>Credit mobility</b>	a limited period of study or traineeship abroad - in the framework of on-going studies at a home institution - for the purpose of gaining credits. After the mobility phase, students return to their home institution to complete their studies.
<b>Credit</b>	a unit that measures a student's progress towards earning a degree at an educational institution.
<b>Degree mobility</b>	period of study abroad aimed at the acquisition of a whole degree or certificate in the destination country/ies.
<b>Diploma Supplement</b>	a document accompanying a higher education diploma, providing a standardised description of the nature, level, context, content and status of the studies completed by its holder. It is produced by higher education institutions according to standards agreed by the European Commission, the Council of Europe and UNESCO. In the context of an international joint study programme, it is recommended to deliver a "joint diploma supplement" covering the entire programme and endorsed by all the degree awarding universities.
<b>Double degree/multiple degree</b>	a study programme offered by at least two (double) or more (multiple) higher education institutions whereby the student receives, upon completion of the study programme, a separate degree certificate from each of the participating institutions.
<b>Dual career</b>	the combination of high-level sports training with general education or work.
<b>ECHE (Erasmus Charter for Higher Education)</b>	An accreditation granted by the European Commission giving the possibility to higher education institutions from Programme Countries to be eligible to apply and participate in learning and cooperation activities under Erasmus+. The Charter outlines the fundamental principles an institution should adhere to in organising and implementing high quality mobility and cooperation and states the requisites it agrees to comply with in order to ensure high quality services and procedures as well as the provision of reliable and transparent information.
<b>ECTS (European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System)</b>	a system that helps to design, describe and deliver study programmes and award higher education qualifications. The use of ECTS, in conjunction with outcomes-based qualifications frameworks, makes study programmes and qualifications more transparent and facilitates the recognition of qualifications.
<b>ECVET (European Credit System for Vocational Education and Training)</b>	a system that aims to facilitate the validation, recognition and accumulation of work-related skills and knowledge acquired during a stay in another country or in different situations. ECVET aims for better compatibility between the different vocational education and training systems in place across Europe and their qualifications. It should create a technical framework to describe qualifications in terms of units of learning outcomes, and it includes assessment, transfer, accumulation and recognition procedures.
<b>Enterprise</b>	any undertaking engaged in an economic activity regardless of its size, legal form or of the economic sector in which it operates.
<b>EQAVET (European Quality Assurance Reference Framework for Vocational Education and Training)</b>	a reference tool for policy-makers based on a four-stage quality cycle that includes goal setting and planning, implementation, evaluation and review. It respects the autonomy of national governments and is a voluntary system to be used by public authorities and other bodies involved in quality assurance.
<b>EQF (European Qualifications Framework)</b>	a translation device to make national qualifications more readable across Europe, promoting workers' and learners' mobility between countries and facilitating their lifelong learning.
<b>ESCO (multilingual classification of European Skills, Competences, Qualifications and Occupations)</b>	identifies and categorises skills and competences, qualifications and occupations relevant for the EU labour market and education and training, in 22 European languages. The system provides occupational profiles showing the relationships between occupations, skills, competences and qualifications. ESCO has been developed in an open IT format and is available for everyone to use free of charge.



<b>Established</b>	relates to an organisation or body fulfilling certain national conditions (registration, statement, publication, etc.) that allow such organisation or body to be formally recognized by its national authority. In case of an informal group of young people, the legal residence of its legal representative is considered as having the equivalent effects for the purposes of eligibility to an Erasmus+ grant.
<b>Europass</b>	a single portfolio enabling citizens to present their qualifications and skills clearly and easily anywhere in Europe. It comprises documents designed at European level to improve the transparency of qualifications. Its aim is to facilitate mobility for all those wishing to work or receive training anywhere in Europe.
<b>European Development Plan</b>	for schools and adult education organisations, a document outlining the needs of the institution/organisation in terms of quality development and internationalisation, and how the planned European activities will meet those needs. The European Development Plan is part of the application form for schools and adult education organisations applying for learning mobility of staff under Key Action 1.
<b>European Youth NGO</b>	<b>NGO that: operates through a formally recognised structure, composed of a) European body/secretariat (the applicant) legally established for at least one year in a Programme Country on the date of submission of the application and b) national organisations/branches in at least twelve Programme Countries having a statutory link with the European body/secretariat; 2) is active in the field of youth and runs activities that support the implementation of the fields of action of the EU Youth Strategy; 3) involves young people in the management and governance of the organisation.</b>
<b>Grassroots sport</b>	organised sport practised at local level by amateur sportspeople, and sport for all.
<b>Groups of young people active in youth work but not necessarily in the context of a youth organisation (also informal groups of young people)</b>	group of young people which does not have legal personality under the applicable national law, provided that their representatives have the capacity to undertake legal obligations on their behalf. These groups of young people can be applicants and partners in some Actions of Erasmus+. For the purpose of simplification, they are assimilated to legal persons (organisations, institutions, etc.) in this Guide and fit within the notion of Erasmus+ participating organisations for the Action in which they can take part.
<b>Higher education institution</b>	any type of higher education institution which, in accordance with national law or practice, offers recognised degrees or other recognised tertiary level qualifications, whatever such establishment may be called, or any institution which, in accordance with national law or practice, offers vocational education or training at tertiary level.
<b>Higher education modernisation agenda</b>	Strategy of the European Commission aimed to support Member States' reforms and contribute to the goals of Europe 2020 in the field of higher education. The main areas for reform identified in the new agenda are: to increase the number of higher education graduates; to improve the quality and relevance of teaching and researcher training, to equip graduates with the knowledge and core transferable competences they need to succeed in high-skill occupations; to provide more opportunities for students to gain additional skills through study or training abroad, and to encourage cross-border co-operation to boost higher education performance; to strengthen the "knowledge triangle", linking education, research and business and to create effective governance and funding mechanisms in support of excellence.
<b>Informal groups of young people</b>	see the definition of "groups of young people active in youth work but not necessarily in the context of a youth organisation" above.
<b>Informal learning</b>	learning resulting from daily activities related to work, family or leisure which is not organised or structured in terms of objectives, time or learning support; it may be unintentional from the learner's perspective.
<b>International</b>	In the context of Erasmus+, relates to any action involving at least one Programme Country and at least one Partner Country.
<b>Job Shadowing</b> (practical	a short stay at a partner organisation in another country with the aim of

learning experience)	receiving training by following practitioners in their daily work in the receiving organisation, exchanging good practices, acquiring skills and knowledge and/or building long-term partnerships through participative observation.
<b>Joint degree</b>	single degree certificate awarded to a student upon completion of a joint programme. The joint degree must be signed by the competent authorities of two or more of the participating institutions jointly and recognised officially in the countries where those participating institutions are located.
<b>Joint programmes</b>	higher education (study or research) programmes jointly designed, delivered and fully recognised by two or more higher education institutions. Joint programmes can be implemented at any higher education level, i.e. bachelor, master or doctorate. Joint programmes can be national (i.e. when all universities involved are from the same country) or transnational/international (i.e. when at least two different countries are represented among the higher education institutions involved).
<b>Key competences</b>	the basic set of knowledge, skills and attitudes which all individuals need for personal fulfilment and development, active citizenship, social inclusion and employment, as described in Recommendation 2006/962/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council.
<b>Learning mobility</b>	moving physically to a country other than the country of residence, in order to undertake study, training or non-formal or informal learning; it may take the form of traineeships, apprenticeships, youth exchanges, volunteering, teaching or participation in a professional development activity, and may include preparatory activities, such as training in the host language, as well as sending, receiving and follow-up activities.
<b>Learning outcomes</b>	in the context of Erasmus+, learning outcomes are the knowledge, skills and behaviours developed by an individual following the participation in a learning mobility or transnational cooperation activity.
<b>Lifelong learning</b>	all general education, vocational education and training, non-formal learning and informal learning undertaken throughout life, resulting in an improvement in knowledge, skills and competences or participation in society within a personal, civic, cultural, social and/or employment-related perspective, including the provision of counselling and guidance services.
<b>Mobility/Learning agreement</b>	an agreement between the sending and receiving organisation, as well as the participating individuals, defining the aims and the content of the mobility period in order to ensure its relevance and quality. It can also be used as a basis for the recognition of the period abroad by the receiving organisation.
<b>Month</b>	in the context of the Erasmus+ Programme and for the purpose of calculating the grants, a month is equal to 30 days.
<b>Non-formal learning</b>	learning which takes place through planned activities (in terms of learning objectives and learning time) where some form of learning support is present, but which is not part of the formal education and training system.
<b>Occupational profile</b>	an occupational profile (skills profile) summarising essential characteristics required for a given job: the level of education and training required (and hence the complexity of the occupation); the field of education, training or youth concerned; and other requirements in terms of knowledge, skills, occupational interests, and work values.
<b>Open licence</b>	a way by which the owner of a work grants permission to everyone to use the resource. A licence is associated to each resource. An open licence is not a transfer of copyrights or Intellectual Property Rights (IPR).
<b>Open Method of Coordination</b>	an intergovernmental method providing a framework for cooperation between the EU Member States, whose national policies can thus be directed towards certain common objectives. Within the scope of the Programme, the OMC applies to education, training and youth.
<b>Participants</b>	in the context of Erasmus+ participants are considered those individuals fully involved in a project and, in some cases, receiving part of the European Union grant intended to cover their costs of participation (notably travel and

	subsistence). Under certain Actions of the Programme (i.e. Strategic Partnerships) a distinction is hence to be made between this category of participants (direct participants) and other individuals indirectly involved in the project (e.g. target groups).
<b>Participating organisation</b>	any organisation or informal group of young people involved in the implementation of an Erasmus+ project. Depending on their role in the project, participating organisations can be applicants or partners (also defined as co-applicants, if they are identified at time of submission of the grant application). If the project is granted, applicants become beneficiaries and partners may become co-beneficiaries if the project is financed through a multi-beneficiary grant.
<b>Partner (organisation)</b>	participating organisation involved in the project but not taking the role of applicant.
<b>Partner Countries</b>	countries which do not participate fully in the Erasmus+ Programme, but which may take part (as partners or applicants) in certain Actions of the Programme. The list of Erasmus+ Partner Countries is described in Part A of this Guide, section "Who can participate in the Erasmus+ Programme".
<b>Partnership</b>	an agreement between a group of participating organisations in different Programme Countries to carry out joint European activities in the fields of education, training, youth and sport or establishing a formal or informal network in a relevant field such as joint learning projects for pupils and their teachers in the form of class exchanges and individual long-term mobility, intensive programmes in higher education and cooperation between local and regional authorities to foster inter-regional, including cross-border, cooperation; it may be extended to institutions and/or organisations from Partner Countries with a view to strengthening the quality of the partnership.
<b>People with fewer opportunities</b>	persons facing some obstacles that prevent them from having effective access to education, training and youth work opportunities. A more detailed definition of people with fewer opportunities can be found in Part A of this Guide - section "Equity and inclusion".
<b>People with special needs</b>	a person with special needs is a potential participant whose individual physical, mental or health-related situation is such that his/her participation in the project or mobility activity would not be possible without extra financial support.
<b>Programme Countries</b>	EU and non EU countries that have established a National Agency which participate fully in the Erasmus+ Programme. The list of Erasmus+ Programme Countries is described in Part A of this Guide, section "Who can participate in the Erasmus+ Programme".
<b>Project</b>	a coherent set of activities which are organised in order to achieve defined objectives and results.
<b>Receiving organisation</b>	under some Actions of Erasmus+ (notably mobility Actions) the receiving organisation is the participating organisation receiving one or more participants and organising one or more activities of an Erasmus+ project.
<b>School</b>	an institution providing general, vocation or technical education, on any level from pre-school to upper secondary education. Please consult the list of types of institutions defined as schools in each country; for more information contact the National Agency in the country.
<b>Sending organisation</b>	under some Actions of Erasmus+ (notably mobility Actions) the sending organisation is the participating organisation sending one or more participants to an activity of an Erasmus+ project.
<b>Short cycle (or short-cycles higher education - SCHE)</b>	is in most countries within the first cycle (EQF or ISCED Level 5). They are typically represented by approximately 120 ECTS credits within national contexts, leading to a qualification that is recognised at a lower level than a degree at the end of the first cycle. Some programmes are longer than three years but typically will not give more than 180 ECTS credits. In the majority of countries students can use most of the credits earned in SCHE to progress to degree courses.
<b>SMEs (Small and medium-sized)</b>	enterprises (see definition above) which employ fewer than 250 persons and which have an annual turnover not exceeding 50 million euro, and/or an



<b>enterprises)</b>	annual balance sheet total not exceeding 43 million euro.
<b>Social enterprise</b>	an undertaking, regardless of its legal form, which is not listed on a regulated market within the meaning of point (14) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2004/39/EC, and which: 1) in accordance with its articles of association, statutes or any other statutory document establishing the business, has as its primary objective the achievement of measurable, positive social impacts rather than generating profit for its owners, members and stakeholders, where the undertaking: a) provides innovative services or goods which generate a social return and/or b) employs an innovative method of production of goods or services and that method of production embodies its social objective; 2) reinvests its profits first and foremost to achieve its primary objective and has in place predefined procedures and rules for any circumstances in which profits are distributed to shareholders and owners, in order to ensure that any distribution of profits does not undermine the primary objective; 3) is managed in an entrepreneurial, accountable and transparent way, in particular by involving workers, customers and/or stakeholders affected by its business activities.
<b>Staff</b>	persons who, on either a professional or a voluntary basis, are involved in education, training or youth non-formal learning, and may include professors, teachers, trainers, school leaders, youth workers and non-educational staff.
<b>Structured dialogue</b>	dialogue with young people and youth organisations which serves as a forum for continuous joint reflection on the priorities, implementation and follow-up of European cooperation in the youth field.
<b>Third cycle</b>	the third level (doctoral candidates undertaking a Doctoral degree) of the three level system for higher education, adopted in the Bologna process for the European Higher Education Area.
<b>Traineeship (work placement)</b>	spending a period of time in an enterprise or organisation in another country, with a view to acquire specific competences that are required by the labour market, carry out work experience and improve the understanding of the economic and social culture of that country.
<b>Transnational</b>	relates, unless otherwise indicated, to any action involving at least two Programme Countries.
<b>Union transparency and recognition tools</b>	instruments that help stakeholders to understand, appreciate and, as appropriate, recognise learning outcomes and qualifications throughout the Union.
<b>Virtual mobility</b>	a set of activities supported by Information and Communication Technologies, including e-learning, that realise or facilitate international, collaborative experiences in a context of teaching, training or learning.
<b>Young people</b>	In the context of the Erasmus+ Programme, individuals aged between 13 and 30.
<b>Youth activity</b>	an out-of-school activity (such as youth exchange, volunteering or youth training) carried out by a young person, either individually or in a group, in particular through youth organisations, and characterised by a non-formal learning approach.
<b>Youth worker</b>	a professional or a volunteer involved in non-formal learning who supports young people in their personal socio-educational and professional development.
<b>Youthpass</b>	the European tool to improve the recognition of the learning outcomes of young people and youth workers from their participation in projects supported by the Erasmus+ Programme. Youthpass consists of: a) certificates that can be obtained by participants in several Actions of the Programme; and b) a defined process which supports young people, youth workers and youth organisations to reflect about the learning outcomes from an Erasmus+ project in the field of youth and non-formal learning. Youthpass is also part of a broader European Commission strategy which aims to enhance the recognition of non-formal and informal learning and of youth work in Europe and beyond.

# ANNEX IV - USEFUL REFERENCES AND CONTACT DETAILS

## USEFUL REFERENCES

Title	Link
Europe 2020 and ET 2020 benchmarks and indicators	<a href="http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/europe_2020_indicators/headline_indicators">http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/europe_2020_indicators/headline_indicators</a> <a href="http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/employment_social_policy_equality/education_training">http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/portal/page/portal/employment_social_policy_equality/education_training</a>
Analysis of education (covering ECEC, schools, youth and higher education as well as many specific educational domains)	<a href="http://eacea.ec.europa.eu/education/eurydice/">http://eacea.ec.europa.eu/education/eurydice/</a>
Analysis of education and training; covering all areas	<a href="http://www.oecd.org/education/">http://www.oecd.org/education/</a>
Analysis of education and training; covering all areas	<a href="https://en.unesco.org/">https://en.unesco.org/</a> <a href="http://www.uis.unesco.org/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.uis.unesco.org/Pages/default.aspx</a>
Diploma Supplement model:	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/higher-policy/doc/ds_en.pdf">http://ec.europa.eu/education/higher-policy/doc/ds_en.pdf</a>
ECTS Users' Guide	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/higher-policy/doc/ects/guide_en.pdf">http://ec.europa.eu/education/higher-policy/doc/ects/guide_en.pdf</a>
ECVET	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/vocational-policy/ecvet_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/vocational-policy/ecvet_en.htm</a>
Entrepreneurship Education: A Guide for Educators	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/news/20130923_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/news/20130923_en.htm</a>
EQAVET	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/vocational-policy/eqavet_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/vocational-policy/eqavet_en.htm</a>
EU Skills Panorama	<a href="http://euskillspanorama.ec.europa.eu">http://euskillspanorama.ec.europa.eu</a>
Europass homepage	<a href="http://europass.cedefop.europa.eu/europass/preview.action">http://europass.cedefop.europa.eu/europass/preview.action</a>
European Agenda for adult learning and recent policy developments	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/adult/agenda_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/adult/agenda_en.htm</a>
Indicators and benchmarks - Education monitor	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/progress_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/progress_en.htm</a>

Indicators and benchmarks – Research and Analysis (by field and by source: CRELL, Eurydice, CEDEFOP, etc.)	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/analysis_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/analysis_en.htm</a>
Indicators and benchmarks – Official documentation	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/policy-progress_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/policy-progress_en.htm</a>
Library of key documents on Sport	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/sport/library/index_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/sport/library/index_en.htm</a>
Main European youth policy documents (including the renewed framework for European cooperation in the youth field)	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/youth/library/index_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/youth/library/index_en.htm</a>
Main policy initiatives and outputs in education and training since the year 2000 - Developing school education policies	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/school-policy/index_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/school-policy/index_en.htm</a>
Main policy initiatives and outputs in education and training since the year 2000- Higher Education Reform	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/higher-policy/index_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/education/higher-policy/index_en.htm</a>
Opening up Education – Innovative teaching and learning for all through new technologies and open educational resources Comm(2013)654	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/newtech/">http://ec.europa.eu/education/newtech/</a>
Rethinking Education	<a href="http://europa.eu/education/rethinking/">http://europa.eu/education/rethinking/</a>
Supporting growth and jobs – an agenda for the modernisation of Europe's higher education systems	<a href="http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=COM:2011:0567:FIN:EN:PDF">http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=COM:2011:0567:FIN:EN:PDF</a>
The Bruges Communiqué on enhanced European Cooperation in Vocational Education and Training for the period 2011-2020	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/education/brugecomm/">http://ec.europa.eu/education/brugecomm/</a>
Towards Greater Cooperation and Coherence in Entrepreneurship Education	<a href="http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/sme/promoting-entrepreneurship/education-training-entrepreneurship/reflection-panels/files/entr_education_panel_en.pdf">http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/policies/sme/promoting-entrepreneurship/education-training-entrepreneurship/reflection-panels/files/entr_education_panel_en.pdf</a>
Youth on the Move Flagship initiative	<a href="http://europa.eu/youthonthemove/index_en.htm">http://europa.eu/youthonthemove/index_en.htm</a>
Youthpass homepage	<a href="https://www.youthpass.eu/en/youthpass/">https://www.youthpass.eu/en/youthpass/</a>

## CONTACT DETAILS

**European Commission - Directorate General Education & Culture (DG EAC)**

<http://ec.europa.eu/erasmus-plus>

**European Commission - Education, Audiovisual and Culture Executive Agency (EACEA)**

[http://eacea.ec.europa.eu/index\\_en.php](http://eacea.ec.europa.eu/index_en.php)

**National Agencies**

<http://ec.europa.eu/erasmus-plus/na>